

Trees, Shrubs & Climbing Plants,
Delphiniums, Iris, Gladiolus, Phlox,
Herbaceous and Alpine Plants,
Lilies, Paeonies, Hardy Ferns, etc.

List for 1925-26.



BY APPOINTMENT

George Bunyard & Co., Ltd.

Established 1796. :: :: MAIDSTONE.

Permanent Borders of Hardy Flowers.

THE great advantages of a good Herbaceous Border are so manifest that this point need not be laboured. Once a border is well made it needs very little annual attention.

The great number of beautiful Hardy Plants which are obtainable to-day for a very small outlay will furnish a light and shade and charm of colour, combined with great utility for cutting, which cannot be attained by any other class of plants. The flowering period of these borders extends from April until November.

So great are the number of varieties cultivated, that it is very difficult for those with a limited knowledge to make a successful choice from a list. In order to overcome this we are offering in this list the best varieties only, as regards form, colour and constitution. Varieties not mentioned in this list can usually be supplied from our Nursery, together with a number of other plants which are of botanical interest. Customers need not hesitate to attempt Border design for themselves ; the colours and heights of plants, together with notes as to cultivation, will be found in this list. We shall always be pleased to give advice by post on any suggested arrangements.

In conclusion, we may say that although the Herbaceous Border is permanent, it must not be planted and left to its fate. The soil must receive proper cultivation and a dressing of suitable manure when necessary. For this purpose we make up special manures, which will be found excellent. When ordering manure for this purpose, particulars as to soil should be stated, as upon this will depend our recommendation. Our pamphlet on garden manures may be consulted with advantage.

The Rock Garden.

WHETHER this be small or large, it will always be a great centre of interest and beauty in any garden. Here plants from the great family popularly known as Alpines may be successfully grown. So may we bring into our gardens a large number of most beautiful and interesting plants which would not thrive without the special treatment which is afforded by a Rock Garden.

This form of gardening, which is comparatively recent, has resulted in the introduction of vast numbers of suitable and unsuitable Alpine plants. In this list we offer those subjects which are hardy and really suitable. These plants are indicated by the marginal letter *R*. We have, however, a considerable number of plants not mentioned, and can usually fill customers' requirements.

Broadly speaking, all Alpine plants require a good drainage, and Lime in the case of saxifrage. We can supply these necessities. Write for prices of Sharp Sand, Granite Chippings and Lime.

Aquatic & Moisture-loving Plants.

IN many gardens, ponds and moist or boggy spots may often be found. Here is a home for a judicious selection from the large number of beautiful plants whose native habitat is the marsh and bog of temperate regions. Moisture-loving Iris, Gentians, Phlox, King Cup, Campanula, Epilobium, Myosotis, Bamboos, Ferns, etc., may well re-place the tangled mass of vegetation which usually surrounds such spots. In the pond Water Lilies, Aponogeton, Trollius and numerous other suitable plants will thrive. Customers should state size of the ground, size and depth of water which they intend to plant, when we shall be pleased to submit a list of plants with a quotation.

Telegrams : " Pomona, Maidstone."
Telephone : Maidstone 560.

The Royal Nurseries,
— Maidstone. —

ESTABLISHED 1796.

ALL PREVIOUS LISTS CANCELLED.

The contents of this List of Hardy Flowers are arranged as follows:—

Terms, etc.	page
Hardy Herbaceous and Alpine Plants	3
Iris	19
Bamboos, Grasses and Reeds	44
Bulbous Plants	44
Garden Shrubs	48
Clematis	57
Herbs	58
Climbing Plants	59
Violets	60
Greenhouse Plants	61
Hardy Ferns in Pots	62
Manures, Sand, etc.	64

The List is arranged in alphabetical order.

The heights and months of flowering given are approximate, as it will be evident that these vary with the season and richness of the soil and aspect.

HERBACEOUS PLANTS may be planted during the Autumn and Spring months ; the former is considered the safest time for transplanting. Such plants as Delphiniums, Pyrethrums, etc., should be protected from slugs by ashes.

IRIS are better transplanted after flowering, but may be safely moved from August to October or February to March.

ROCK AND ALPINE PLANTS are all supplied in LITTLE POTS, and are therefore well rooted and established, and can be sent out at almost any season of the year.

The following abbreviations are used in this List:—

N ... Denotes new or noteworthy plants.

R ... Denotes plants suitable for the rockery.

TERMS.

REMITTANCES.—It is requested that a remittance accompany an order from new customers.

CARRIAGE will be paid on orders over One Pound to any station in Kent, Surrey, or Sussex, excepting where the plants are required in pots, when half the carriage will be allowed on production of the Railway Co.'s receipt. Half carriage will also be allowed to any Railway Station in the United Kingdom (on production of the Railway receipt), for orders over Two Pounds, but not on pot plants.

ACCOUNTS are rendered quarterly, and are strictly NETT. Invoices are despatched on the same day as the goods.

PACKING.—Boxes, Baskets and Mats are charged at cost price, and are not returnable. Packing Free.

ESTIMATES.—Special quotations for quantities carriage paid and packing free
are given free of charge.

New and Rare Alpine and Herbaceous Plants.

ANEMONIES.

Japonica, Louise Uhink, a fine Autumn plant, very strong growth, large double white flowers. 1/6 each.

Max Vogel, a very fine semi-double pink, 2/- each.

ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisies).

Amellus, General Pershing, very large flowers, nearly 3-in. in diameter, pale pink softening to white in centre. 2/6 each.

Countess, a beautiful pink, large flowers. 3/6 each.

R **Farreri Big Bear**, richest violet, orange centre, a fine dwarf growing aster. 2/6 each.

Frikarti, a beautiful Novelty, forming globular bushes about 2½-ft. high and about the same diameter, with very large pure sky-blue flowers, orange centre. 2/6 each. Aug.-Nov.

Little Boy Blue, a very dwarf and early Novelty making compact pyramidal bush about 3-ft., covered with semi-double deep blue flowers, one of the best of all. 3/- each.

Purple Emperor, a very rich purple semi-double dwarf, early; a very striking new Aster (stock limited). 2/6 each.

Royal Blue, rich royal purple, golden centre, a very strong grower. 3/6 each.

Snowdrift, undoubtedly the finest white Aster yet produced, of good habit, very free flowering. 2/- each. 4-ft.

ASTILBE, King Albert, without doubt the finest white yet introduced, growing 4-ft. when established. 2/6 each.

CAMPANULAS.

R **Bellardi Miranda**, forms close tufts of dainty foliage from which rise myriads of wiry stems bearing large scented, silvery blue bell-shaped flowers. A beautiful Alpine introduced by the late Mr. R. Farrer. 1/- each.

R **Haylogensis fl. pl.**, an old hybrid of unknown origin which seems to have been out of cultivation for a long time. We have once again secured stock of this beautiful little plant. Glossy yellowish green foliage, pale azure semi-double blue bells, very free flowering, of trailing habit. 2/- each. Aug.-Sept.

* *R* **Nitida**, a curious plant, making rosettes of deep green foliage, flowers blue, somewhat like a minute persicifolia. 3/6 each.

Norman Grove, A.M., R.H.S., a strong grower and very free flowering, bells drooping, light blue. About 6-in. high. 1/6 each. Aug.-Sept.

Persicifolia, Fleur de Niege, a magnificent new variety with very large double pure white flowers of perfect shape, often 3-in. across, most free flowering. 1/6 each; 15/- doz. 3-ft.

R **R. B. Loder**, A.M., R.H.S., a fine new variety of dwarf habit with semi-double blue bells, free flowering. 1/6 each.

R **Zoysii**, a well known plant but very rare, not difficult to grow in gritty well drained soil but an easy victim to slugs; flowers pale blue of a curious shape. 2/6 each. July-Aug. 4-in.

COREOPSIS.

auriculata superba, a fine new Coreopsis, golden yellow with striking brown eye.
1/6 each.

grandiflora fl. pl., a double form of the well-known Coreopsis, very handsome
A fine new introduction. A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each.

DELPHINIUMS.

Carl V. Lange, a fine new double Delphinium, enormous spike, flowers lilac and
pale blue, well open. 7/6 each.

Edward Bromet, a remarkable Novelty somewhat on the lines of Rev. E. Lascelles,
but a far richer blue, and the white eye larger and purer in colour, the individual
flowers are of enormous size and well set on the strong spike. Stock limited.
25/- each. 5-ft.

Millicent Blackmore, a fine variety of perfect form, flowers large and well set on
the spike, blue and mauve with black centre. A.M., R.H.S. 5½-ft. 7/6 each.

Mrs. Townley Parker, a fine sky blue single with white eye, flowers large and
well set on the spike. A.M., R.H.S. 7/6 each.

Sir Douglas Haig, deep purple and blue, a giant among Delphiniums.
A.M., R.H.S. 5½-ft. 5/- each.

Sylph, a splendid new Delphinium, the only double pure white, most graceful
spikes, a much-wanted addition. A.M., R.H.S. 21/- each.

The Shah, a variety with quite unique colouring, being a deep rose lavender self
with dark eye, flowers semi-double, circular, spike extra long and well
proportioned. A.M., R.H.S. 5-ft. 21/- each.

Van Veens Triumph, a splendid novelty with spikes about 3-ft. long, flowers pale
lilac rose, a new colour in Delphiniums. 10/6 each.

DIANTHUS Roysi, like Neglectus, pink with yellow at back of petals, in every
respect larger and better than Neglectus. 2/6 each.

EREMURUS Shelford, a fine new variety with a magnificent spike rising from 5 to
6-ft., covered with large bronze yellow flowers. 5/- each.

ERIGERON mucronatus moerhoemi, a fine novelty with enormous white flowers,
tipped pink. 2/- each.

GENTIANAS.

- R **Farreri**, a wonderful and easily grown Gentian introduced by the late
Mr. Reginald Farrer. Requires a moist but well drained spot. Flowers sky
blue with white throat, very freely produced. 2/- each. Aug.-Sept.
- R **Lagodechiana**, a trailing variety, bearing large solitary flowers of a lovely bright
blue. 4-in. 1/- each. July-Aug.
- R **sino-ornata**, rich blue, upright open bells, one of the really good introductions
of recent years. 3/6 each. Aug.-Sept.

IRIS. For Novelties see page 22.

KNIPHOFIA.

Lord Roberts, rich soft scarlet, probably the best self colour yet produced,
the flowers opening well together. 3/6 each. Aug.-Sept.

The Rocket, a new variety of exceptional merit, flowers brilliant orange scarlet
self. 5/- each.

LUPINS.

Chocolate Soldier, keel plum purple, appearing chocolate coloured, standard bright yellow, a very extraordinary lupin. 3/6 each.

Downer's Delight, a new shade in Lupins, being rich crimson, massive spike. 7/6 each. May-July. Stock limited.

Light of Ladden, beautiful yellow flowers, bushy habit. 2/6 each.

Pink Pearl, the finest true pink Lupin yet raised, of good growth and habit and bearing an enormous spike. 5/- each. Stock limited.

Sunshine, bright golden yellow, very free. 1/- each. May-July.

NEPETA grandiflora Souv. d'Andre Chaudron, dwarf habit, very large purple flowers. A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each.

PAEONIES.

Alice Balfour, full flower, rose pink, centre paler rose. 10/6 each.

Alsace, a magnificent flower of a rich rosy carmine. 10/6 each.

— **Lorraine**, the creamy white petals are arranged like a water lily, very beautiful. 5/- each.

Auguste Villaume, dark violet rose, large, late. 2/6 each.

Cingalee, a very distinct and fine single deep cherry pink, foliage upright and robust, early. 5/- each.

Jubilee, pure ivory white, a splendid American introduction. 60/- each.

Novelty, creamy white suffused rose, early. 25/- each.

Princess Imperial, fine amaranth red, a tall strong grower. 2/6 each.

Reine Hortense, hydrangea pink, centre flecked crimson. 2/6 each.

Sarah Bernhardt, outer petals violet rose, shading to amber, white centre. 5/- ea.

Solange, the colour of this fine paeony is difficult to describe, it is a kind of orange-salmon, overlaid reddish brown. 15/- each.

PAPAVER, **Ethel Swete**, quite a new shade in a Poppy, being almost a cherry pink, with black blotch at base. 2/6 each.

PHLOX Mrs. E. Pritchard, flowers pale rosy mauve, a very good new Phlox. 3-ft. 1/6 each.

R **PRIMULA helodoxa**, of the recently introduced Primulas, this is one of the most beautiful, it requires a damp situation and heavy but well drained soil. 1/6 ea.

PYRETHRUM.

Eileen May Robinson, a very fine new introduction ; the best single pink. 3/6 ea.

White Queen Mary, a very fine white variety of the well-known Queen Mary, perfect form ; the best double white. 2/6 each.

ROMNEYA Coulteri, still rather a scarce plant, requiring a dry and warm position and should not be disturbed. The large white poppy-like flowers with their masses of yellow stamens are borne in profusion. A very handsome plant. Pots 2/6 and 3/6 each.

THALICTRUM dipterocarpum album, this is a white form of this well known and beautiful thalictrum, most graceful and striking. 3/6 each.

TROLLIUS pumilus Yunnanensis, a striking new species with light golden yellow saucer-shaped flowers. 1/6 each.

Hardy Herbaceous & Alpines.

NOTE.—Prices in this List are for good plants true to name, and must not be compared with prices charged by some growers for little pieces.

R **ACANTHOLIMON Glumaceum**, flowers pink, rising from spiny cushions of dark green foliage, requires a dry hot position on the rockery. 9d. June-July. 3-in.

ACHILLEA (*Mill foil*), for borders and the dwarf varieties for rockeries.

Eupatorium, yellow, very bold. 9d. each. June-Sept. 4-ft.

millefolia Cerise Queen, bright cherry red, very fine. 9d. each. 2-ft.

The Pearl, fine branching white. 9d. each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

R **tomentosa**, yellow, silvery foliage. 9d. each. June-Aug. 6-in.

ACONITUM (*Monkshood*), similar in habit to Delphiniums. See Fig. 1.

Lycotonum (*Wolf's-bane*), sulphur yellow. 9d. each. July-Aug. 3-ft.

Napellus Sparks Variety, deep indigo. 9d. each. 4-ft.

Wilsoni, rich violet. 1/- each. Sept.-Oct. 7-ft.

R **AETHIONEMA grandiflora**, makes a tiny bush, glaucous foliage, flowers rosy pink, a charming rock plant. 1/6 each. Apl.-May.

R **schizotomum**, distinct, rare; flowers pink. 1/6 each.

AGAPANTHUS (*Lily of the Nile*). Winter in a cool greenhouse. See Fig. 2.

umbellatus, rich blue, fine bold foliage. S. Africa. 1/6 each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

— **albus**, a pure white form of the above. 1/6 each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

— **Mooreanus**, blue; hardy in mild winters. 1/- each. July-Oct. 2-ft.

(The above prices are for small plants; flowering plants, 2/6 to 5/- each).

AGROSTEMMA atrosanguinea (*Rose Campion*), silvery grey foliage, crimson flowers. 9d. June-Aug.

ALYSSUM (*Madwort*), for the rockery or old walls. May-July.

R **saxatile**, trusses of yellow. Europe. 9d. each. 1-ft.

R — **flore pleno** (*Gold Dust*), a fine double. 1/- each. 9-in.

R — **Sulphur Queen**, pale sulphur yellow. 1/- each. 9-in.

R **spinosum roseum**, rose-coloured flowers, dense bushy habit. 1/- each. 9-in.

AMARYLLIS Belladonna, handsome plants, with deep rose-coloured flowers and rich green foliage. Not quite hardy, and should be planted at the foot of a sheltered wall. Transplanting in June and July. 1/- to 2/6 each. June-July. 2-ft.

ANCHUSA handsome, continuous flowering plants. June-Aug.

italica Dropmore variety, gentian blue. 9d. each. 5-ft.

— **Opal**, sky blue, white eye. 9d. each. 5-ft.

Pride of Dover, large clear pale blue flowers. 1/- each. 5-ft.

ANDROSACE, an entirely alpine genus. They need a well-drained, airy, and partially sunny position, and should be protected from excessive wet in winter. The soil should be mainly sand, with peat and leaf mould, and a good proportion of porous stones. See Fig. 3.

R **lanuginosa**, pale pink, woolly leaves. 1/- each. June. 6-in.

R **primuloides**, pale lilac; vigorous. 9d. each. May. 4-in.

ANEMONE (*Wind-flower*). They prefer moist positions and partial shade, but the soil must be well drained.

Alpina, silvery white flowers, fern-like foliage; very beautiful. 1/6 each.

R **Hepatica angulosa**, large starry blue. 9d. each. April-May. 6-in.

R — — **alba**, a fine white form. 1/6 each.

R — — **caerulea**, single sky blue, free flowering. 9d. each. Apl.-May. 4-in.

R — — **flora plena**, a fine double blue; scarce. 1/6 to 2/6 each. Apl.-May. 4-in.

R — — **rubra**, fine single pink. 9d. each. Apl.-May. 4-in.

R — — **flora plena**, a beautiful double pink. 1/- each. Apl.-May. 4-in.

Japonica, tall Autumn flowering varieties. Natives of Japan. See Fig. 4.

— **alba**, pure white (*syn. Honoreine Joubert*). 9d. each. 3-ft.

— **Geante des Blanches**, large pure white. 1/- each.

N — **Louise Uhink**, a strong growing plant, very large double white flowers. 1/6 ea.

N — **Max Vogel**, fine semi-double pink. 2/- each.

— **Monte Rosa**, soft blush, semi-double. 9d. each. 2-ft.

— **purpurea**, deep rosy purple, semi-double. 9d. each. 3½-ft.

— **Queen Charlotte**, silky rose, vigorous. 9d. each. 3½-ft.

ANTHEMIS, showy border and rock plants, flowering July-Aug. See Fig. 5.

R **alzoon**, white, in clusters, dense habit. 9d. each. 6-in.

tinctoria, yellow, daisy-like. 9d. each. 1½-ft.

AQUILEGIA (*Columbine*). **Bunyard's long-spurred Hybrids**. These are an extra fine strain, being the result of many years of careful selection. In all colours: rose, violet, blue tinted, etc. 9d. each; 8/- doz. May-Aug. 2-ft. One year, unflowered seedlings, 5/- per doz. Seed, per packet, 1/-.

caerulea, a beautiful long spurred species, flowers blue and white. 1/- each. May-Aug. 2-ft.

R **glandulosa**, flowers blue with white corolla. 1/6 each. May-Aug. 1-ft.

ARABIS (*Rock Cress*). In Pots, 6d. each. From open, 3/- doz., 20/- 100.

R **albida plena variegata**, fine double white, foliage variegated.

R **alpina flore pleno** (*Snowdrift*), double white. 9-in.

ARENARIA (*Sandwort*), creeping, with mossy evergreen foliage. May-June.

R **balearica**, white; for a shaded position. 9d. each. 2-in.

R **montana**, large white flower, a robust variety. 9d. each. 4-in.

ARMERIA (*Thrift, Sea Pink*). Flowering May-July.

R **caespitosa**, pale lilac; very rare. Spain. 2/6 each. 1-in.

R **maritima laucheana**, crimson, fine for edging. Europe. 9d. each. 6-in.

ARNEbia Echioides, (*Prophet flower*), a very showy hardy perennial, flowers bright primrose yellow, a scarce old plant. 2/- each.

ASCLEPIAS tuberosa, brilliant orange, borne on fine spikes, and prefers a light sandy soil. 1/- each. July-Aug. 3-ft.

ASPERULA, for the rockery. Flowering June-Aug.

R **Nitida**, white, often tinted pink. 1/- each. 3-in.

R **Suberosa**, small pink flowers, very pretty. 1/- each. 3-in.

ARTEMESIA Lactiflora, creamy white, a fine plant for shrubberies, back of borders, etc. 9d. each. July-Sept. 5-ft.

ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisies).

Considerable attention has been given to these plants in recent years, with the result that the genus has been much improved and they are now one of our finest autumn flowers. This process has resulted in the raising and naming of large numbers of inferior plants, but we have made extensive trials and can recommend those listed below as a selection comprising the best.

Acris, mauve or lavender blue, bushy habit. 9d. each. Aug.-Sept. 3-ft.

R Alpinus Nancy Perry, soft lavender, A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each. 9-in.

AMELLUS.

N **King George**, enormous purple flowers, A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each.
Rudolph Goethe, large lavender blue flowers, very profuse, one of the best. 1/6 ea.
Beaute Parfaite, very large dark violet flowers. 1/- each.
Beauty of Ronsdorf, very large heliotrope flowers, A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each.
W. Robinson, brilliant crimson red, a fine recent introduction. 1/6 each.
General Pershing. 2/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

CORDIFOLIUS.

Ideal, pale lavender sprays, elegant. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4-ft.

Photograph, pale lavender, on arching sprays. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4½-ft.

Diffusus horizontalis, chocolate and white, neat. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 2½-ft.

ERICOIDES.

Charmer, blush white, compact grower. 6d. each. Oct.-Nov. 4-ft.

Delight, small white flowers, yellow centre. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 3-ft.

Pauciflorus, starry white, branching. 9d. each. Nov. 3½-ft.

Fricarti. 2/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

Linosyris (Goldilocks), golden yellow, distinct. 9d. each. Aug.-Sept. 2-ft.

NOVAE ANGLAE.

Lil Fardell, silvery rose, large, showy. 9d. each. Oct. 4-ft.

NOVAE BELGII.

Advance, fine blue, resembles Climax in growth. 1/- each. 5-ft.

Antwerp, rosy pink, single, long graceful sprays. 9d. each. 3½-ft.

Beauty of Colwall, double blue, sturdy habit. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 5-ft.

Blue Beard, rosy blue, long spike. 1/- each. Sept.-Oct. 5-ft.

Blue Gem, dark blue, A.M., R.H.S., 1918. 1/- each. Oct. 5-ft.

Brightest & Best, deep purple rose, semi-double, A.M., R.H.S. 9d. each. 4-ft.

Brussels, pale lavender single, graceful. 9d. each. 4-ft.

Cleopatra, clear lavender, long sprays. 6d. each. Oct. 4-ft.

Climax, light blue, very large, one of the very best. 6d. each. Oct. 5-ft.

N **Cloudy Blue**, pale lavender, semi-double. 9d. each. 4-ft.

Cottage Maid, pink, striking border plant. 6d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4-ft.

Daisy Peters, large white, branching. 9d. each. Sept. 3-ft.

Dick Ballard, rose pink, semi-double, perfect habit, A.M., R.H.S. 1/- ea. Oct. 3-ft.

E. Goodwin, pale blue, gold centre, double. 6d. each. Sept. 3-ft.

Enchantress, blush pink, good habit, free. 6d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4-ft.

Harold Reuthe, rosy pink, very free. 1/- each. Oct. 3½-ft

Hon. Edith Gibbs, pale bluish, drooping habit, free. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 5-ft.

J. S. Baker, double white, A.M., R.H.S., 1916. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 2½-ft.

Joan Vaughan, lavender blue, double, A.M., R.H.S., 1917. 6d. each. Sept. 3-ft.

King of the Belgians, immense semi-double lavender blue, very fine. 9d. ea. 5-ft.

Lady Lloyd, pink, very graceful. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4-ft.

Little Boy Blue. 3/- each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

Louvain, very graceful loose sprays of pink flowers. 9d. each.

Mons, bright deep rose single, large. A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each. 3½-ft.

Nancy pale blue, distinct. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4-ft.

Nancy Ballard, purplish mauve, neat, A.M., R.H.S. 9d. each. Sept. 4-ft.



Aconitum.

Fig. 1.



Agapanthus.

Fig. 2.



Androsace.

Fig. 3.



Anemone Japonica.

Fig. 4.



Anthemis.

Fig. 5.



Campanula carpatica.

Fig. 6.



Campanula pusilla.

Fig. 7.



Chelone barbata.

Fig. 8.

ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisies) -- continued.

NOVAE BELGII.

N **Nora Peters**, white, flowering from the ground. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 3-ft.
Peggy Ballard, rosy lilac. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 4-ft. 2/- 0
Purple Emperor, rich purple, semi-double, dwarf early, very choice. 2/6 each.
Saturn, amethyst blue, one of the best. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 5-ft.
Sam Banham, white, large, fine pyramidal spikes 9d. each. 5-ft.
N **Snowdrift**, the best white yet produced. 2/- each.
St. Edwin, bright pink, compact. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 3-ft.
Wells White, a fine white. 1/- each. 4-ft.
Puniceus pulcherrimus, blush white. 9d. each. Oct. 6-ft.
Turbinellus albus, white form of Tradescanti. 9d. each. Oct.-Nov. 5-ft.
Vimineus Perfectus, small white flowers, pale red centre. 9d. ea. Sept.-Oct. 3-ft.

ASTILBE, beautiful plants closely resembling the Spiraeas, most beautiful in half shady borders or waterside. The graceful panicles of bloom are produced in July and August.

G **Gruno**, salmon pink, light and graceful. 1/6 each. 4-ft.
Gloria, dwarf habit, brilliant dark pink, very fine. 1/6 each.
— **purpurea**, similar to Gloria, but much darker, with dark brown foliage; a very fine novelty. 2/6 each.
Jo Ophorst, crimson purple, very fine and graceful spike. 1/6 each. 5-ft.
King Albert. 2/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 3).
Moerhoeimi, beautiful creamy white, very large flower spike, well branched. 1/6 each.
Queen Alexandra, soft pink, an old favourite. 1/6 each.
R **Simplicifolia**, a tiny Alpine variety, pinkish white; charming plant. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each. 6-in.
Venus, pale pink, very free. 1/6 each.
Vesta, rose pink, a charming plant. 1/6 each.

AUBRIETA (*Wall cress*), one of the best of all subjects for the rockery or edging. Flowering April to June. 4 to 6-in. All 9d. each, in pots, except where priced.
R **Aubrey Pritchard**, mauve blue, compact. 1/-.
R **Dr. Mules**, rich violet purple, one of the finest.
R **Fire King**, almost crimson, a fine variety.
R **Lavender**, large flowers, pale lavender shade.
R **Paul's Pink**, very free, bright pink.
R **Pritchard's A1**, bright violet, very fine. 1/-.
R **Profusion**, rich lavender, shaded violet.

AURICULA (see *Primula auricula*, p. 39).

BAMBOOS (see Reeds and Grasses, p. 44).

BAPTISIA Australis, a handsome border plant with attractive foliage and sprays of blue pea-like flowers. 9d. each. June. 3-ft.

BELLIS perennis (*Daisy*).

R **Rob Roy**, brilliant crimson, double. 4d. each; 2/6 doz.
Dresden China, deep rose pink. 4d. each; 3/6 doz.
R **caerulea**, white, suffused lavender. 9d. each.

BOCCONIA, handsome for bold background effects and wild gardens.

cordata, pale yellow flowers, reddish seed pods. Japan. 1/- each. July. 7-ft.

CALYSTEGIA (*Convolvulus*) (see Climber List page 59).

R **CALCEOLARIA Polyrhiza**, a rare free-flowering species making dense carpets, flowers golden yellow. 1/- each.

CAMPANULAS (*Bell Flower*).

The Campanulas provide some of our finest and best known garden flowers. Generally speaking they are easily cultivated, but some of the Alpine varieties are much sought after by slugs and many a precious plant will vanish in a night unless attention is paid to this point. Coke broken very fine and scattered round so as to completely encircle the plant is one of the best safeguards.

Border Varieties.

glomerata dahurica, dark purple, most profuse, a fine border plant. 9d. ea. 1½-ft.

isophylla, large bright blue flowers, trailing habit, suitable for baskets; should be wintered in a cold greenhouse; not quite hardy. 1/- each. 9-in.

— **alba**, a fine white variety of the above. 1/- each. 9-in.

— **Balchiniana**, pale blue, variegated foliage. 1/- each. 9-in.

lactiflora, spikes of white flowers, very free: magnificent border plant. 1/- ea. 4-ft.

— **caerulea**, a fine form of above, with deep blue flowers. 9d. each. 4-ft.

latifolia Burghalti, large tubular white bells, shaded rose. 9d. each. Aug. 2-ft.

— **macrantha**, pendant, rich dark violet. 9d. each. 3-ft.

— — **alba**, a white form. 1/- each.

— — **M. Pritchard**, a very pale blue form. 1/- each.

major (*Canterbury Bells*). Supplied in October and November. Finest mixed strain, 3/- doz.; Veitch's Rose, 4/- doz. Seed, 6d. per packet.

persicifolia (*Peach-leaved*), pale blue, tall, free. 9d. each. 2½-ft.

— **alba**, a white variety of the above, very fine. 1/- each. 2½-ft.

— **Fleur-de-Niege**. 1/6 each; 15/- doz. (See Novelties, p. 3).

— **humosa**, a fine double blue variety. 1/- each. 2-ft.

— **Moerheimi**, semi-double white, a fine variety. 1/- each. 1½-ft.

N — **Telham Beauty**, soft lavender, a splendid novelty. 2/- each.

Platycodon mariesii (see Platycodon p. 38).

pyramidalis (*Chimney Campanula*), forming enormous pyramidal spikes crowded with lovely blue flowers, a magnificent sight when in bloom (biennial).

Europe. 1/- each. 6-ft.

— **alba**, fine white variety of the above, a most valuable plant for conservatory decoration. 1/- each. 6-ft.

Sarmatica, a handsome border variety, most floriferous, pale blue flowers, hoary foliage. 1/- each. 1½-ft.

Van Houttei, very large blue pendant flowers. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2-ft.

Rock Varieties.

Abietina, fine deep purple, starry flowers on slender stems; scarce. 1/- each. 6-in.

abundance, a most free flowering hybrid, a fine plant for massing. 1/- each.

Bellardi Miranda. 1/- each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

carpathica Riverslea, blue, with large flat bells, very bold. 1/- ea. 9-in. See Fig. 6.

— **White Star**, a lovely white, blue centre. 1/- each. 9-in.

garganica, starch blue, free, trailing. 9d. each. 4-in.

— **alba**, a white variety. 1/- each. 4-in.

— **hirsuta**, pale mauve, with greyish foliage. 1/- each. 4-in.

— **minor**, a very small form of *garganica*, compact and free flowering. 1/- each.

— **W. H. Paine**, bright blue, white eye; very effective and distinct. 1/- each.

G. F. Wilson, a beautiful little hybrid, with large nodding violet bells. 9d. each. 4-in.

Haylogensis, fl. pl. 2/- each. (See p. 3).

Kewensis, pale blue, drooping bells. 9d. each. 4-in.

R. B. Loder. 1/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

Muralis (*syn. Portenschlagiana*), pale blue, bright green foliage. 6d. each. 8-in.

Nitida. 3/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

Norman Grove. 1/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 3).

profusion (*Bunyard's var.*), pale blue, golden foliage. 1/6 each. 6-in.

pulla, drooping, deep violet, a gem. 1/- each. 6-in.

pulloides, large drooping bells of pale blue. 1/- each. 6-in.

CAMPANULAS (Rock Varieties).

pusilla (*syn. Pumila*), pale blue, very compact. 9d. each. 4-in. See Fig. 7.
— **alba**, nodding white bells, a pretty form of the above. 9d. each. 4-in.
— **Miss Wilmott**, silvery blue, large bells. 1/- each. 4-in.
Raddeana, violet blue, a very distinct, branching variety. 1/- each.
Rhomboidea, upright habit, tubular blue flowers, distinct. 1/- each.
rotundifolia (*Scotch Hairbell*), delicate blue bells. 9d. each. June-Sept. 9-in.
Stansfieldii, violet-blue flowers, a fine and choice hybrid. 1/6 ea. June-Aug. 4-in.
Zoysii. 2/6 each. (See p. 3).

CAMPION (see *Lychnis*, p. 35).

CANTERBURY BELLS (see *Campanula major*).

CARNATIONS (Border Varieties).

Flowering from June to September.

Coronation , a fine scarlet.	Mrs. P. Campbell , rose pink.
Crimson Glory , deep crimson, clove scented. 1/-	Mrs. W. H. Taylor , white, striped scarlet.
Frances Samuelson , large yellow.	Old London Clove , deep red, scented. 1/-.
Leonidas , heliotrope, dappled yellow and red, fine, large. 1/-	Raby Castle , salmon pink.
Leslie , orange red.	Valliant , fine heliotrope. 1/-.
Linkman , fine yellow, striped red.	White Clove , a fine white.
	Yellow Queen , large yellow.

The above will be ready for delivery September till April. Price 9d. each.
8/- per dozen, in little pots; except where priced.

Allwoodi Varieties

Perpetual Flowering.

Alfred , pure white. 2/6	Jean , white and violet. 1/-
Barbara , crimson. 2/6	Jenny , soft salmon. 2/6
Freda , double mauve. 3/6	Peggy , pale pink. 2/6
Harold , pure white. 1/-	

CENTAUREA macrocephala, enormous yellow flowers. 1/- each. June-Aug. 3-ft.
ruthenica, primrose yellow, fern-like foliage. 1/- each. June-Aug. 4-ft.
montana (*Cornflower*), blue, an old favourite. 6d. each.

R **CERATOSTIGMA plumbaginoides** (*Lead-wort*, often called *Plumbago Larpentae*), deep ultramarine flowers. 1/- each. Aug.-Oct. 9-in.

R **CHEIRANTHUS allionii**, mountain wallflower, very fine for rockeries and old walls, orange yellow, fragrant. In Pots, 6d. each. From open, 3/- doz.; 15/- 100

CHELONE barbata, scarlet on graceful spikes. 9d. ea. July-Sept. 3-ft. See Fig. 8.
Lyoni, large pale pink. N. America. 9d. each. July-Sept. 2-ft.
Multiflora rosea, rose pink, very fine. 9d. each. July-Sept. 2½-ft.

CHRYSANTHEMUM (*Hardy Marguerites, or Oxeye Daisies*), fine subjects for masses in beds, and for cutting, flowering freely for a long period. See Fig. 9.

Kenneth, large flat white fringed flowers, very free. 1/- each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

Mayfield Giant, white perfect form, often 4-in. diameter. 9d. each. July-Sept.

Star of Antwerp, white, most profuse. 9d. each. June-Oct. 2½-ft.
uliginosum, fine white showy blooms, borne in profusion on tall stems, flowering

very late; fine for Harvest Festival decoration. E. Europe. 9d. each.
Sept-Oct. 5-ft.

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

Early Flowering Hardy Varieties for Borders.

Small plants in spring. 6d. each; 5/- doz.; 18/6 50; 35/- per 100.
Later, 6/- doz. Our selection—4/- doz.; 30/- per 100.

Bronze Masse, Aug.-Sept.

2-2½-ft.

White Masse

Carrie, yellow

H. Martin, yellow

Roi de Blanc, tall pure white. 2½-3-ft.

September Varieties.

Champ d'Or, golden yellow. 2-ft.

Cranfield Pink, 2½-ft.

Goachers crimson, a gem. 2½-ft.

Normandie, delicate pink. 3-ft.

Provence, pink, gold centre. 2½-ft.

Sanctity, grand white. 2½-ft.

Verona, terra-cotta. 2½-ft.

Large flowered varieties. Pots, 6/- to 12/- doz.

CIMICIFUGA americana (*Bane Berry*), white, graceful. 1/- each. July-Sept. 4-ft.

CISTUS (*see* Garden Shrubs, p. 50).

CLEMATIS recta (*Herbaceous Species*), flowers white, scented; forms a little bush.

July-Sept. 3-ft. 9d. each.

Azure, light blue. 1/6 each.

Profusion, light blue. 1/6 each.

For Climbing varieties, *see* p. 59.

CONVALLARIA (*Lily of the Valley*). Easily grown in shady situations.

majalis, large bells, fragrant. Best crowns, 2/- doz.; 12/6 per 100.

— Fortini, a giant variety, very fine. 2/6 doz.; 18/- per 100.

COREOPSIS, one of the best and most useful of our garden flowers, both for border and for continuous cutting; flowering all the summer.

auriculata superba. 1/6 each. (*See* Novelties, p. 3).

grandiflora, golden yellow, profuse. 9d. each. 5/- doz. June-Sept. 3-ft.

— fl. pl. 1/- each. (*See* Novelties, p. 3).

R CYCLAMEN. These hardy varieties are very beautiful on rockeries in shady crevices; they require a well-drained soil. They do well in grass.

R Atkinsoni album, white, mottled leaves. 1/6 each. Feb. 4-in.

R — rubrum, a reddish purple variety. 1/6 each. Feb. 4-in.

R Coum, white and red, neat. 1/6 each. Feb. 4-in.

R — album, a white variety. 2/6 each. Feb. 4-in.

R hederaefolium, rose, leaves marbled white. 1/6 and 2/6 each. Aug.-Oct. 4-in.

R — album, a fine white form of the above. 1/6 each. Sept.-Nov. 4-in.

R ibericum, large lilac, spotted at base. 1/6 and 2/6 each. Feb.-Apl. 6-in.

R repandum, deep reddish, coriaceous leaves. 1/6 each. May-June. 4-in.

CYPRIOPEDIUM (*Lady's Slipper*). These beautiful hardy Orchids are not grown so much as they should be; they require a cool moist peaty soil.

Calceolus (*English Lady's Slipper*), maroon, lip yellow. 1/6 ea. May-June. 9-in.

parviflorum, brown purple, lip yellow. 2/6 each.

pubescens, yellowish brown, marked with darker lines, lip pale yellow. N. America. 2/6 each. June-July. 1-ft.

spectabile, white, lip rose pink. This is one of the most showy varieties, and the most easily grown. N. America. 2/6 to 3/6 each. June-July. 1½-ft.

Larger clumps than those priced above can be supplied at an increased cost.

CYTISUS (*see* list of Shrubs, p. 51).

DAPHNE (*see* list of Shrubs, p. 52).

DELPHINIUMS.

These plants are so well known as to need little description. Without doubt, one of the finest of all our border plants embracing all shades of blue and purple. So many varieties are now in commerce that it is difficult for the amateur to make a choice. We stock such varieties as we consider the best.

BUNYARD'S SHAKESPEARE DELPHINIUMS.

Cymbeline, ultramarine blue, white eye. A.M., R.H.S., June, 1912. 2/6 each.

Hypatia, pale topaz blue, with white and lilac bronze shading. 3/6 each.

Jessica, azure, flowers cup shaped, with dark eye, petals flushed with rose, semi-double, branching habit. A.M., R.H.S., June, 1912. 3/6 each.

Lorenzo, noble erect spike, rich bronzy violet flowers, with bronze eye, closely set; extra. A.M., R.H.S., June, 1912. 3/6 each.

GENERAL COLLECTION OF DELPHINIUMS.

Bella Donna, lovely sky-blue of graceful habit, flowering throughout the season; a beautiful variety. 1/- each; 10/6 doz. 2-ft.

— — **semi plena**, semi-double, flower of silvery blue. 1/- each.

— — **major**, a large form of the above. 2/- each. 3-ft.

Capri, azure blue, light and graceful, very free. 1/6 each.

N **Carl V. Lange**. 7/6 each. (*See Novelties*, p. 4).

N **Chantry Queen**, deep lavender, semi-double, black centre. 5/- each. 4½-ft.

Dwarf King, a rich violet, most free, flowering all the season. 1/6 each. 2-ft.

Edward Bromet. 25/- each. (*See Novelties*, p. 4).

N **F. Koppius**, a striking novelty from abroad which gained a 1st Class Certificate at Amsterdam, semi-double bright blue. 3/6 each.

Francis Fox, a fine dark blue, large. 1/6 each. 5-ft.

Harry Smetham, rich deep blue semi-double. 2/6 each.

Hugo Poortman, enormous flat double flowers of a beautiful pale blue, very distinct. 3/6 each.

King of Delphiniums, rich double blue with white eye, large spike, an exceedingly fine variety. 1/6 each.

Lamartine (*syn. for Dwarf King, which see*).

N **Lavanda**, rosy lavender, semi-double, very large. A.M., R.H.S. 5/- each. 5-ft.

Lize Van Veen, single, very large flowered, pale blue; one of the good recent introductions. 2/6 each.

N **Lord Derby**, rich deep rose mauve with small white centre, flowers large, well placed on the spike, a fine introduction. 7/6 each. 5½-ft.

Lord Lansdowne, a fine single deep blue flower of even tone, white eye. 5/- each. 4½-ft.

Lt. de la Commune, mauve, semi-double, very fine. 3/6 each. 5-ft.

Marie Closon, semi-double lilac, spotted pink and blue, robust; one of the finest Delphiniums. 5/- each.

N **Mauve Queen**, immense truss but well proportioned, flowers mauve. A splendid new introduction. 7/6 each.

N **Millicent Blackmore**. 7/6 each. (*See Novelties*, p. 4).

Mrs. Christie Miller, a splendid cream Delphinium, the largest spike yet seen in this colour. A.M., R.H.S. 5/- each. 3½-ft.

N **Mrs. Colin McIver**, a very beautiful and pleasing shade of heliotrope, flowers semi-double. 5/- each. 5½-ft.

Mrs. Creighton, rich Oxford blue with plum centre, medium size, branching. 2/6 each. 4-ft.

GENERAL COLLECTION OF DELPHINIUMS—continued.

N **Mrs. Shirley**, lilac mauve, white eye. A.M., R.H.S. 5/- each. 5-ft.
Mrs. Thomson, clear pale blue, branching, very free. 1/- each. 4½-ft.
N **Mrs. Townley Parker**. 7/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 4).
Moerhoemi, a beautiful white, certainly the best. 1/- each. 4-ft.
N **Mrs. A. J. Watson**, deep mauve, dark centre; very large flowers. 5/- each.
Ninevah, azure blue, double, dark centre. 2/- each.
Nora Ferguson, a beautiful pale blue, blended with soft pink, semi-double, a fine spike. 5/- each. 4½-ft.
Persimmon, azure with white eye, grand spike, a giant Bella Donna, continuous bloomer. 1/6 each; 15/- doz. 3-ft.
N **Phyllis**, light mauve semi-double, flowers very large. A strong grower, branching spike. 7/6 each.
Queen Mary, an exquisite silvery nemophila blue, double variety. It is of robust habit, growing about 4-feet. The individual flowers are very large, almost flat, double, with a white centre, and are set on a close spike, all opening at the same time. We consider it the very finest in this colour. Price 2/6 each.
Queen Wilhelmina, sky-blue suffused rose. 1/6 each. 5-ft.
Rev. E. Lascelles, intense violet, with striking white eye, double, very fine; habit robust, grand spike. A.M., R.H.S. 3/6 each.
Robert Cox, deep violet, double, extra fine. 2/6 each.
N **Sir Douglas Haig**. 5/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).
Statuaire Rude, smoky violet, immense flowers, stout spike. 7/6 each. 6-ft.
N **Sylph**. 21/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).
The Alake, rich violet, very large flowers and spike, one of the finest ever raised. Award of Merit, R.H.S. 3/6 each. 6-ft.
The Guardsman, starch blue, double, a fine spike. 1/6 each. 5-ft.
Theodora, large fine blue flowers with brown centre, spikes loose, not a new variety but very striking in mass. One of the best real blues. 2/6 each.
N **Van Veens Triumph**. 10/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 4).
Walter T. Ware, rich double violet, flowering early. 3/6 each. 4-ft.
Zuster Lutgen, dark blue, double. 2/- each.

G. B. & Co.'s Selection :—

12 distinct varieties ...	...	...	...	...	24/-
12 fine showy varieties	...	...	...	...	36/-
12 Exhibition varieties	...	...	...	...	50/-

SPECIAL OFFER.

Seedling Delphiniums, raised from the seed of our choicest varieties at the following low prices :—1/- each; 10/6 doz.; 75/- 100.

DIANTHUS, many are of an alpine nature, and form charming subjects on the rockery, while others are suitable for massing in beds or for the border.
NOTE.—All are offered established in small pots (except Barbatus).

R **alpinus**, large, deep rose flowers. Europe. 1/- each. June-Aug. 3-in.
barbatus (*Sweet William*), mixed and named varieties. Europe. 6d. each. 4/- to 6/- doz. June-Aug. 1½-ft.
R **caesius magnifica**, clear rose, slightly fringed. 1/- each. May-July. 9-in.
R **deltoides**, deep rose, free flowering. 6d. each. 6-in.
R — **alba**, a white variety. 9d. each. 6-in.

DIANTHUS —continued.

Napoleon III, bright crimson double, 5 or 6 on a stem, very fine and scarce.
1/6 each.
R neglectus, intense pink, dark eye. 1/6. 4-in.
NR Roysii. 2/6 each. (*See* Novelties, p. 4).

HYBRIDS,

Including the plumarius hybrids (Pinks), which are particularly beautiful on account of their fragrant scent and usefulness for cutting purposes. They flower May and early June, and are supplied from the open ground.

Those marked *P* are perpetual flowering varieties.

P Challenger, cream, dark eye. 1/- each.
Clove Pink or **Maiden's Blush**, fine pink, fringed. 6d. each.
Mrs. Sinkins, sweetly scented double white. 6d. each; 5/6 doz.; 40/- 100.
Sam Barlow, white fringed petals, deep chocolate eye. 6d. each.

DICTAMNUS (*Burning Bush*), upright growth, scented.

albus (*Fraxinella*), white. Europe. 1/-. June-July. 2½-ft.
— **purpureus**, rose purple, variety. 1/-. June-July. 2½-ft.
caucasicus, purple. 1/6. June-July. 2½-ft.

DICENTRA (*Lyre Flower*), formerly known under the name of *Dielytra*.
spectabilis, white tipped pink, graceful. 1/- to 2/6 each. May-Aug. 3-ft.

DIGITALIS (*Foxglove*), for borders or woodland walks. May-Aug.
gloxiniflora, rose coloured, spotted throat, biennial. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.; 30/- 100.
— **alba**, white flowers, seedlings biennial. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.; 30/- 100.
purple, white, rose and spotted seedlings, biennial. 3/6 doz.; 20/- 100.

DORONICUM (*Leopard's Bane*). early and free-flowering, flourishing anywhere.
Harper Crewe, large golden yellow, very free. 6d. each. Apl.-May. 2-ft.

DRACOCEPHALUM (*Dragon's Head*), very useful and showy for borders.
NR Forrestii, dark blue salvia-like flowers. 1/6 each. July-Aug.
NR Isabellina, flowers blue of shrubby appearance, a very compact and fine variety.
1/6 each. July.
speciosum, pinkish blue flowers. Himalaya. 9d. each July-Aug. 4-ft.

ECHEVERIA secunda glauca, not quite hardy, but much used for bedding purposes.
Winter in cold frame. 6d. each. 3/6 doz.

ECHINACEA purpurea, (*syn. Rudbeckia*), large deep red purple flowers, often 4-in. across; very striking. N. America. 1/- each. July-Sept. 2½-ft.
N Winchmore Hill Variety, a fine new variety, flowers somewhat larger and reddish pink. 1/6 each.

ECHINOPS (*Globe Thistle*), striking subjects for effect in borders or woodland.
humilis, bright blue. Siberia. 9d. each. 4-ft.
Ritro, deep amethyst blue, very fine and bold. 1/- each. July-Sept. 5-ft.

R EDRIANTHUS pumilio, a neat tufted plant with large open campanula-like blue flowers. 1/6 each. 3-in.
R serpyllifolia, rich blue flowers, prostrate growth. 1/6 each. 3-in.

EPILOBIUM hirsutum album, (*Willow Herb*), white variety, with hairy foliage.
9d. each. June-July. 4-ft.

EREMURUS. Handsome plants, throwing up immense spikes. They require a good well-drained soil, and a sheltered spot.

Bungei, bright yellow, narrow foliage. 5/- and 7/6 each. June-July. 5-ft.

Elwesii, pink flowers. 3/6 to 7/6 each. June-July. 6-7-ft.

himalaicus, white flowers. 3/6 and 5/- each. May-June. 6-7-ft.

robustus, rosy pink. A giant species. 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each. May-June. 8-9-ft.

— **albus**, a fine white form. 5/- each.

Shelford, bronze yellow, very fine. 5/- each. 5-ft.

ERIGERON, aster-like flowers of great beauty, producing an abundance of bloom.

Asa Gray, apricot, long stems. 1/- each.

B. Ladham's, mauve pink. A.M., R.H.S. 9d. each.

mesa grandiflora, violet, golden centre. 9d. each. June-Aug. 1-ft. See Fig. 10.

mucronatus Moerhoemi. 2/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

"Quakeress." Flowers mauve pink, with bright yellow eye, produced in masses, so that the plant appears covered. 9d. each. May-Sept. 2-ft.

ERINUS, pretty tufted alpines, thriving well in stony crevices.

R **alpinus**, purple flowers, tufted foliage. 9d. each. May-July. 4-in.

R — **albus**, a white variety of the above. 9d. each. May-July. 4-in.

ERODIUM (*Heron's Bill*), an interesting genus for moderately sunny spots.

R **chamaedryoides** (*syn. Reichardii*), white flowers, delicately veined with green, a compact and pretty plant. 9d. each. June-Sept. 6-in.

R **Corsicum**, close tufts of hoary foliage, flowers bright rose. 1/- each.

ERYNGIUM (*Steel-blue Thistles*). Most attractive plants for the border, the colour being a contrast to the general foliage effect. Flowering June-Aug. See Fig. 11.

alpinum (*Alpine Sea Holly*), metallic blue fringed. 1/- each. 2-ft.

N **amethystinum**, true, scarce; a lovely amethyst blue. 1/6 ea. June-Aug. 2½-ft.

maritimum (*Sea Holly*), greenish and white foliage. 9d. each. June-Aug. 2-ft.

triguetrum, deep blue, branching. 1/- each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

R **ERYTHRAEA Massoni** (*diffusa*), nearly related to the Gentians, pink flowers, spreading tufts of foliage. 1/- each. 4-in.

FERNs, Hardy (see p. 62).

FERULA communis (*Giant Fennel*), flowers yellow, borne on an immense head; fern-like foliage. 1/- each. June-July. 8 to 10-ft.

FUCHSIA (see List of Shrubs, p. 52).

FUNKIA (*Plantain Lily*), a fine race of plants for moist situations.

Fortunei, lilac, glaucous foliage. Japan. 1/6 each. 1½-ft.

lancifolia undulata variegata, lilac flowers, wavy leaves, edged yellow and silver, most effective for pot culture. Japan. 1/- each. June-July. 1-ft.

subcordata, white. Japan. 1/6 each. June-Aug. 1½-ft.

GAILLARDIA. Most showy and useful; they thrive in almost any soil. June-Sept.

aristata grandiflora, crimson, edged yellow. 6d. each. 5/6 doz.; 40/- 100. 2-ft.

E. T. Anderson, a beautiful clear yellow variety. 1/- each.

Lady Rolleston, flowers often 4-in. across, rich yellow in colour, held on stout stems. One of the best. 1/3 each.

Mrs. McKellar, gold and yellow. 1/- each. 2-ft.

The King, deep red centre edged with yellow. 1/- each. 2-ft.

GALEGA (*Goat's Rue*), useful plants for borders and cutting, making large bushes covered with spikes of pea-shaped flowers.

Hartlandi, spikes of soft lilac flowers. 1/- each. June-Sept. 5-ft.

— **alba**, white flowers, golden foliage in the spring. 9d. each. July-Sept. 5-ft.

N **Lady Wilson**, a beautiful new pink variety. 1/6 each. July-Sept. 5-ft.

GENISTA (see List of Shrubs, p 53).



Chrysanthemum Max. *Fig. 9.*



Erigeron. *Fig. 10.*



Eryngium. *Fig. 11.*



Hemerocallis. *Fig. 12.*



Regelio-Cyclus Iris. (Showing part of a bed in our Nursery
which has not been disturbed for four years).

Fig. 13.



Iris Korolkowi.



Iris Osiris.

GENTIANA. They require moisture, with a good drainage; stone chippings mixed with the soil are most beneficial. They should be disturbed as little as possible.

R **acaulis** (*Gentianella*), mazarine blue. Europe. 9d. each. Apl.-June. 6-in.
asclepiadea (*Willow Gentian*), blue flowers; one of the most beautiful; thrives best in boggy soils. 1/6 each. July-Sept. 2-ft.
R — **alba**, a white form. 1/6 each.
NR **Farreri**, sky blue, very fine. 2/- each. Aug.-Sept. 6-in.
N **Freyiana**, clear blue, very fine. 2/6 each. Aug.-Sept.
Lagodechiana. 1/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).
Sino Ornata. 3/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 4).
R **septempida**, azure blue, clusters. 1/6 each. June-Aug. 6-in.
R **verna**, topaz blue, cushion-like foliage. 1/- each. Apl.-June. 4-in. See Fig. 19.

GERANIUM (*Cranes Bill*), pretty free flowering plants.

R **cinereum**, rosy lilac, creeping. 1/- each. Apl.-Aug. 6-in.
R **prostratum**, rosy purple. 9d. each. June-Sept. 9-in.

GEUM (*Avens*), free flowering and bright in colours. June-Sept.

aureum, large, deep yellow, capsules hairy. 9d. each.
N **Borsii**, one of the finest of this family, bright orange. 1/6 each. June-Oct.
John Bradshaw, enormous orange yellow flowers. 1/- each. 2-ft.
N **Lady Strathenden**, orange yellow, very large and strong. 1/6 each.
Mrs. Bradshaw, large semi-double dark scarlet flowers. 9d. each. 2-ft.

GUNNERA, fine bold plants for waterside effect.

Magellanica, a small variety with dark green foliage. 2/6 each. 1-ft.
Chiliensis (or *Scabra*), enormous leaves often 5-ft. across. 5,- each. 5-ft.

GYPSOPHILA, well-known plants, invaluable for table decoration. June-Sept.

R **cerastioides**, neat tufted habit, silvery white flowers. 1/- each. 6-in.
paniculata, white flowers, profuse. 9d. each. 3-ft.
— **flore pleno**, a fine double form of the above. 1/6 each. 3-ft.
R **prostrata**, white, prostrate. 9d. each. 6-in.
R — **rosea**, bears a profusion of tiny pink flowers. 9d. each. 6-in.

R **HABERLEA rhodopensis**, flowers pale lilac, fine for shady, moist rockery, preferring a mixture of peat and sand. 1/6 to 2/6 each. Apl.-June. 9-in.

HELENIUM (*Sneeze Weed*), composite flowers of great brightness and beauty.

Autumnale Gartensonne, golden yellow with velvety brown disc. 9d. each.
— **July Sun**, a bushy plant with large golden yellow flowers. 1/- each. 3-ft.
— **Riverton Gem**, wallflower red. 9d. each. July-Sept. 5-ft.
— **Riverslea Beauty**, yellow, with black disc. 9d. each. July-Sept. 4-ft.
— **rubrum**, deep red. 9d. each. Aug.-Sept. 5-ft.
N **Crimson Beauty**, a splendid new plant very bushy and not growing over 2-ft., flowers brouze carmine, very striking in mass. 1/6 each.
cupreum, coppery brown, a fine variety. 9d. each. July-Sept. 1-ft.
pumilum magnificum, a larger form, fringed. 9d. ea. June-Sept. 2½-ft. Fig. 14.

R **HELIANTHEMUM** (*Rock Rose*), suitable for the rockery, but equally beautiful in a border. They form masses of most brilliant colour. The following are the best named varieties. Price 9d. each; 8/- doz. All in pots.

Alba plena , double white.	|	Miss Lake , yellow, late.
Aureum plenum , late golden yellow.	|	Polyfolium roseum , fine pale rose.
Bonfire , double fiery red.	|	Scarlet Queen , scarlet.
Fire Ball , a fine coppery bronze.	|	The Bride , a beautiful large white.

HELIANTHUS (*perennial sunflower*), a noble group of autumnal flowering plants, useful in the back row of borders and for cutting. See Fig. 15.

Rigidus Miss Mellish, semi-double golden. 9d. each. Aug.-Oct. 6-ft.
sparsifolius, very large bright yellow; pointed petals. 1/6 each. Aug.-Oct. 8 ft.

HELIOPSIS B. Ladham's, deep rich orange sunflower-like flowers

9d. each. July-Sept. 4-ft.

pitcheriana semi plena, bright orange semi-double with much branched stems.

9d. each. July-Sept. 5-ft.

HELLEBORUS, a fine race of plants for cool, moist, shaded borders, valuable on account of their early flowering, buds of niger may be cut at Christmas and opened in water. Should not be moved when established.

niger (*Christmas Rose*), white flower. 1/6 to 2/6 each. Dec.-Feb. 1-ft.

Olympicus Archer Hinds' varieties, mixed. 1/6 to 2/6 each. Jan.-Mar. 1½-ft.

HEMEROCALLIS (*Day Lily*), for the border or bog garden. June-Sept. See Fig. 12.

Apricot, apricot yellow. 9d. each.

aurantiaca major, large, yellow, fragrant. 1/- each. 2-ft.

citrini Barroni, pale yellow flowers. 1/- each. 2-ft.

Golden Bell, deep yellow. 1/- each.

Sovereign, clear golden yellow. 9d. each. 2-ft.

HEPATICA (see *Anemone Hepatica*, page 7).

HESPERIS matronalis alba fl. pl. (*Rocket*), double white. 1/- each.

HEUCHERA (*Alum Root*), a most useful genus for cutting, flowering throughout the summer. Foliage almost evergreen. Flowering June-Sept.

brizoides gracillima, spikes of deep rosy carmine. 9d. each. 2-ft.

Fire Fly, large flowers of pinkish red. 1/- each. 2-ft.

Shirley, deep blood red, very free and fine. 1/- each. 1½-ft.

Touchstone, charming china pink. 1/- each. 2-ft.

tiarellaoides, a charming hybrid, neat tufts of evergreen foliage, stout stems clothed with rose coloured flowers in early Spring. 1/- each.

HOLLYHOCKS, fine old-fashioned border flowers, thriving well in ordinary garden soil. Our strain has been produced by careful selection, and we can supply **singles** to colour. 6d. each; 5/- doz; 35/- 100.

doubles to colour. 1/- each; 10/6 doz.; 60/- 100.

R **HOUSTONIA serpyllifolia**, pale blue, bright green foliage. 1/- each. May-July. 4-in.

R **HUTCHINSIA alpina**, a delightful little alpine, white flowers, on neat cushions of foliage. Sunny position. 9d. each. Apl.-July. 3-in.

HYDRANGEA Hortensis (see p. 58).

R **HYPERICUM** (*St. John's Wort*), a race of most useful plants.

R **empetrifolium**, yellow, fleshy foliage. Greece. 1/- each. May-Sept. 1-ft.

R **reptans**, yellow, a fine creeping variety. 9d. each. 3-in.

IBERIS, (*Candytuft*), useful early-flowering plants for the rockery or border.

R **gibraltarica**, large heads of blush-white. 9d. each. Apl.-July. 9-in.

R **Little Gem**, white, continuous flowering. 9d. each. Mar.-June. 9-in.

R **Sempervirens flora plena**, double white with evergreen foliage. 9d. each. 8/- per doz. Apl.-July. 1-ft.

R **Snowflake**, pure white flowers. 9d. each. Apl.-July. 1-ft.

INCARVILLEA Delavayi, trumpet-like flowers of a rosy purple; of easy cultivation if a little peat and sand is added to the soil. China. 9d. each. May-Aug. 2-ft.

grandiflora, large purplish rose. China. 9d. each. May-Aug. 9-in.

INULA, handsome flowers for the border and for cutting.

glandulosa, golden yellow, reflexed rays. Caucasus. 9d. each. June-Aug. 1 ft.

royleana, immense yellow flowers, bold foliage 1/- each. July-Oct. 2-ft.

Bunyard's Famous Iris.

Gold Medal, Chelsea, 1922. **Gold Medal, R.H.S., 1924.**

Silver-Gilt Medal, Chelsea, 1923. **Silver Cup, Chelsea, 1924.**

Gold Medal, Chelsea, 1925.

Looking back we find that we were receiving Awards for Iris so long ago as 1895, but the above are some of those recently made for our Famous Iris and give an idea of the high standard of our collection. However, a far better way of appreciating this is to visit our Nurseries during May—June, when the Iris may be seen in full bloom and the great variety and vigour of our plants will be its own recommendation. We should be glad if intending visitors would advise us so that we can arrange for an Iris expert to be present.

THE IRIS is one of our oldest and most beautiful flowers. In point of rich colouring and graceful poise of the flower they surpass many orchids.

Very hardy, of easy cultivation and free flowering, they are in every respect one of the most appreciated of all flowers, and although an asset to any border, they are seen at their best when planted alone in large irregular groups, intersected by winding grass paths.

The flowering period of the majority of Iris commences in April and continues until the end of June, after which, if further flower is required from the position the subjects which are most satisfactory and blend best with the Iris foliage are Lilies and Gladioli, and these may be planted in groups between the Iris.

IRISES are one of the most successful of all plants for Town Gardens.

CULTURE.

THE BEARDED FLAG IRIS, are not particular as to soil, provided that lime is present. If the soil is lacking in lime, some should be added before planting. They flower best in a dry and sunny position, and should be planted shallow, the top of the rhizome should be almost on the surface of the ground. Transplant directly after flowering, or September—October.

THE BEARDLESS IRIS. Some of these beautiful Iris require hot and dry positions, some moist positions and others have a pronounced objection to lime. These points and other requirements are mentioned against the particular varieties where necessary. Transplant September—October.

CLASSIFICATION.

The majority of Garden Iris being hybrids and their origin, as well as that of many so called species, being obscure, it has been felt that it is unscientific to continue the method of attempting to allot them to any particular section, such as *germanica*, *neglecta*, etc., The Royal Horticultural Society has therefore proposed a new classification based on colour, which we give below.

We feel that in a catalogue it is still most convenient to continue our alphabetical arrangement, but have shown on the right of each name the month of flowering and class, so that all references are facilitated.

Bunyard's Collections

Carriage Paid and Packing Free.

These collections are offered at extremely favourable terms and are for
CASH WITH ORDER.

No. 1—A choice collection of the Newer Iris as described in this list.

Asia	Crusader	Magnifica	Rotorua
Ambassadeur	Dalila	Mdm. Schwartz	Seminole
Ballerine	Dominion	Prospero	Souv. de Mdm. Gaudichau

1 plant of each for 95/0; 3 of each for £14; 6 of each for £25

No. 2—A collection of what we consider to be the 12 finest Iris in this list, without regard to price or date of introduction.

Ambassadeur	Crusader	Glamour	Pioneer
Asia	Ed. Michel	Magnifica	Princess Osra
Ballerine	Flaming Sword	Pallida	Souv. de Mdm. Gaudichau

1 plant of each for £9 5s. 0d.; 3 of each for £25 10s. 0d.
6 of each for £50

No. 3—A collection of the 12 best Moderate-priced Varieties.

Ambassadeur	Crusader	Lord of June	Pallida Dalmatica
Asia	Ed. Michel	Magnifica	Reine Nixe
Ballerine	Flaming Sword	Moliere	Souv. de Mdm. Gaudichau

1 plant of each for 50/0; 3 of each for £7 5s. 0d. 6 of each for £14

No. 4—A collection of 12 Standard Varieties.

Amas, blue and violet	Gagus, yellow and white
Alcazar, violet and bronze	Innocenza, white
Caprice, pink	Iris King, crimson and gold
Crimson King, crimson	Jacquesiana, copper crimson
Eldorado, bronze yellow	Kharpot, violet and purple
Flavescens, yellow	Pallida Dalmatica, lavender

1 plant of each for 8/6; 3 of each for 25/6; 6 of each for 50/0

No. 5—A collection of Moisture-loving Iris.

12 our selection for 10/6	50 our selection for 35/0
25 " 20/0	100 " 65/0

SPECIAL CHEAP OFFERS (if unsold).

No. 6—100 April—May flowering Iris, our selection in 10 Varieties for 36/0
50 " " " " 20/0
25 " " " " in 5 Varieties for 12/6

No. 7—100 May—June flowering Iris, our selection in 20 Varieties for 50/0
50 " " " in 10 " 27/6
25 " " " in 5 " 15/0

IRIS in quantity for Landscape planting.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
250 our selection for	3	15	0	2,500 our selection for	27	10	0
500 " " 7 0 0				5,000 " ,	50	0	0
1,000 " " 13 10 0							

IRIS CLASSIFICATIONS.

R.H.S. SUGGESTED COLOUR CLASSIFICATION :—

Class 1 ... White.

„ 2 ... White, feathered with purple.
(a) Colour confined to margin.
(b) Colour suffused.

„ 3 ... Standards white (or nearly so), falls purple.
(a) Colour confined to veins.
(b) Colour suffused over falls.

„ 4 ... Purple bicolors (standards paler than falls).
(a) Standards pale blue-purple (lavender).
(b) Standards dark blue-purple.
(c) Standards pale red-purple.
(d) Standards dark red-purple.

„ 5 ... Purple selfs (standards and falls nearly alike in colour).
(a) Pale blue-purple (lavender).
(b) Dark blue-purple.
(c) Pale red-purple (rose or pink).
(d) Dark red-purple.

„ 6 ... Standards of Shot Shades (*i.e.* of any shade due to a mixture of two colours of which one is always yellow; the yellow always being evident at the base of the standards).
(a) Yellow scarcely perceptible.
(b) Bronze.
(c) Yellow obvious.

„ 7 ... Standards yellow, falls blue, red or brown-purple.
(a) Standards pale yellow, falls with vein colour distinct.
(b) Standards pale yellow, falls with vein colour confluent.
(c) Standards dark yellow, falls with vein colour distinct.
(d) Standards dark yellow, falls with vein colour confluent.

„ 8 ... Yellow selfs.
(a) Dark.
(b) Pale (including cream).

ABBREVIATIONS :—

<i>M</i>	...	...	denotes moisture loving.
<i>s</i>	...	...	denotes the standards or upright petals.
<i>f</i>	...	...	denotes the falls or drooping petals.
A.M., R.H.S.	...	...	denotes Award of Merit, Royal Hort. Soc.
A.M., F.N.H.S.	...	...	denotes Award of Merit, French National Hort. Soc.
F.C.C.	...	...	denotes First Class Certificate, Royal Hort. Soc.
N	...	...	denotes New and Noteworthy Varieties.
*	...	...	denotes stock limited, offered only subject to being unsold.

The name in parenthesis denotes the raiser.

Iris Novelties (for General List see page 9).

We can supply the following NEW IRIS in limited quantities, subject to being unsold on receipt of order.

Ann Page. 10/- each.

A lovely pale lavender blue self, with large perfectly shaped flowers, *s* long, pencilled brown at haft, stems stout and erect. A.M., R.H.S., 1920.

Aphrodite (Dykes). 50/- each.

For purity of tone and brightness of colour this Iris stands alone, and may be regarded as the best of the so-called "pink" Iris. Flowers of good size and perfect form, sweet scented. A strong grower. 3½-4 ft.

Ariadne (Dykes). 7/6 each.

A strong and free flowering variety, the individual flowers are very large and beautiful; *s* broad with waved edges, silvery light blue, *f* deeper blue, suffused reddish violet veined brown at base, beard pale yellow.

Arsace (Millet). 10/6 each.

A vigorous hybrid with graceful but rigid stems, large and well formed flowers, *s* pale mauve, *f* mauve suffused rose. A most attractive mid-season variety. 4 ft.

Asia (Yeld). 8/6 each.

This distinct and beautiful variety is undoubtedly one of the best Iris in cultivation. Flowers large, *s* pale lavender suffused and reticulated pale yellow at base, *f* violet purple paler at edge, bright yellow beard. Very robust and free flowering. 4½ ft.

Centurion (Bliss). 42/- each.

A fine variety of the Dominion race, a very strong grower and free flowering, *s* clear deep violet with a reddish tone at base, *f* rich deep velvet purple. This is a fine new Iris and will take a high place among the best. 2½ ft.

Citronella. 31/6 each.

The tallest yellow-flowered Iris yet raised, *s* clear shining yellow, arched, *f* of fair size, rich ruddy brown paling at edges. A.M., R.H.S., 1922. Stock limited.

Dominion (Bliss). 21/- each.

s light bluish violet, erect, of good poise, *f* of exceptional substance, deep indigo velvet purple; beard orange, very pronounced. Growth strong and vigorous. One of the most beautiful Iris of recent introduction. A.M., R.H.S. 2½ ft. June. Class 4.

Duke of Bedford (<i>Bliss</i>).	63/- each.
The general effect is deep reddish violet, the falls being darker, almost black purple in certain lights, and of a wonderful velvety texture. A most wonderful Iris and very robust. Stock very limited. 3-ft. June.	
Glamour (<i>Bliss</i>).	84/- each.
A seedling of the Dominion race. Strong, branching, and particularly free flowering, flowers of good substance and lasting well, of perfect form, <i>s</i> heliotrope tinged pale yellow and shot lilac, <i>f</i> rich red pansy violet. 3-ft.	
Harmony (<i>Dykes</i>) (<i>Thundercloud</i>).	7/6 each.
A deep rich violet purple self with a satiny sheen. A very fine and large flowered Iris, free flowering. A.M., R.H.S. under the name of Thundercloud. 3-ft. June.	
Lepinoux (<i>Millet</i>).	7/6 each.
A Ricardi hybrid, one of the tallest of Iris, reaching 5-ft., growth robust, stems rigid, flowers very large, <i>s</i> analine blue, <i>f</i> deep purple suffused pink.	
Le 27th Avril.	21/- each.
A very fine new introduction with very large flowers, <i>s</i> blue purple, <i>f</i> deep purple. 4-ft. June. Class 5.	
Marjorie Tinley.	25/- each.
An exceptionally beautiful Iris of the Pallida type, <i>s</i> soft lavender blue overlaid yellow, <i>f</i> dark mauve with fine beard. 4-ft. June. Class 5.	
May Sadler.	60/- each.
A very distinct and outstanding Iris, bearing stout branching stems with well formed flowers, <i>s</i> violet rose, <i>f</i> dark crimson madder with bronze beard. June.	
Mdm. Schwartz (<i>Denis</i>)	15/- each.
This is one of the finest seedlings of Mons. Denis. Very large soft lavender blue flowers. Very free flowering. 4-ft.	
Miss Jessop (<i>Perry</i>).	2/- each.
Self-coloured flowers of a pale violet blue of medium height, very effective in a mass.	
Mons. Austin (<i>Denis</i>).	10/6 each.
A very free flowering and reliable variety, flowers of moderate size but of an extraordinary reddish tone, <i>s</i> purplish plum tinged red, <i>f</i> violet purple. Most wonderful effect when seen in mass.	
Mrs. Charles Pearson (<i>Perry</i>).	10/6 each.
<i>s</i> delicate mauve, <i>f</i> rosy mauve with white beard, a very fine plant.	

Mrs. Marion Cran.	80/- each.
One of the finest of recent introductions, flowers of light silky rose, of great substance and perfect shape. A very robust plant. 3½-ft. June.	
Mrs. H. F. Bowles.	15/- each.
The colour combination of this fine Iris is almost impossible to describe, <i>s</i> soft brown, overlaid gold, <i>f</i> brilliant brick-red with silky sheen. A most profuse bloomer. 3-ft. June. Class 5.	
Paladin (Bliss).	5/- each.
Flowers of good substance and form very freely produced on branching spikes, <i>s</i> clear violet blue, <i>f</i> deep violet purple. Similar but better than Oriflame. 3-ft.	
Pioneer (Bliss).	42/- each.
An exceedingly distinct new Iris. The standards large and incurved, of a bright red purple, with bright orange beard; branching sturdy habit. 3½-ft.	
Princess Osra (Bliss).	21/- each.
One of the most beautiful Plicata varieties yet introduced. The flowers are of exceptional size and substance and very freely produced on branching spikes. Colour clear white, the standards broadly and falls more narrowly edged with spots and some veining of Wistaria violet. 3-ft.	
Rosalba (Bliss).	5/- each.
A Squalens variety with flowers of a redder tone than any variety hitherto obtained, free flowering and branching. 2½ to 3-ft.	
Rotorua (Bliss).	5/- each.
Beautiful lavender-blue self, but the falls are slightly darker in the centre and veined indigo, very tall, strong and branching and extremely free flowering.	
Safrano (Dykes).	5/- each.
A very late flowering, yellow self, of medium size, <i>s</i> clear straw yellow, <i>f</i> a little paler, reticulated brown at haft. Strong erect grower. 2½-ft.	
Seminole (Farr).	10/6 each.
Large flowers of quite the "reddest" tone we have seen, and a fine golden beard. A really beautiful addition. 2½-ft. June. Class 5.	
Shekinah.	12/6 each.
Pale lemon yellow, deepening to rich yellow around the fine orange beard. The only clear yellow of Pallida growth. 3-ft. June.	
Souvenir de Letitia Michaud.	25/- each.
A most striking new Iris with large well-shaped flowers of a uniform satiny lavender-pink, undoubtedly one of the finest of all. 4-ft. June. Class 5.	



Helenium pumilum.

Fig. 14.



Helianthus.

Fig. 15.



Linum arboreum.

Fig. 16.



Malva oliba rosea.

Fig. 17.



Alpine Phlox.

Fig. 18.



Gentiana verna.

Fig. 19.

Susan Bliss	21/- each.
The general effect of this fine Iris is a uniform shade of rose pink, with light orange beard. Very free flowering and robust, growing 3½-ft. Certainly the pinkest toned Iris yet raised. June.	
Suzanne Autissier (Denis).	12/6 each.
Flowers very massive on tall stems, s fine true blue, f velvety violet-purple with white throat reticulated brown. A very fine new seedling, very robust.	
Swazi (Bliss).	105/- each.
This is a new variety of the famous "Dominion" race, the colour being a rich reddish violet. This magnificent Iris will take a high place among the best. 3½-ft.	
Tenebrae (Bliss).	42/- each.
Another seedling of the Dominion race with large and finely-formed flowers, s rich violet-purple of great size and substance, f broad of a rich velvety blackish-purple with brown reticulations at the haft. 3-ft.	
Titan (Bliss).	21/- each.
The largest of all the Dominion race, flowers very large with spreading falls, of good substance, s arching light violet-blue, 3-in. broad, f violet-purple, white at the haft, broad and smooth. A very massive plant of branching and free-flowering habit. One of the most striking and fine Iris in cultivation. 3-ft.	
Titus.	5/- each.
Tall branching stems, flowers exceptionally large, s brilliant rose mauve, f rose crimson, fine orange beard. 3½-ft. June. Class 5.	
Vanessa.	7/6 each.
A fine free-flowering Squaleens hybrid, standards honey yellow, falls reddish-brown, paler at margins, colours clear, bright and striking. Sturdy. About 2½-ft.	
Yeoman (Bliss).	15/- each.
A Dominion race seedling, free flowering and strong, with rich blue-toned flowers of large size, standards clear light bluish-violet, smooth and arching, falls deep rich violet-blue with light brown reticulations on the haft. Very bright and clear colouring. 3-ft.	
Yolande (Millet).	10/6 each.
Souv. de Mdm. Gaudichau × Cypriana. A very fine true blue self, s shining blue, f pansy blue striated white at haft. Of great vigour, flowers very large on tall stems.	

General List of Bearded Iris.

IRIS

			Flowering.	Class.
	Afterglow , one of the newer American Iris, a soft grey lavender, shading to rich yellow at the haft, a very distinct Pallida type. 5/- each. 3-ft.		June	6
	Albert Victor , a tall form of Pallida, scented. 1/- each. 4-ft.		June	5
	Alcazar (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s bluish violet, f violet veined bronze, very large flower, growth robust. F.C.C. 1/6 each. 3-ft.		June	4
	Amas , s bright blue, f deep violet. 1/- each.		May	4
N	Ambassadeur (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s smoked reddish violet, f velvety violet, bright yellow beard, of great substance; a fine new introduction. A.M., F.R.H.S. 3/6 each. 4-ft. ...		June	4
	Ambigu (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s reddish purple, f velvety reddish brown, a very good variety, strong and free flowering. 2/6 each. 2½-ft.		June	4
	Archeveque (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s velvety violet, f purple, very rich colour and massive flower. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.		June	4
	Assyrie , white frilled and veined violet. 9d. each. 2½-ft....		June	2
	Aurea , a deep chrome yellow, very distinct. 9d. each. ...		June	8
	* Aurore , intense Prussian blue, very fine. 1/6 each. ...		June	5
	* Azure (<i>Bliss</i>), s lavender blue, f violet blue, not large but of perfect colour tone. 2/6 each. 2½-ft.		June	4
N	* Ballerine , a fine new Pallida form, very strong growth and well branched; large heliotrope flowers crimped at margin; very sweet scented. 5/- each. 3½-ft.		June	5
	Belladonna , very stout grower with branching stems and flowers of a rich china blue. 5/- each.		June	5
	Black Prince , s soft violet blue, f intense purplish-black, most beautiful. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.		June	4
	Blue Boy (<i>Foster</i>) s violet, f purple. 9d. each. 2-ft. ...		May	5
	* Camelot (<i>Bliss</i>), cream, edged violet. 2/6 each. 3½-ft. ...		June	2
	Caprice , s rosy claret, f deeper. 1/- each. 2-ft.		June	5
	Caterina (<i>Foster</i>) (<i>Cypriana</i> × <i>Pallida</i>). Of the same shade of lavender as <i>Pallida Dalmatica</i> but with more substance and stronger veining. A.M., R.H.S., 1907. 1/6 each. 4-ft.		June	5
	Celeste , a Pallida-type of softest sky blue, a most delightful colour. 1/- each. 3½-ft.		June	5
	Cherubin , s pale rose lilac, f lilac veined purple. 9d. ea. 2-ft.		June	5
N	* Clematis (<i>Bliss</i>), a unique variety like a large six petalled Clematis; light clear violet with variable veining at base, strong and free flowering. 3/6 each. 2-ft.		June	5
N	Cluny , s pale lilac, f a little deeper shade, marked brown purple on cream ground. 3/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	4
	Cordelia , s lilac shot rose, f crimson purple, very free flowering. 1/6 each. 2-ft.		June	4
N	* Corrida , light blue violet self, a most graceful and attractive variety, not large but of perfect form. 5/- each. 3-ft. ...		June	5

IRIS

			Flowering.	Class.
	Cottage Maid , s silvery blue, f white reticulated violet. 9d. each. 2-ft....	... ... ... ...	June	2
	Crimson King , large reddish violet; dwarf. 6d. each. 1½-ft.	...	May	5
N	* Crusader (<i>Foster</i>), s light blue, f violet blue, orange beard. 5/- each. 3½-ft.	... ... ... ...	May	4
	Dalila (<i>Denis</i>), s pale flesh white, f rich red purple with bright yellow beard. A fine Iris of a most distinct and striking colour. 5/- each. 2-ft.	... ... ...	June	7
	* Dejaset , s rosy bronze, f reddish violet; a very beautiful and distinct variety of sturdy habit. 2/- each	...	June	6
N	* Dimity (<i>Bliss</i>), s white, f white veined, lavender at throat; tall, branching and very decorative. 2/6 each. 3-ft.	...	June	2
	Dusky Maid , s pale buff, f deep mauve purple, with broad pale margin, reticulated heavily at haft. A fine plant. 2/6 each. 2½-ft.	... ... ...	June	7
	* Ed. Michel , wine red self. A.M., R.H.S. 3½-ft. 2/6 each.	...	May	5
	Eden Philpotts (<i>Perry</i>), (<i>Ciengialti</i> × <i>Pallida</i>). A beautiful early flowering variety with stout branching stems bearing many large flowers of a uniform shade of dark lavender blue, relieved by the striking white and yellow beard. 3/6 each.	... ... ...	June	5
N	E. H. Jenkins , a fine plant of great vigour, branching and free flowering. s pale steel blue purple, f deeper. 7/6 ea. 4-ft.	...	June	4
	* Eldorado (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s bronze yellow, shaded heliotrope, f bright purple, style arms gold. A very rich combination. A.M., B.H.S. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.	... ...	May	8
	Flavescens , primrose, sweet scented. 9d. each. 2½-ft.	...	May-June	8
	Flaming Sword , the brilliant effect of this fine Iris is indescribable, s brilliant deep yellow, f purple, edged gold. 3/6 each. 3-ft....	... ... ...	June	7
	Florentina alba , white, scented, large, early. 6d. each. 3-ft.	...	May	1
	Fritjof , s blue, f purple, very free flowering. 9d. each. 2½-ft.	...	May	4
	Fro , s yellow, f purple reticulated yellow. 1/- each. 2½-ft.	...	June	7
	Gagus , s canary yellow, f white, freely veined and reticulated claret, very free flowering, an improved Gracchus. A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each. 2-ft.	...	June	7
	Gerda , s creamy yellow, f deeper yellow. 6d. each. 2½-ft.	...	May	8
	Germanica (<i>type</i>), the well-known early flowering purple flag. 6d. each. 3-ft.	... ... ...	May	4
	Glitter , s golden yellow, f pale chestnut brown margined yellow. 2/6 each. 2-ft.	... ... ...	June	7
	* Grevin , s violet shot yellow, f violet striped yellow, very strong grower. 2/6 each. 1½-ft.	... ...	June	8
N	Gules , a very distinct bi-color. s pale lilac shot red, f rich pansy violet, half cream veined brown. 2/6 each. 3-ft.	...	June	4
N	Halo , s light violet, f bluish violet. A very fine Iris with flowers of largest size and good quality. 3/6 each. 3-ft.	...	June	4
	Hector , s pale yellow, f deep velvet crimson. 9d. each. 2-ft.	...	June	7
	Helge , s sulphur yellow, f deeper yellow. 9d. each. 1½-ft.	...	May	8

IRIS

			Flowering.	Class.
	Her Majesty , s soft rose pink, f deeper rose. 1/- each. 2½-ft.		June	4
	Ingeborg , s white, f smoky white, orange beard; the best early white. 1/- each. 2-ft.		May	1
	Innocenza , pure white, slight veining. 9d. each. 2½-ft. ...		May	1
	Iris-King , a rich old gold, f rich velvet crimson; very massive flower. A.M., R.H.S. 1/- each. 2-ft.		June	6
	Isoline (Vilmorin) , s lilac mauve, f purplish old rose, stout, bold foliage, very distinct. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 ea. 3-ft.		May	6
	Ivorine , ivory white with gold markings at base. 9d. ea. 2-ft.		June	1
	Jacquesiana , s coppery crimson, f deep reddish purple. 1/- each. 2½-ft.		June	6
	Jeanne d'Arc , white, tinted lavender. 1/- each. 2-ft. ...		May	2
	Kharput , s violet, f purple. 6d. each. 2½-ft. ...		May	4
	Lady Charles Alom (Perry) , a fine mid-season Iris, 's a beautiful shade of rich lavender blue, f light rose purple with pale yellow crest, extra large. 6/- each. ...		June	4
N	Lady Foster (Foster) , A.M., R.H.S. Flowers very large, smooth, and of stout texture, s pale blue, f light bluish violet veined old gold. 3/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	4
N	Lancelot , flowers pale rosy mauve, fine orange beard, very distinct. 2/6 each. 3-ft.		June	5
	La Niege , a fine robust white, flowers of great substance. 1/6 each. 2-ft.		June	1
	Lohengrin , pink flowers of good substance. 1/- each. 2-ft.		May-June	5
	Lord of June (Yeld) , s lavender blue, f rich violet. A very massive flower of good habit, scented. 1/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	4
	* Lorely , s bright clear yellow, f plum, margined yellow, reticulated white; early. 9d. each. 1½-ft. ...		May	6
N	* Magnifica (Vilmorin) , s light violet blue, f dark reddish violet, striped brown at base. Very massive and fine flowers. A.M., F.N.H.S. 7/6 each. 3-ft.		May	4
	Ma Mie , white frilled pale blue. 1/6 each. 2½-ft. ...		June	2
	Maori King (Ware) s rich golden yellow, f deep maroon purple. 9d. each. 2-ft.		June	7
N	* Marsh Marigold (Bliss) , s pale golden yellow, f deep purple brown with gold margin. 7/6 each. 2½-ft. ...		June	7
N	* Mdme. Chobaut (Denis) , s white shot yellow and fading into wine colour, f white edged lilac. 5/- each.		June	6
N	* Mdme. de Sevigne , white shot and veined blue. 5/- each.		June	2
N	Medrano , s reddish copper, f dark crimson purple flecked with yellow and lavender, a remarkable and unique flower of good substance. 5/- each. 2½-ft.		June	8
N	Mercedes (Vilmorin) , s crushed strawberry, f white veined blue. 5/- each. 2½-ft.		May	2
	Minnehaha , s soft yellow, f yellow reticulated red, large and showy. 3/6 each. 2½-ft.		June	7
	Mithras , s pale yellow, f violet. 1/- each. 2½-ft. ...		May	7
N	Moliere , s lilac purple, f dark velvety purple, veined brown at the haft. 5/- each. 2½-ft.		June	4

IRIS

		Flowering.	Class.
	Monsignor , s violet, f deeper violet margin. 1/- each. 2½-ft.	June	4
	Montezuma (<i>Farr</i>), one of the finest late yellow Iris; s sun-flower yellow slightly spotted bronze, f pale yellow lined brown; a strong free grower. 5/- each. 3-ft.	June	7
	Mrs. Allen Gray (<i>Foster</i>), pale pink. 1/- each. 2½-ft. ...	May	4
	Mrs. Neubronner , s and f golden yellow. 1/- each. 2-ft. ...	June	8
	Neptune , s bright pale blue, f rich dark purple, tall branching habit, flowers very large. 2/6 each. 2-ft.	June	4
	Nibelungen , s golden buff, f reddish purple on bronze ground. 1/- each. 2½-ft.	June	7
	Nine Wells , s light violet, f deep purple violet, white at throat, very stout, late. 1/6 each. 4-ft.	June	4
	Ochracea Caerulea (<i>Sunset</i>) (<i>Denis</i>). A.M., R.H.S., 1922. A strong growing free flowering late Iris. Standards old gold, well balanced, f coppery yellow suffused violet in centre of blade. 5/- each. 2½-ft.	June	8
N	*Opera (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s lilac, f velvet purple, very vigorous and free flowering. 2/6 each. 3-ft.	June	4
	Oriflame , s lavender, f rich violet, large. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.	May	4
	Orphée , s yellow, f pale yellow veined brown. 9d. each. ...	June	7
	Ossian , s pale yellow, f claret red. 1/6 each.	May	7
	Pallida dalmatica , pale lavender blue; a very handsome and tall Iris with glaucous foliage. 1/- each. 3½-ft.	June	5
	— fol. variegata , a fine blue flower, foliage golden variegated. 2/- each. 2½-ft.	June	4
	Parisiana , s white suffused purple, f white frilled lilac. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.	June	2
	Parc de Neuilly , deep violet blue self, flowers large, fine yellow beard. 2/6 each. 2½-ft.	June	5
	Petit Vitry , clear violet blue, falls reticulated white at haft. A small but many-flowered Iris, very pleasing in the mass. 1/- each. 1½-ft.	June	5
	Peter the Great , s light blue, f violet blue. 6d. each. 1½-ft.	May	4
	Pfauenage (<i>Peacock's Eye</i>), s golden bronze, f plum colour shaded gold at edges, a distinct and curious Iris. 2/6 each. 2-ft.	June	8
	Powhatan (<i>Farr</i>), tall, strong and early, a very distinct reddish purple, falls deeper in colour and tinged crimson. A well-formed flower. 3/6 each. 2½-ft.	June	5
	Princess Royal , soft blue, vigorous. 1/- each. 4-ft. ...	June	5
	Princess Victoria Louise , s primrose yellow, f reddish-purple, edged primrose. 1/6 each. 2-ft.	June	7
	Prosper Laugier , s bronze red, f bronze violet. 1/6 ea. 3-ft.	June	4
N	*Prospero (<i>Yeld</i>), s pale lavender, flushed yellow at base, f deep red purple, lighter at margin, orange beard; very vigorous and handsome. A.M., R.H.S. 3/6 each. 4-ft.	May	6
	Quaker Lady , s smoky lavender shaded yellow, f similar but darker, a most fascinating flower but impossible to aptly describe. 3/6 each. 2½-ft.	June	6
	Queen of May , s soft pink, f deep pink. 1/- each. 2½-ft. ...	June	5
	Queen Caterina (<i>Sturtevant</i>), a fine American variety, being a uniform shade of pale lavender violet with conspicuous orange beard, lasts over a long period. 5/- each. 4-ft. ...	June	5

IRIS

			Flowering	Class.
N	Raffet (<i>Vilmorin</i>), s dark blue, f dark blue, striped white at base. 2/6 each. 2-ft.		June	5
	Rhein Nine , s white, large, f rich purple edged white. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.		May	3
	Richard II (<i>Dykes</i>) (Seedling \times Black Prince), s white, f deep violet with white margin. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each. 18-in.		June	3
	*Ringdove , a Pallida type, strong growth, flowers lilac pink, very beautiful, free flowering and graceful. 3/6 each. 4-ft.		May	5
N	Rodney , a very fine true dark blue self, strong and of branching habit. 2/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	5
	*Romany (<i>Bliss</i>), s pale dusky yellow, f bright red, veined a very rich colour scheme; very free. 1/6 each. 2-ft. ...		May	7
	Rosalind , s rosy lavender, f almost lavender self, free and late flowering. 2/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	5
	Sapphire (<i>Dykes</i>), similar to Goldcrest but much earlier, flowers azure blue with a very conspicuous chrome yellow beard, very free flowering. 3/6 each. 2 to 2½-ft. ...		June	5
	Sarah (<i>Foster</i>), pearly white, very free flowering. 1/- each.		May	1
	Shelford Chieftain , s blue, f reddish violet broad flower; sweet scented. 1/6 each. 3-ft.		June	4
N	*Souvenir de Mdme. Gaudichau (<i>Millet</i>), a deep purple velvety bi-colour, of exceptional merit; one of the most beautiful of recent introductions. 5/- each. 3½-ft.		May	4
	Stamboul , s light blue, f rich violet blue, vigorous and free flowering. 2/6 each. 3-ft.		June	4
	Sunshine (<i>Yeld</i>), A.M., R.H.S., a bright yellow self, very free flowering and effective in the mass. 2/6 each. 2½-ft. ...		June	8
N	Sweet Lavender , s pale lavender, f very broad, rosy lavender, a very distinct and fine Iris, often carrying as many as 12 flowers on a spike. 10/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	5
	Tamar (<i>Bliss</i>), a fine reddish-lilac self of Pallida type, early and free, very strong. 1/6 each. 3½-ft.		June	5
	Tamerlane , s pale blue, f deep violet. 1/- each. 2½-ft. ...		May-June	4
	Tangiers , a dwarf sturdy variety of the Iris-King type. s arching copper-yellow, f plum violet margined yellow, heavy reticulated. 1/6 each. 1½-ft.		June	7
	Tartarian , enormous flowers, larger than any other, of two distinct shades of pale lavender blue, very stout. 3/6 each. 3-ft.		June	4
	The Bride , flowers pure white. 9d. each. 2½-ft.		May-June	1
	Tomtit (<i>Bliss</i>), deep self violet blue, a unique plant; flowers not large but are borne 3 or 4 on a stem. 1/6 ea. 1½-ft.		May	5
	*Tristram (<i>Bliss</i>), s clear white, f deep rich purple, richly veined at haft; distinct and beautiful. 1/6 each. 2-ft.		May	3
	Viking (<i>Bliss</i>), a lovely pure violet-blue Pallida. The flowers are large and the habit is exceedingly good. 3/6 each. 3-ft.		June	5
	Walhalla , s heliotrope, f deep violet. 9d. each. 1½-ft. ...		April-May	4
	White Knight (<i>Saunders</i>), an absolutely snow-white Iris, possibly the finest white, free flowering and sweet scented. 3/6 each. 3-ft.		June	1
	Zwanenberg , a curious mottled flower, silvery grey splashed greenish bronze. 1/- each. 2-ft.		May	—

Iris. Species and Miscellaneous Varieties.

			Flowering
M	<i>aurea</i> , fine bold golden yellow flowers. 1/3 each. 4-ft....	...	June
RM	<i>Ciengialti Loppio</i> , pale blue, sweet scented. 9d. each. 1-ft. ...	...	May
	<i>Cristata</i> , beautiful deep blue, spotted and fringed orange, very free flowering; likes a warm moist position. 1/- each. ...	...
	<i>Delavayi</i> , violet-blue flowers. 1/- each. 3-ft. ... ... ...	...	June
	<i>Ensata</i> , greyish blue, with exquisite markings. 9d. each. 15-in. ...	...	May
	— <i>oxypetala</i> , soft lavender. 9d. each. 1½-ft. ... ... ...	...	May
	<i>Fimbriata</i> , a very beautiful little Iris bearing many flowers on a stem, lilac, spotted yellow and white, fringed, resembles a small orchid. Hardy in warm positions but flowers best in a cold house. 1/6 each. 2-ft. ... ... .. ...	...
	<i>Foetidissima folis variegata</i> , foliage edged silver. 1/- ea. 1½-ft.	...	June
	<i>Forresti</i> , a striking Chinese Iris with grassy foliage, flowers yellow, slightly netted at throat. 1/6 each. 1½-ft. ... ...	...
	<i>Iberica</i> × <i>Pallida</i> Hybrids.		
*	— <i>Dilkash</i> , large globular flowers, s violet, netted, f reddish purple. 7/6 each. 2-ft. ... ... ... ...	...	May
	— <i>Shiraz</i> , s soft violet purple, f deeper purple with black blotch at throat; a handsome flower. 5/- each. 2-ft. ... ...	...	May
	— <i>Shirin</i> , s large bluish violet, veined, f dull violet purple, veined dark purple and reticulated white. 5/- each. 2-ft. ...	...	May
M	KAEMPFERI , better known as the Japanese Water Iris, ranging in colour from white through blue to purple. They grow 2 to 3-ft. in height. Mixed varieties, 1/- each, 10/6 per doz.; named varieties, 2/6 each, 24/0 per doz. ... ... ...	...
M	<i>Lævigata</i> (<i>Rose Queen</i>), a very beautiful Japanese Iris somewhat like Kaempferi, flowers rose violet. 2/6 each. 2-ft. ...	...	June
	<i>Longipetala</i> white suffused lilac, veined orange. 9d. each. 2½-ft.	...	June
	<i>Montana</i> (<i>syn. Missouriensis</i>), flowers pale blue. 1/- each. 2-ft.	...	May-June
	<i>Monnierii</i> , rich deep yellow flower. 1/- each. 3-ft. ...	...	June-July
	<i>Monspur</i> , violet blue of strong constitution. 1/- each. 4-ft. ...	...	June-July
M	— <i>A. J. Balfour</i> , ultramarine, yellow throat. 1/6 each. 4-ft. ...	...	June
M	— <i>A. W. Tait</i> , light blue, very bold and fine. 1/6 each. 4-ft. ...	...	June
	<i>Notha</i> , s violet suffused rose, f narrow, deep blue, veined darker, yellow throat. 1/- each. 3-ft. ... ... ...	...	May-June
	<i>Ochroleuca</i> , creamy white. 1/3 each. 4-ft. ... ... ...	...	July
R	<i>pumila caerulea</i> , azure blue flowers. 9d. each. 9-in. ...	...	March-April
	— <i>cyannea</i> , s violet blue, f deep purple. 9d. each. 9-in. ...	...	April-May
	— <i>lutea</i> , s pale yellow, f deeper yellow. 9d. each 9-in. ...	...	March-April
	<i>Shefford Giant</i> , s pale yellow, f cream. 3/6 each. 6-ft. ...	...	June
M	Siberica Orientalis, Emperor , large bluish violet. 1/- each. 3-ft.	...	June
N	— <i>Perrys Blue</i> , pale sky blue, a very beautiful new variety. 1/6 each. 3-ft. ... ... ...	...	June
M	— <i>Orientalis, Snow Queen</i> , large snow-white. A.M., R.H.S. 9d. each. 3-ft. ... ... ...	...	June
M	<i>Spuria</i> , lavender blue. 9d. each. 3-ft. ... ... ...	...	July
M	— <i>illacina</i> , soft lilac flower. 9d. each. 3½-ft. ... ... ...	...	June-July
	<i>Stylosa</i> , deep blue flowers. 9d. each. 1-ft. ... ... ...	...	Jan.
	— <i>alba</i> , a beautiful white form, scarce. 1/- each. 1-ft. ...	...	Jan.-Feb.
	— <i>maculata</i> , fine blue flowers, mottled purple. 1/- each. 1½-ft.	...	Jan.-Feb.
M	<i>Setosa Canadensis</i> , flowers blue, deeply veined. 9d. each. 1½-ft.	...	May
	<i>Versicolor</i> , pale blue flowers. 9d. each. 1½-ft. ... ... ...	...	May-June
	<i>Wilsoni</i> , a yellow Chinese species. 1/6 each. 3-ft. ... ... ...	...	June

English Iris.

These are much larger and quite three weeks later than Spanish Iris to which they form a succession.

							Doz.	100.
Beethoven , reddish purple	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
Bleu Superbe , fine blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
General Velter , cream and soft blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
Julius , large dark blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
Lorenzo de Medicis , white and mauve	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
Mont Blanc , pure white, magnificent	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
In finest Mixture	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/3	9/0

Dutch Iris.

A new race of Iris resulting between crosses of Early Spanish Iris and other early flowering varieties. They are larger and of stronger growth than the Spanish varieties and bloom about 2 weeks earlier, most useful for cutting.

							Doz.	100.
Albert Cuyp , falls white blotched yellow, standards white shaded blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/3	15/0
Albert Newhaye , sulphur yellow, and orange, extra fine	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/0	22/0
Anton Mauve , soft blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/3	8/0
Frans Hals , standards light violet, falls yellow	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/3	8/0
Hobbema , falls white, yellow blotch, standards light blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/0	20/0
Rembrandt , falls beautiful blue, with large conspicuous orange blotch, standards purple blue; one of the best for early forcing	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
Van Beyereu , standards pale blue, falls orange yellow	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	14/0
Mixed , all colours	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	6/0

Spanish Iris.

These lovely flowers, rivalling the Orchid in their wonderful combination of colours, are specially recommended, moderate in cost, and grow well with little trouble; these should be planted in the autumn, a damp well-drained spot suits them best, they also grow well in pots and bloom when flowers are scarce.

							Doz.	100.
Alex. V. Humboldt , a fine deep blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Belle Chinoise , fine deep yellow	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
British Queen , white, extra	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Cajanus , golden yellow, tall grower	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Darling , deep blue, extra, sweet scented	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Flora , pretty light blue and white, extra large	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Hercules , bronze and violet	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/6	8/0
King of the Blues , dark blue, sweet scented	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
King of the Whites , very large, pure white	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Louise , large lavender and white	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Queen Wilhelmina , pure white, strong grower	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Reconnaissance , dark bronze; extra fine	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/6	8/0
Sweet Lavender , pale lavender blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/0	5/0
Thunderbolt , large golden bronze	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/0	15/0
Mixed, all colours	...	...	...	...	...	30/0 1,000	6d.	4/0

Various—Bulbous Iris.

				Doz.	100
Alata , pale blue, winter flowering ...	...	...	6d. each	3/6	25/0
Bucharia , pale yellow, free flowering ...	...	...	1/0 each	10/6	75/0
Danfordiae , golden yellow spotted green ...	...	...	8d. each	6/0	40/0
Filifolia , blue, a grand variety for early forcing, colour beautiful sky-blue, large and substantial flowers. 1½-ft. to 2-ft. ...				2/6	15/0
Histro , porcelain blue, spotted ...	...	...	1/0 each	7/6	55/0
Histroides Major , large light blue, extra fine, early	1/3 each			12/0	—
Pavonia (<i>Moraea glaucopsis</i>), pure white blotted azure blue...				2/0	15/0
Persica , lavender, spotted, very sweet scented ...	1/3 each			12/0	80/0
Reticulata , dark purple and golden yellow ...	...	6d. each		5/6	42/0
Sind-pers , pale blue, for rockeries...	...	...	2/6 each	25/0	—
Sindjarensis , light blue, fine for pots ...	...	...	2/6 each	25/0	—
Sinja-reichi , bright blue, early ...	...	...	2/0 each	18/0	—
Susiana (<i>The Mourning Iris</i>), flowers very large and shapely, ground colour dark grey, covered with a dense network of purplish black veins. Requires a warm position and lime					
		9d. each		7/6	45/0
Tingitiana , large, similar to Spanish Iris but earlier, very fine		6d. each		4/6	30/0
Vartani , slate blue, December flowering ...	...	1/0 each		7/6	55/0

Regelia Iris.

Flowering April-May. Plant in a warm well-drained position. Lift in July and store in sand in a hot sunny position such as in a greenhouse; replant in October.

			Each.	Doz.
Hoogiana , one of the most beautiful of all Iris; soft lavender blue self; most beautiful as a cut flower ...	...	...	1/3	12/6
Korolkowi , white ground, heavily veined brown...	...	...	1/6	16/0
Stolonifera , a most unique colour, mainly brown shot pink, waved edges ...	...	...	1/3	12/6

Regelio—Cyclus Iris.

This fine race has been produced by crossing the Oncocyclus and Regelia Iris. They are most striking and of fine substance, requiring a well-drained soil with plenty of lime, and a hot sunny position.

			Each.
Beatrix , soft pearl grey, veined dark violet ...	...	...	2/6
Charon , F.C.C., dark brown, veined black ...	...	...	1/3
Hecate , soft rosy white, silvery grey, veined brown and bronze ...			1/6
Isis , ruby red, with purple veins; one of the best; A.M., R.H.S. ...			3/6
Osiris , large, pale lavender, heavily veined purple brown ...	...	...	1/6
Mixed , all colours ...	...	...	80/0 100; 12/0 doz. —

KNIPHOFIA (*Tritoma, Red Hot Poker*), most valuable autumn flowering border plants. They prefer a sandy soil; well-rotted manure should be given.

alooides grandis, reddish yellow. 1/- to 2/- each. Sept.-Oct. 5-ft.

Burchelli, brilliant scarlet, bold. 1/6 each.

Egypt, distinct shade of orange yellow. 3/6 each, Aug.-Sept. 3-ft.

Express, orange and salmon flowers, very fine. 1/6 to 2/6. June-Aug. 4-ft.

Goldelse, pale gold, dwarf. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each. 2-ft.

KNIPHOFIA gracilis hybrids, a pretty group with miniature flowers of varied colours.
1/6 each. 2-ft.

Lord Roberts, rich soft scarlet. 3/6 each. 4-ft.

Nobilis, massive scarlet. 1/6 each. July-Sept. 5-ft.

rufa, primrose yellow, shading to red. 1/6 each. July-Aug. 2-ft.

N The Rocket. 5/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

LATHYRUS (*Everlasting Pea*), showy plants for covering arches or fences,
grandiflorus, crimson. 1/- each. June-Sept. 6-ft.

latifolius (*Everlasting Pea*), pink. 1/- each. June-Sept. 6-ft.

N — The Pearl, pure white, very large. 1/6 each. June-Sept. 6-ft.

LAVATERA Olbia Rosea (see Malva, p. 35).

LIATRIS pycnostachya, spikes of purple flowers. 9d. each. Aug.-Oct. 3½-ft.

LILIES, hardy species and kinds for pot culture, see p. 47.

LILY OF THE VALLEY (see Convallaria, p. 12).

LINARIA (*Toadflax*), They thrive well in any well-drained garden soil.

dalmatica, primrose-yellow, with glaucous foliage. 9d. each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

R LINNAEA borealis, flowers palest rose coloured, plant of creeping habit, evergreen.
Thriving best in moist and shady spots. Britain. 1/- each. May-July. 6-in.

LINUM (*Perennial Flax*), graceful plants, free and continuous flowering.

R Alpinum, dwarf habit, lavender blue flowers. 1/- each.
arboreum, bright yellow, foliage evergreen. 1/- ea. June-Sept. 1½-ft. See Fig. 16.
Monogynum, white flowers. A New Zealand species. 1/- each.
Narbonense, slender branching stems covered with blue flowers. 9d. each.
perenne, starch blue, graceful. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2-ft.
— **album**, a white variety. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2-ft.

R LIPPA repens, a pink carpet plant, dry but rich soil. 9d. each. June-Sept. 6-in.

LITHOSPERMUM (*Gromwell*), creeping plants, with evergreen foliage. They thrive
in sandy loam, free from lime, but the position must be well drained.

R prostratum, deep amethyst. A trailing species. 1/- each. May-Sept. 6-in.

R — Heavenly Blue, flowers opal blue. A charming form of prostratum, more
robust. 9d. each. May-Sept. 6-in.

LOBELIA.

cardinalis, **Queen Victoria**, purplish foliage, spikes of fine scarlet flowers.

1/- each; 10/6 doz.

sylphilitica, flowers bright blue. A fine bog garden plant. 1/- each. 2-ft.

LUPINUS (*Lupin*), most showy hardy plants for the border, free flowering and
thriving well in ordinary garden soil. Flowering May to September.

arboreus (*Tree Lupin*), bright yellow, shrubby nature. 9d. each. 5-ft.

— **Snow Queen**, a fine white variety. 1/- each.

polyphyllus albus, white. 9d. each. 4-ft

— blue. 9d. each.

— **Downers Delight**. 10/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

— **Kate**, blue and white. 1/- each.

— **Light of Loddon**. 3/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

— **Moerhoemi**, a fine pink, most profuse. 1/- each.

— **Pamela**, pink and white. 1/- each.

— **Pink Pearl**. 7/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

— **Radiant Queen**, deep blue and white. 1/- each.

— **Roseus**, coral rose pink. 1/- each. 3-ft.

— **Seedlings**, mixed. 6d. each. 5/- doz.

— **Snowfall**, pure white. 2/6 each.

— **Tunic**, delicate shell pink. 5/- each.

Sunshine. 1/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

LYCHNIS (*Campion*), bright, free flowering plants. Flowering June-Sept.
— **chalconica**, scarlet flowers. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2½-ft.
— **flora plena**, a double-flowered variety. 1/- each. 2½-ft.

LYSIMACHIA (*Loosestrife*), pretty free flowering plants, mostly moisture loving.
— **davurica**, sulphur yellow, close spikes. 9d. each. July-Sept. 2-ft.

R **Nummularia** (*Creeping Jenny*), yellow. 4d. each. 3/- doz. May-Aug. 2-in.

LYTHRUM Virgatum Rose Queen, bright rosy pink. 9d. each. June-Sept. 3-ft.
— **Salicaria Rose Queen**, rose pink of a different shade to the above, a good
companion. 1/- each.

MALVA (*Mallow*), pretty and useful plants for the border, of easy cultivation.
— **moschata**, very large pink flowers. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2½-ft.
— **alba**, a white variety of the above. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2-ft.

N **olbia rosea**, pink on branched stems; a very fine shrubby plant covered with
flowers from June to Sept. 1/6 to 2/6 each. 5-ft. See Fig. 17.

R **MAZUS pumilio**, a beautiful little carpet plant, with mauve tubular flowers.
9d. each. 1-in.

MECONOPSIS cambrica flora plena (*Welsh Poppy*), very beautiful. 1/- per pot.

MEGASEA (see *Saxifraga Megasea*, page 41).

R **MENTHA Requieni**, a creeping mint suitable for the rockery or for damp walls,
purple flowers and peppermint-scented foliage. 9d. each. July. ½-in.

MIMULUS (*Musk*), free-flowering plants for moist places.
— **luteus**, bright yellow, free. 9d. each. 7/6 doz. May-Sept. 2-ft.
— **Sunset**, deep orange, yellow throat. 9d. each. 7/6 doz. June-Sept. 6-in.

MONARDA (*Bergamot or Horsemint*), bold plants, with aromatic foliage.
— **Cambridge Scarlet**, intense scarlet. 9d. each. June-Sept. 3-ft.
— **didyma alba**, a white flowered variety. 9d. each. June-Sept. 3-ft.

MONTBRETTIA see *Bulbous Plants*, p. 48.

MORISIA hypogea, a delightful golden yellow alpine, set on neat rosettes of pretty
serrated foliage. 1/- each.

MYOSOTIS (*Forget-me-not*), of easy cultivation in a shady situation.
— **dissitiflora**, opal blue, a favourite bedding plant. 3/- doz., 18/- 100. May. 1-ft.
— **alba**, white form of the above. 6d. each. 5/- doz. Apl.-May. 1-ft.

R **NEPETA mussini** (*Cat Mint*), profuse lavender flowers, greyish, scented foliage,
Caucasus. In Pots, 9d. each. 8/- doz. From open ground, 6d. each.
5/- doz. 35/- 100.

— **grandiflora**, Souv. d'Andre Chandon. 1/- each. (See Novelties, p. 4).

R **NIEREMBERGIA Rivularis**, pure white cup-shaped flowers set on dense carpets of
foliage. 9d. each.

OENOTHERA (*Evening Primrose*), useful both for borders and rock gardens.

R **missouriensis** (*syn. macrocarpa*), deep yellow. 9d. each. June-Aug. 1-ft.
— **speciosa**, white, very graceful. 9d. each. June-Sept. 1½-ft.
— **rosea**, beautiful rose coloured flowers. 9d. each. June-Sept. 1½-ft.

ONOSMA alba roseum, rosy white flowers, hoary creeping foliage. 1/- each.
— **echoioides** (*syn. tauricum*) (*Golden Drop*), flowers yellow on graceful spikes, a
very striking plant. 1/6 each. June-Sept. 1-ft.

ORIGANUM hybridum, a charming plant for border or rockery, bearing masses of
nodding bright pink flowers in summer. 1/- each.

R **OXALIS enneaphylla**, large white flowers, glaucous leaves. 1/6 ea. June-Aug. 4-in.

PAEONIES.

Certainly the Paeony must rank as one of the foremost Herbaceous Plants. The plant is handsome, of good shape and stands well; the flowers, often fragrant, are to be had as singles or doubles, the colour ranges from white to crimson through all shades of cream and pink, one species being yellow.

Paeonies are divided into two classes, the strictly Herbaceous Paeony and the Tree Paeony with woody stem.

They are not particular as to soil, but are one of the plants which fully repay a liberal dressing of well rotted manure. With this attention, blooms of enormous size are produced. They are suitable for Herbaceous Borders or Shubberies (not too shaded). In America these wonderful plants are one of the most appreciated and we wish to make them more popular in this country. A little patience is necessary as the Paeony will not give a good show of bloom the first year, they need to become established and should not be disturbed.

CULTURE.—To grow Paeonies successfully, they should either be in beds by themselves at 3-ft. apart, or given good, well-manured stations. The ground should be trenched 3-ft. deep and well mixed with half-decayed manure. When well established, lift and divide them every fourth year, enrich the ground and re-plant.

Achille, pale rose, full flower, 1/6 & 2/6

Albert Crousse, pale salmon, 2/6

Albilflora carnea, salmon, extra, 3/6

Amalthea, pale silvery pink, 2/6

Baroness Schrader, rosy, cream centre, 2/6

Berlioz, deep magenta, self, 1/6

Chas. Binder, pink, yellow centre, 2/6

Cheddar Cliffs, large loose, blush, 2/6

Cingalee, 5/- ea. (See Novelties, p. 4).

Comte de Paris, pink, centre yellow, 2/-

Duchesse de Nemours or **Snowball**, white incurved, ivory centre, 2/6

Emily Lemoine, pink, double, 3/6

Elsie, semi-double cream, tipped salmon, 5/-

Empress Eugenie, rose, darker outside, 2/-

Glory of Huyse, deep rose, large, 2/6

Glory of Somerset, rich deep rose, 2/6

Humea carnea, rosy pink, 2/6

La Perle, soft pink, extra, 3/6

La Volupteuse, claret, gold anthers, 2/6

Lady Leonora Bramwell, silvery pink, 2/6

Iutescens, palest yellow, extra fine, 3/6

Mde. Eugene Verdier, blush double, 2/6

Mde. de Galtha, salmon rose, 2/-

— **Lebou**, cherry, ivory centre, 2/6

— **Rousillon**, very large, half double, pale flesh, extra, 3/6

— **Venaville**, very fine white, 2/6

Many other varieties in stock and on trial.

Moutan or Japanese and Chinese Tree Paeonies.

These require a lightly shaded spot, sheltered from late frosts and cutting East winds, and where the morning sun on rising does not strike on them as they start to grow early. They are, however, perfectly hardy. They delight in a good rich alluvial soil. Price 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each, according to age. Pot grown.

Elizabeth, fine salmon rose.

Lactea, pure white.

Louise Moucheton, salmon rose.

Triomphe de Gand, rich salmon.

GIANT-FLOWERED POPPIES.

Papaver orientale and bracteatum varieties.

The following embrace the newest and best; they grow from 2-ft. to 4-ft. tall. Of easy cultivation, but they should be well fed with good manure, liquid manure being preferable. Flowering May to July, and most varieties flower again in Sept. G. B. & Co.'s selection, 8/- doz.

Bracteatum, scarlet, with black spots.
9d. each.

Ethel Swete. 2/6 each.
(See Novelties, p. 4).

King George, scarlet, fringed, large,
9d. each.

N Lord Lamourne, scarlet; the finest
fringed variety yet produced.
1/- each.

Mrs. J. Harkness, salmon. 1/- each.

Mrs. Perry, silvery salmon pink,
A.M., R.H.S. 9d. each.

Perry's White, a good white. 1/- ea.

POPPIES, species, etc. :—

R nudicaule, yellow, white, doubles
and mixed. 9d. each.

sunbeam, an improved race of
nudicaule, yellow, white, salmon
or mixed. 9d. each; 5/- doz.

PENTSTEMON.

Cristatus, a small shrubby species with fine amethyst blue flowers. 2/6 ea. 4-in.

Scouleri, lilac blue flowers freely produced, evergreen, a very fine plant.
N.W. America. 1/- each. May-July. 1½-ft.

R heterophyllus, rich blue, on elegant spikes. 1/- each.

PENTSTEMONS, bedding varieties, splendid named sorts, flowering June till late autumn. G. B. & Co.'s selection. 6d. each; 4/6 doz.

Newbury Gem, brick red. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

— white form of Newbury Gem. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Pink Newbury Gem, pink, edged white. 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Southgate Gem, dark red, extra. 9d. each; 8/- doz.

Thomas Shaw, very dark crimson, extra large flower. 9d. each. 8/- doz.

PHALARIS (see Bamboos and Grasses, p. 44).

ALPINE PHLOX. See Fig. 18.

A beautiful class of plants for the rockery, many forming dense masses of creeping foliage, which in Spring is covered with blooms. Flowering May to July.

In Pots. All about 4-in. to 6-in. high.

• 9d. each; 8/- per doz., except those priced.

Divaricata Laphami, lilac blue, a very
beautiful form. 1/- each.

Subulata (Mossy) varieties :—

— **atropurpurea**, purple rose.

— **Bijou alba**, white,

— **rosea**, miniature variety.

Subulata (Mossy) varieties :—

— **G. F. Wilson**, fine mauve. 1/- each.

— **Newry Seedling**, blue.

— **Reptans**, violet.

— **vivid**, 1/- each; 10/6 doz.

— **The Bride**, white.

PHLOXES. LARGE FLOWERED PERENNIAL.

Purchaser's Selection, 1/- each; 10/6 per doz., except those priced.

SPECIAL OFFER of surplus Phlox. Good Varieties. Our Selection; 5/- per doz.; 35/- per 100.

Many newer kinds on trial can be supplied as stock permits.

CULTIVATION.

The border should be trenched and well manured; and as the plants grow the smallest shoots should be cut away, and the rest be securely staked to slope outwards, in order to develop fine trusses; water freely in dry weather, and, in the South, they pay for mulching, and prefer an East border where the sun does not shine on them all day.

N	Commander-in-Chief , crimson, dark eye, 1/6	Jeanne d'Arc, a large late white. 2-ft.
	Daniel Lessieur , white splashed blue. 2-ft.	Josephine Gerbeaux , white with red eye. 2-ft.
	Eclaireur , purplish carmine, suffused white. 1-ft.	Lady Tate , soft rose, fine. 1-ft.
	Elizabeth Campbell , palest cerise, white eye, distinct. 1½-ft.	Le Mahdi , large, violet. 2-ft.
	Emperor , carmine red, darker eye, 1/6	Mdme. Neera , large silvery white, backs of petals heliotrope. 6d. each. 2½-ft.
	Eugene Danzanvilliers , white suffused lilac. 1½-ft.	Mia Ruy s, a fine large white. 1/6 ea. 1½-ft.
	Evelyn , immense salmon rose flowers. 1/6 each. 2½-ft.	Mrs. Arthur Baker , rosy pink. 2½-ft.
	Flambeau , deeper than Etna. 2½-ft.	Mrs. E. Pritchard . 1.6 each. (See Novelties p. 5).
	Frau Ann Buchner , pure white, strong.	Mrs. Milly Van Hoboken , very large soft pink self, 1/6
	G.A. Strohlein , orange scarlet, carmine eye.	Mrs. Scholten , dark salmon pink.
	Gen. Von Hentz , salmon red. 3-ft.	Pantheon , very large deep rose. 1½-ft.
	Gruppen Koningen , creamy rose, pink eye, large.	Reichgraff von Hockberg , brilliant blue purple.
	Homeland , dark orange red, large truss. 1/6 each.	Ryanstroon , deep pink, white eye. 2-ft.
	Iris , violet shaded lavender. 2½-ft.	Selma , pale rose, large. 3-ft.
		Summercloud , white, crimson centre.
		Tapis Blanc , dwarf white. 1-ft.
		Thor , salmon red, blood red centre.
		Vald Jensen , salmon red white eye. 1/6 ea.
		Wm. Robinson , large bright rose. 2½-ft.

PHYSALIS Bunyardi (*Winter Cherry*), an interesting hybrid, very robust and with large fruits. 9d. each; 8/- doz. June-July. 3-ft.

PLATYCODON (*Chinese Bell Flower*), magnificent border plants. See Fig. 21.

Mariesii, one of the finest of all border plants, bearing masses of enormous open cup-shaped flowers of a beautiful slate blue. Japan. 1/- ea. July-Sept. 1½-ft.
—**album**, enormous cup-shaped white flowers slightly blue on the outside of the petals. Japan. 1/- each. July-Sept. 1½-ft.

PLUMBAGO Larpatae (*see Ceratostigma*).

POLEMONIUM himalayanum, purple, fern-like foliage. 9d. each. May-July. 2-ft.

POLYANTHUS, fine old-fashioned plants for beds or borders.

Gold-laced varieties, extra choice selected. 6d. to 1/- each.

Giant flowered border, all colours. 4/6 doz.; 35/- 100.

Large flowered, fancy, all colours. 6/- doz.

Yellow Nose-in-Nose, very fine. 9d. each; 7/6 doz.

Mixed, all colours. 18/- to 30/- 100, according to size.

POLYGONATUM Officinale (*Solomon's Seal*), white flowers. 9d. each. May-June. 2-ft.

R **POLYGONUM vaccinifolium**, pink, creeping. 9d. each. July-Oct. 6-in.

R — **Bistorta**, rosy red flowers, graceful. 9d. each. 8-in.

POPPY (*see Papaver* page 37).

POTENTILLA (*Strawberry Flower or Cinquefoil*). Flowering June-Sept.

atrosanguinea (*Gibson's Scarlet*), crimson scarlet. A.M., R.H.S. 9d. each. June-Sept. 1½-ft.

R **Tonguei**, orange scarlet, crimson eye. 1/- each. 9-in.

PRIMULAS (Primroses).

This large genus contains many of the most interesting and charming of all dwarf plants. With few exceptions they prefer a somewhat moist and shady situation, but not under trees. For the alpine varieties a well-drained soil is very necessary for success.

M ... indicates varieties requiring moist situations.

acaulis Pompadour, velvet maroon, gold eye, scarce. 2/6 each.

double yellow. 9d. each. 7/6 doz.

double lilac. 9d. each. 7/6 doz.

single blue. 9d. each. 7/6 doz.

auricula alpina, mixed colours in great variety. 9/- to 12/- doz.

— extra choice. 12/- to 18/- doz.

Helodoxa. 1/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 5).

M japonica, rich purple flowers produced in whorls around the tall stems; requires a moist situation. Japan. 9d. each. May-Aug. 1½-ft.

M pulverulenta, deep crimson flowers borne in whorls, farinose foliage. N. China. 9d. each. May-June. 2-ft.

R involucrata Munroi, white, scented. Himalaya. 9d. each. Apl.-July. 6-in. **Juliae**, rose purple. 9d. each. Apl.-May. 3-in.

marginata, leathery leaves, margined white, flowers rose. 1/- each.

minima, neat cushions of foliage set with large rose flowers. 1/6 each.

rosea, a choice species, flowers rose. 1/- each.

R Sieboldi, large flowers of exquisite colour. 9d. to 1/6 each.

Sikkimensis, one of the most beautiful with stout naked stems bearing drooping clusters of yellow scented flowers. 1/- each.

Vulgaris (The Common Primrose). 2/- doz. 12/6 100.

PULMONARIA (Lungwort), useful early flowering border plants.

montana (syn. *mollis*), rosy flowers. 9d. each. Apl.-June. 1-ft.

saccharata, blue and rose, mottled foliage. 9d. each. May-June. 1-ft.

HYBRID BORDER PYRETHRUMS.

The hybrid varieties are without doubt one of the finest of all garden plants; producing a great wealth of aster-like flowers, they are most valuable for cutting. The plants should only be transplanted in August or Spring.

Flowering May and June, and growing about 2-ft. high.

Albert Victor, crimson, single, rather dwarf. 9d. each.

Agnes Mary Kelway, one of the best pinks, single. 9d. each.

Aphrodite, the finest white, very useful for cutting, double. 9d. each.

Atossa, deep pink, single. 9d. each.

Eileen May Robinson. 3/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 5).

Fairy, cherry red, yellow eye; white ring base of petals, single. 9d. each.

Genl. French, dark crimson, very telling and free, single. 1/- each.

La Dante, rosy red, very fine, double. 6d. each.

Lord Beaconsfield, deep rose pink, long outer florets, double. 9d. each.

Margaret Moore, pale silvery pink, very free flowering, single. 1/- each.

Mrs Bateman Brown, dark velvet crimson, single. 1/- each.

Queen Mary, silvery pink, flowers very large. The finest double. 1/- each.

White Queen Mary. 2/6 each. (See Novelties, p. 5).

RAMONDIA, charming plants for rock gardens; they prefer a shaded aspect, and should be planted in the sloping clefts of the rocks, so that the water does not collect in the leaves. The soil should be peaty and well drained.

R pyrenaica, lilac, crinkled foliage, hairy beneath. 1/- each. June-Aug. 6-in.

NR — alba, a scarce white variety. 5/- and 7/6 each. June-Aug. 6-in.

RANUNCULUS.

aconiti folius plenus (*Fair Maids of France*), dense masses of small double white flowers. 1/- each.
R alpestris, the well known snow white buttercup of the Swiss Alps, very beautiful. 1/- each. 2-in.

R RAOULIA australis, forms carpet of silver grey foliage. 9d. each. 1-in.

N ROMNEYA Coulteri (*Californian Tree Poppy*), a beautiful plant with large white poppy-like flowers and masses of golden stamens; glaucous foliage. Should be planted in a dry and warm position, and be left undisturbed. California. Pots, 2/6 to 3/6 each. June-Oct. 3-ft.

RUDBECKIA (*Cone Flower*), for border and cutting. Aug.-Sept.

herbstonne, a stately plant with large golden yellow flowers, fine for cutting. 1/- each. 5-ft.

lacinata flore pleno, fine double flowers. 9d. each. 8-ft.

purpurea (*see Echinacea*, p. 15).

speciosa (*syn. Newmanii*), golden yellow, black centre. 9d. each.. 2-ft.

SALVIA (*Sage*), a very interesting and widely-distributed genus.

azurea grandiflora, azure blue. Mediterranean. 1/- each. July-Aug. 5-ft.

pratensis lupinoides, this fine old sage, so characteristic of the alpine meadows, is a wonderful sight when in flower. 6d. each. 2-ft.

scalaria, rosy bracts, white flowers. 9d. each. July-Sept. 3-ft.

virgata (*syn. nemerosa*), bracts and flowers violet. 9d. each. June-Sept. 2ft.

— *alba*, a good white form. 1/- each. 1½-ft.

uliginosa, beautiful azure blue flowers. 1/- each. Aug.-Sept. 4-ft.

SANTOLINA (*Lavender Cotton*) (*see List of Shrubs*, p. 55).

SAPONARIA officinalis alba fl. pl., fine double white flowers, tinged rose. A valuable Autumn flowering plant. Europe. 9d. each. July-Sept. 2 ft.

SAXIFRAGES.

It is perhaps unnecessary to describe at length the great merits and beauty of this large genus, which is without doubt one of the most useful for the rock garden. Most of the species are of easy culture, the encrusted section requiring a little lime in the soil. The genus is roughly divided into the Mossy (varieties with mossy-green foliage which require a moist shady situation), Encrusted (varieties which have silver-encrusted leaves, and thrive on dry ledges of the rock), and London Pride (varieties which are so well-known as edging plants). To facilitate reference the list has been arranged alphabetically, and the divisions are indicated so:—

M ... Mossy. *E* ... Encrusted. *LP* ... London Pride.

Prices are for established plants IN LITTLE POTS.

E *Aizoon*, flowers white. Europe. 9d. each. May. 9-in.
E — *rosea*, rose pink. 9d. each. May. 9-in.
E — *lutea*, lemon yellow. Alps. 9d. each. May. 9-in.
M *apiculata*, sulphur yellow. 9d. each. March. 4-in.
NM — *alba*, a lovely white form. 1/- each. March. 4-in.
E *Burseriana*, large milky-white flowers. Alps. 9d. each. Mar.-May. 2-in.
E — *crenata*, a large form. 1/- each. Mar.-May. 3-in.
E — *speciosa*, white, very dwarf. 9d. each. Apr.-May. 2-in. See Fig. 24.
E — *tridentina*, large white. 1/6 each. Mar.-May. 3-in.
E *cotyledon pyramidalis*, spikes of white flowers. 9d. and 1/- each. May-June. 2-ft.
E *cuneifolia*, white, spotted yellow. 9d. each. May-June. 3-in.
M *decipiens Bathoniensis*, bright red, changing to pink. 9d. ea. Apr.-May. 6-in.
E *Dr. Ramsay*, white, dotted pink. 1/6 each. June. 8-in.
M *Elizabethae*, pale yellow. 9d. each. Apr.-June. 3-in.



Phlox.

Fig. 20.



Platycodon.

Fig. 21.



Scabious

Fig. 22.



Sedum Turkistanicum.

Fig. 23.

Saxifraga Burseriana speciosa.



SAXIFRAGES—continued.

E *Faldonside*, large yellow. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each. Apl.-May.
 E *Hostii altissima*, flowers white. 9d. each. May-June. 9-in.
 N *Irvingi*, pale pink, grey cushions of foliage, fine. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each. 3-in.
 E *Kestonensis*, white, early flowering. 1/6 each. Apl.-May. 4-in.
 Lady Deane, white, rose centre. 1/- each. Apl.-May.
 M *Lindsayana*, small white flowers. 9d. each. April. 3-in.
 E *longifolia*, white, dotted red. Pyrenees. 1/6 each. June-July. 1½-ft.
 Megasea *cordifolia*, pink, fleshy leaves. Siberia. 9d. each. Apl.-May. 1-ft.
 — *stracheyi alba* (*syn. Afghaniaca*), fine white flowers. 1/- ea. Mar.-Apl. 9-in.
 M *muscoidea Rhei superba*, deep rose. 9d. each. May-June. 6-in.
 E *oppositifolia alba*, white. Arctic regions. 1/6 each. Mar.-Apl. 2-in.
 E — *major*, bright purple. 9d. each. Mar.-Apl. 2-in.
 E — *pyrenaica superba*, large rosy lilac. 9d. each. Mar.-Apl. 2-in.
 NR — R. M. Pritchard, a fine form, pale pink flowers, silvery foliage. 2/6 each.
 N *Pauline*, sulphur yellow flowers. 1/6 each. 2-in.
peltata (*Umbrella Plant*), white, often tinged pink; enormous round leaves,
 sometimes 2-ft. over. California. 1/6 each. Apl.-May. 3-ft.
pyramidalis (*see Cotyledon*).
 E *Rocheliana*, white. Austria. 1/- each. Apl.-June. 4-in.
 LP *umbrosa* (*London Pride*), white, sometimes dotted red. Europe. 9d. each.
 From the open, 20/- 100.
 LP — *primulina*, pinky red. 9d. each. May. 4-in.
 LP — *serrata minor*, small form of the above. 9d. each. May-June. 8-in.
 M *Wallacei*, white, red stems. 9d. each. May. 6-in.

SCABIOSA, most useful border flowers for decoration; they require a soil that contains lime, and are then very easily cultivated. See Fig. 22.

R *columbaria*, pinkish blue flowers, very dwarf. 9d. each. July-Oct. 6-in.
caucasica, large azure blue. Caucasus. 9d. each. July-Oct. 2½-ft.
 — *alba*, a lovely white variety of the above. 1/- each. July-Oct. 2½-ft.
 N *Diamond*, very dark blue, well formed flower. 2/6 each.
 N *Dorothy*, palest azure blue, fine flowers. 2/6 each.

R **SEDMUM** (*Stone crops*), a large genus of succulent plants, most admirably suited for dry spots on the rockery or walls, and flowering just when the saxifrage are over; some being evergreen, brighten up the rockery in winter. Flowering June and July, many lasting into August. See Fig. 26 and 23.

NOTE.—Prices are for established plants IN LITTLE POTS.

acre (*Wall-pepper*), yellow flowers, evergreen. Britain. 6d. each. 3-in.
 — *album*, a white variety, very free flowering. 9d. each. 3-in.
 — *elegans*, yellow, a most robust variety. 9d. each. 4-in.
alboroseum, rosy pink. Japan. 9d. each. Sept.-Oct. 2-ft.
Anacampseros, violet, evergreen. Central Europe. 9d. each. 6-in.
Anglicum, white, tinted rose. Europe. 9d. each. 3-in.
dasyphyllum glanduliferum, a larger form of the above. 9d. each. 3-in.
Ewersii, pink, trailing evergreen. Siberia. 9d. each. 6-in.
 — *Turkestanicum*, pink flowers. 9d. each. 6-in.
kamtschaticum, yellow flowers, creeping, evergreen. 9d. each. 6-in.
 — *variegatum*, a fine golden variegated variety. 1/- each.
Maweanum, yellow, like a large acre. 9d. each. 6-in.
monstrosum, flowers yellow, curious fasciated growth. 1/- each. 6-in.
pruniatum fosterianum, yellow. W. Mediterranean. 9d. each. 6-in.
pulchellum, trailing evergreen, rose pink. 9d. each.
spathulifolium rubrum, flowers yellow, foliage bright crimson, very striking.
 1/- each.
spurium splendens, red flowers. 9d. each. 6-in.
Spectabile atropurpureum, red, handsome foliage. 1/- each. Sept.-Oct. 1½-ft.

Collections of Sedums:—G. B. & Co.'s selection.				
6 different varieties for	...	...	...	5/-
12 , , , for	...	...	...	8/-

SEMPERVIVUM (*House Leek*), a very interesting group of succulent plants. Most effective subjects for the rockery and of easy culture in dry positions in ordinary garden soil. Flowering June, July and August.

NOTE.—Prices are for plants established IN LITTLE POTS.

arachnoideum (*Cobweb House Leek*), carmine pink. Europe. 9d. each. 6-in.
calcareum, pale red flowers. Alps of Dauphine. 9d. each. 6-in.
globiferum (*Hen and Chickens*), pale yellow, flushed purple. 6d. each. 6-in.
Hookerii, pink, small rosettes of foliage. 1/- each. 3-in.
Laggeri, large red flowers. Switzerland. 9d. each. 6-in.
triste, salmon pink, scarce. 1/- each. 6-in.

SENECIO pulcher, a fine border plant, flowers of an intense cerise, most striking. 1/6 each. Aug.-Sept. 1½-ft.

R **SHORTIA galicifolia**, one of the most beautiful alpines with tufts of evergreen foliage, remarkable for their rich Autumn colouring, flowers white. They require a moist shady position. 2/- each.

SIDALCEA, useful and beautiful border plants with large mallow-like flowers.
spicata (*syn. Murrayana*), pink. California. 9d. each. July-Sept. 2-ft.

SILENE (*Catchfly*), charming plants with tufted foliage and bright flowers.

R **acaulis**, spiny foliage covered with pink flowers. 9d. each.

R **maritima plena**, double white, prostrate foliage. 9d. each. July-Sept. 6-in.

R **Schafta**, pink, tufted foliage. Caucasus. 9d. each. July-Sept. 6-in.

R **SOLDANELLA alpina**, very charming little alpines, flowers blue. 1/- each.

SOLIDAGO (*Golden Wings*), plumes of golden flowers. 9d. each. Aug.-Oct. 6-ft.

SOUTHERNWOOD (*see* Artemesia, p. 58.)

SPIRAEA (*Meadow Sweet*), they prefer a somewhat moist situation.

N R **alpina lobata**, deep pink, a minute form, scarce. 2/6 each. July-Aug. 6-in.

N **arborea grandiflora**, a fine new plant with enormous spikes of white flowers. 2/6 each. 8-ft.

Aruncus Kneiffi, white plumes of flowers. 1/6 each. June-Aug. 3-ft.

Filipendula plena, double white. 9d. each. July-Aug. 1-ft.

palmata, red, bold foliage. Japan. 9d. each. June-Aug. 4-ft.

STATICE (*Sea Lavender*), useful plants for the border, rockery and for cutting.

latifolia, lavender blue flowers, very fine. Bulgaria. 1/- each. July-Sept. 1½-ft.

N R **cosyrensis**, flowers rosily mauve. A little alpine species, very scarce. Mediterranean. 1/6 each. July-Sept. 6-in.

R **STOKESIA cyanea**, slate-blue, similar to Sweet Sultans. N. America. 9d. each. Aug-Oct. 1½-ft.

SWEET WILLIAM, (*see* Dianthus barbatus, p. 14).

THALICTRUM.

R **adiantifolium**, a very dwarf plant with foliage like a Maidenhair Fern, flowers white. 9d. each. 1-ft.

N **dipterocarpum**, lilac flowers with yellow anthers; a graceful and decorative novelty. China. 1/- and 1/6 each in pots. June-Aug. 5-ft.

sulphureum, sulphur yellow flowers. 6d. each. June-July. 4-ft.

THYMUS, the varieties mentioned below are charming plants for the rockery.

R **azoricus**, blue cushions of foliage. Azores. 9d. each. June-July. 3-in.

R **Serpilium album**, creeping, white. 6d. each. June-July. 3-in.

R —**coccineus**, bright crimson flowers. 9d. each. June-July. 3-in.

R —**lanuginosus**, pale lilac, dense woolly foliage. Europe. 9d. ea. June-July. 3-in.

THYMUS—continued.

—*citriodora aurea variegata*, golden thyme. 6d. each.
—*argentea variegata*, silver thyme. 9d. each.
ericifolius, heath-like foliage, erect. 9d. each.
Micans, a tiny shrubby variety. 1/- each.
R nitidus, mauve, shrubby habit. 1/- each. 1-ft.

TRITOMA (*syn. Kniphofia*, which see).

TROLLIUS (*Globe Flower*) *europaeus*, yellow. 9d. each. May-July. 2½-ft.
Asiaticus, orange yellow. 1/6 each. May-July.

N Fire Globe, coppery orange. 1/6 each. May-June. 2-ft.
N Lebedouri, a very large variety growing 3½-ft. high in suitable positions, and flowering longer than others, flowers orange yellow; very large. 2/- each.
Orange Globe, rich deep orange. 1/6 each. May-June.
N pumilus yunnanensis. 1/6 each. (*See Novelties*, p. 5).

R TROPAEOLUM speciosum (*see p. 59*).

R TUNICA Saxifraga, pink, suffused white. 9d. each. June-Sept. 6-in.
R —alba, a white form. 9d. each. June-Sept. 6-in.

R VERBENA, hardy perennial varieties, charming for the rockery. June-Sept.
chamoedrifolia, dazzling scarlet, creeping habit. 9d. each. 6-in.
R radicans, rosy lilac prostrate growth. 9d. each. 6-in.
Tenera mahonetti, a very curious little Verbena with mauve flowers striped white. 1/- each.
—*alba*, a white form of the above. 1/6 each.
R venosa, rosy purple flowers. Argentine. 9d. each. 9-in.

VERONICA (*Speedwell*), a large and interesting genus. June to September.

R Allionii, blue, cushion of foliage. S. Europe. 9d. each. 6-in.
R Bidwilli, white, trailing habit. N. Zealand. 1/- each. June.
N Hulkeana, a very beautiful lilac-blue species, not quite hardy in some parts, but well worth trying in a sheltered position. 1/6 each. May-June.
R incana, deep blue, hoary foliage. Europe. 9d. each. 9-in.
longifolia, rosy red. Europe. 9d. each. 2-ft.
R paniculata (*syn. amethystina*), azure blue flowers. 9d. each. May. 1½-ft.
R petroea, azure blue, prostrate. Corsica. 9d. each. June-Aug. 2-in.
R Teucrium Trehane, light blue, golden foliage, prostrate. 9d. each.
Evergreen Veronicas which are sub-shrubs will be found on p. 56.

VERBASCUM (*Mullein*), stately plants, immense spikes of flowers.

phlomoides, yellow, silvery foliage. Europe. 9d. each. June-Sept. 6-ft.

HYBRIDS :—

N A. M. Burnie, large rosy fawn-coloured flowers. 9d. each. June-July. 4-ft.
Caledonia, buff tinted rose, showy. 1/- each. 4-ft.
densiflorum, yellow, with dark eye. Free bloomer. 1/- each. June-Sept.
Miss Wilmott, large creamy-white flowers. 1/- each. July-Sept. 4-ft.

VIOLAS **mauve, purple, white, and yellow**, all the best varieties for bedding out.
2/6 doz.; 18/6 100.

Moseley Perfection, yellow. 3/- doz. 21/- 100.

VINCA (*see p. 57*).

VIOLETS (*see p. 60*).

ZAUSCHNERIA californica splendens (*Californian Fuchsia*), scarlet tubular flowers, frosted foliage, prefers dry situation. 1/- each. July-Oct. 1-ft.

BAMBOOS, GRASSES AND REEDS.

The use of these plants in our gardens is much neglected. They are indispensable to suggest tropical effects. The Pampas on lawns, Bamboos in bog and water gardens, and Reeds by the waterside, are but a few of the uses to which they can be put.

ARUNDINARIA (*see under Bambusa*).

BAMBUSA (*The Bamboos*). The culture of the Bamboos is still much neglected, and the impression that they are very tender still holds. The principal cultural point is the absolute need of shelter; cold winds do more damage than the severest frost. Transplanting is best done in September or April.

aurea (*Phyllostachys aurea*), stems golden, light and graceful, reaching 14-ft. high. 2/6, 5/- to 7/6

anceps, narrow foliage, graceful. 7/6 and 10/6 each. 12-ft.

bambusoides (*Phyllostachys*), leaves broad. 2/6 to 5/-

falcata (*Arundinaria*), elegant. 3/6 to 7/6

fastuosa, broad-leaved, robust. 7/6 and 10/6 each. 20-ft.

Japonica (*Metake*), a vigorous and hardy variety, most useful of all for general purposes. Grows 10-ft. Clumps, 1/6 to 3/6

pumila, a dwarf variety, slender stems. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

viridi glaucescens, most elegant, 18-ft., hardy. 3/6 to 7/6

EULALIA japonica variegata, forms fine clumps of foliage, richly striped silver. 2/6 each.

— **gracillima**, an elegant plant with dainty narrow arching foliage. 2/6 each.

— **zebrina**, graceful, arching, broad, deep green leaves, striped yellow. 2/6 ea.

FESTUCA glauca, a compact blue grass, fine for edging and table decoration. 9d. ea.

GYNERIUM (*The Pampas Grass*). This beautiful and well known grass thrives in any soil, but well repays a little mulching. In several varieties. 2/6 each.

PHALARIS elegantissima, a pretty variegated grass for edging, useful for decoration with other flowers. 9d. each.

STIPA gigantea, a graceful and ornamental grass for cutting. 9d. each. 7/6 doz.
pennata (*Feather Grass*), pretty for decoration in a dry state. 9d. each. 5/- doz.

BULBOUS PLANTS.

Gladioli.

These handsome, free flowering bulbs give a wonderful show and are valuable for cutting, and can be grown in almost any garden soil.*

Large-flowering Gladioli.

Plant March-May.

		Doz.	100.
America , soft flesh pink, large and strong spikes, extra for early forcing...	1/3	8/0	—
Blue Celeste , clear violet blue, shaded white, of great beauty, blooms before Baron Jules Hulot ...	... ... ... ... ...	10/0	—
Baron Jules Hulot , rich indigo blue, strong grower ...	... ... ...	2/0	12/6
Blushing Bride (<i>Willy Wigman</i>), creamy white, with soft carmine blotch	1/6	10/6	—
Blue Bird , light violet blue with dark blue spot on lower petal ...	... ...	10/0	—
Brenchleyensis , vermillion scarlet ...	... ... ... ...	2/0	12/6
Buff Beauty , the flowers of this grand new variety are of a bright orange colour, the centre being creamy yellow shaded deep golden yellow; a colour hitherto not seen in Gladoli, tall spikes on which well-shaped flowers are nicely placed ...	... ... ... ...	8/0	—

Gladioli—Large Flowering.

		Doz.	100.
Crimson Glow , a perfect scarlet of a deep tone ...	1/0 each	—	—
Clear Eye , an extremely fine brilliant scarlet Gladiolus with pure white blotch in the centre	6/0	45/0	—
Dawn , beautiful salmon pink	5/0	—	—
Electra , beautiful orange red with tiny spot of white on lower petal	4/6	—	—
Empress of India , rich dark brownish red, does not grow very tall	1/6	10/6	—
Evelyn Kirtland , a beautiful shade of dark rosy pink, darker at edges; fading to shell pink at the centre with brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals	6/6	—	—
Flora , beautiful soft yellow, large open flower	3/0	—	—
Marechal Foch , beautiful clear pink, very large flowers ...	2/6	10/6	—
General de Wet , delicate apricot rose	6/0	—	—
Gigantic , bright rosy red shaded salmon, very large flowers; very scarce	2/0	each	—
Glory of Holland , pure white, good for bedding	2/0	12/6	—
Halley , delicate flesh colour with creamy yellow blotch ...	1/6	10/6	—
Herada , pure mauve	10/0	—	—
Insurpassable , bright pink, shaded silvery white ...	1/0 each	10/6	—
Kitty Grullemans , combination of bright orange and clear yellow ...	1/0 each	10/6	—
King George V , large crimson flower with large pure white blotch ...	3/0 each	—	—
Kunderdi Glory , cream pink, crimson stripe in centre of each petal ...	10/0	—	—
Lovesfire , brilliant red, extra large flower, fine for early forcing	3/0	—	—
Lustre , bright orange vermillion ...	1/6 each	—	—
Lord Nelson , clear orange, lower petals shaded yellow ...	6/6	—	—
Loveliness , beautiful creamy yellow buds shaded pink ...	3/0	18/0	—
Master Wietse , dark violet shaded purple ...	2/0	12/6	—
Mrs. Frank Pendleton , soft rose, purple spot, fine for cut flowers ...	3/0	20/0	—
Mrs. Francis King , large orange red flowers, tall growing ...	2/0	12/6	—
Niagara , large creamy white flowers ...	2/0	—	—
Orange King , purest orange, large well opened flowers ...	10/0	—	—
Panama , deep pink, spike very long, with large flowers and well arranged ...	1/6	10/6	—
Pride of Haarlem , a rich shade of salmon cherry red, shaded with fawn ...	1/6 each	—	—
Pink Beauty , dark pink with distinct dark red blotch, good for early forcing ...	2/0	12/6	—
Princess Elizabeth , dark rosy pink ...	5/0	—	—
Prince of Wales , beautiful salmon red, shaded silvery white ...	1/6	10/6	—
Prince of Orange , bright orange, positively the best in this colour ...	6/6	—	—
Red Canna , bright red of enormous size, tall and strong growing	3/0	—	—
Red Emperor , bright deep scarlet ...	2/0	14/0	—
Schwaben , yellow, a vigorous grower ...	1/6	10/6	—
War , deep blood red, shaded crimson black, with a flush of white on the lower petals ...	2/0	12/6	—
White Giant , a great number of flowers open at the same time. The stems are slender and not too thick; certainly the finest white ...	1/6	10/6	—
Yellow Standard , one of the best yellows, large flowers ...	1/6	10/6	—

Gladiolus Hybrids.

		Doz. 100.
Gandavensis Hybrids...	...	1/3 8/0
Childsii , larger flowers than Gandavensis...	...	1/3 8/0
Nanceianus Hybrids , earlier than the above varieties	...	1/3 8/0
Giant Flowered Hybrids , extra good, mixed	...	1/6 10/6

Primulinus Hybrids.

Plant March-April.

This is a new section of smaller flowered Gladioli with splendid shaped flowers on long graceful stems, their most exquisite colours are much appreciated in a room, or under artificial light.

		Doz. 100.
Alice Tiplady , beautiful orange-saffron primulus	...	8/0 —
Apricot , apricot coloured, fine flower on elegant stem	...	4/0 —
Bronze Queen , extremely fine bronze, beautiful shaped flowers	...	10/0 —
Asia , rich cerise, inside silvery rose with pale base	3/0 each	—
Feu Ardent , beautiful carmine red flower of great substance	2/0 each	—
Fire Fly , bright scarlet with a shade of orange in the centre	...	9/0 —
Fire Queen , splendid bright scarlet primulinus	...	5/0 —
Goldfinch , fine shaped flower, pure golden yellow with small cerise red spot in the throat	...	4/6 —
Gold Drop , large drooping golden yellow	...	3/6 24/0
Hermione , orange shaded salmon, very attractive	...	2/3 15/0
Hesperia , clear salmon, fine for cut flowers	...	2/6 17/6
Indian Boy , copper coloured red	...	10/0 —
L'Or D'Australia , large deep yellow flowers of great substance and size	...	3/0 20/0
Louis XIV , dark purple, flushed bronze with dark shade of golden brown	...	3/0 each —
Mdm. Herriot , clear salmon orange, shaded a little lighter on the edges	...	4/0 each —
Mdm. Petain , very soft rosy lilac, flushed silvery white	1/0 each	—
Mrs. Grummelans , pure golden yellow with two to three flower-stems on one bulb	...	5/0 —
Maiden's Blush , beautiful delicate pink	...	3/0 20/0
Orange Brilliant , the name is sufficient to describe its colour	...	2/3 15/0
Reine Victoria , deep pink, shaded silvery rose	...	4/0 —
Rose Luisante , deep rosy pink, shaded white and slightly flushed with sulphur on the lower petal and in the throat	...	5/0 —
Scarlet Cardinal , bright scarlet primulinus	1 0 each	—
Scarletta , beautiful scarlet flowers on tall delicate stems	...	4/0 —
Sylphide , beautiful bronze and brown	...	3/0 each —
Sonia , large bright red, an unusual shade among primulinus	1/0 each	—
Tecla , a dainty sulphur yellow	...	2/3 15/0
Triumph , beautifully shaped flowers, brownish red shaded yellow	...	5/0 —
Vanessa , fine sulphur yellow with strong tall stems	...	2/0 —
Vesuvius , cherry red, centre light red with greenish yellow throat	...	4/6 —
Mixed Seedlings , in variety of shades of yellow, salmon, etc....	1/0	7/6

Lilies for Open Borders.

Hardy Varieties.

These should be planted 6-in. deep in rich peaty soil, and protected with litter in the winter.

Those marked * do best under greenhouse treatment.

Prices are for dry bulbs.

		Each.	Doz.
* Auratum , white, golden bands, 3 to 10 flowers on a spike	1/6 to	3/0	—
Canadense , bright orange, spotted, bell-flowered	...	1/6	17/6
Candidum (<i>Madonna or Garden Lily</i>), white	...	1/0	10/6
Chalcedonicum (<i>Scarlet Turk's Cap</i>)	...	3/6	40/0
Colchicum (<i>Szocitzianum</i>), sulphur yellow, fragrant	...	5/0	55/0
Croceum , old orange lily, often 12 to 15 flowers on a spike	...	1/6	15/0
Hansoni (<i>Japanese Yellow Martagon Lily</i>), 4 to 10 flowers on a stem	...	3/6	40/0
Henryi , the orange lancifolium, one of the hardiest grown, extra fine...	...	2/0	21/0
* Longiflorum Formosum , pure white, fine for forcing	...	2/6	24/0
Martagon , light purplish rose, spotted more or less with black	...	1/0	10/6
— Album , pure white	...	5/0	55/0
Pardalinum (<i>Californicum</i>), orange, dark spots, very elegant...	...	1/6	16/6
Regale , considered by many as the finest Garden Lily, flowers trumpet shaped, white flushed pink at tips with yellow flush in centre. 3½-ft...	...	3/6	—
* Speciosum Album , pure white	...	1/3	12/0
* — Rubrum , rose coloured flowers	...	1/3	12/0
Thunbergianum , the upright open-flowered dark orange-red varieties, several kinds shading to yellow	...	9d.	8/0
— Atrosanguinum , deep red	...	1/6	15/0
— Prince of Orange , orange red	...	1/6	15/0
Tigrinum splendens , bright orange-scarlet, brown spots	...	8d.	7/6
— flore pleno , orange scarlet, double	...	8d.	7/6
Umbellatum Grandiflorum , deep orange, spotted black, nodding	...	1/0	10/6
— erectum , similar to above, but upright	...	1/0	10/6

Bulbous Plants (Miscellaneous).

		Doz.	100.
Astromeria Aurantiaca (<i>Peruvian Lily</i>), a vigorous Chilean kind, 2-ft. to 4-ft. high, flowering in summer and autumn ; the flowers are large orange yellow, streaked with red, and umbels of from 10 to 15 blooms terminate the stems...	3/6	25/0	
— Chilensis mixture , white, rose and crimson	3/0	20/0	
Calla Aethiopica (<i>White Arum Lily</i>)	1/6 to 2/6 each	—	—
— Elliottiana (<i>Yellow Arum Lily</i>)	1/6 to 2/6 ,	—	—
Camassia Cusicki , from the Blue Mountains of Oregon ; the most vigorous species yet found, with broad large leaves ; a stout flower stem growing 3-ft. high and flowers a pale delicate blue ; large and spreading	6d. each	5/6	40/0
Colchicum (<i>Meadow Saffron</i>), these are often known as Autumn Crocus on account of their time of flowering.			
— Autumnale , soft mauve	...	3/6	24/0
— Bourmulleri , very large, clear violet rose with white centre	6/6	50/0	
— Speciosum , light rose carmine	...	4/0	40/0
Crinum Powellii , very beautiful pale rose, hardy	1/6 each	15/0	—
— Album , a white variety	1/6 ,	15/0	—
<i>R</i> Crocus speciosus (<i>Autumnal</i>), violet. Per pot 1/- 4-in.			

Bulbous Plants) Miscellaneous).

			Doz.	100
Eremurus (see p. 16).				
Fritillaria imperialis (<i>Crown Imperial</i>), red and yellow	6d. each	...	5/0	—
Galtonia candicans , tall spikes of white, nodding flowers	...	6d. each	3/6	—
Montbretia Carminea , deep orange tinted carmine	...	...	2/6	—
— Crocsmiaeflora	...	...	1/0	6/0
— Ernest Davidson , shading orange to carmine, branching spikes,	4d. ea.	3/6	—	
— Etoile de Feu , rich orange scarlet	...	...	2/6	—
— Germania , fine spike, rich yellow	...	...	2/6	—
— Hereward , new, light orange	...	6d. each	5/0	30/0
— Lady Hamilton , apricot yellow, a fine flower, 3-ft.	...	6d. ,	5/0	30/0
— Messidor , orange to pale yellow	...	3d. ,	2/6	12/6
— Norvic , new, deep orange, fine spike	...	6d. ,	5/0	30/0
— Prometheus , deep orange, crimson eye. Award of Merit R.H.S., F.C.	Shrewsbury and Edinburgh, also at York and Amsterdam	2/0 each	18/0	—
— Star of the East , orange, beautiful large flowers	...	1/0 ,	10/6	—
— Solfaterre or Fleur Jaune , beautiful primrose	...	...	1/0	6/0
— Speciosa , deep yellow, apricot reverse, robust grower	...	...	1/6	8/0
— SPECIAL OFFER—Mixed Varieties	...	...	—	5/0
<i>R Muscaris</i> (<i>Heavenly Blue</i>), sky blue	...	...	1/6	10/6
Nerine , most beautiful autumn flowering plants, somewhat tender but succeeding well in the south under a west wall in well drained soil.				
— Bowdeni , very large umbels of rose pink flowers, the hardiest variety for outdoor culture	...	...	3/6 each	—
— Fothergilli major , large umbels of handsome brilliant red flowers		3/6 each	—	
Ornithogalum Nutans , greenish white	...	...	1/0	6/0
— pyrimidale , white	...	6d. each	4/6	—
Trillium Cernuum (<i>Wood Lily</i>), drooping white flowers	...	8d. ,	6/0	—
Sparaxis Pulcherrima , a most beautiful hardy plant with wiry stems, 5-ft. high, drooping with the weight of the crimson bell-shaped flowers...	...	...	1/- each	—

SHRUBS AND TREES.

E Evergreen. * Somewhat tender, best planted in a sheltered position.

E ABIES Douglassi (*Douglas Fir*), a valuable ornamental Fir, thriving in most soils, not suitable for exposed positions near the sea. Specimens, 2 to 8-ft., 1/6 each. 3 to 4-ft., 2/6 each.

E Pinsapo (*Spanish Fir*), very distinct, stout, prickly, light green foliage, thrives in any soil except clay. 2 to 3-ft., 7/6 each; 3 to 4-ft., 10/6 each.

E — glauca, a silvery white variety of the above, beautiful as a lawn specimen. 5/- to 10/6 each.

***ABUTILON vitifolium**, a shrubby species succeeding well when planted against a S.W. wall, flowers a beautiful pale lavender blue, leaves vine like. 3/6 each.

ACACIA inermis (*The Mop-head Acacia*), makes a small round head of light green foliage, most ornamental. Standards, 8/6 and 10/6 each.

ACER negundo (*Silver Maple*), the well-known Silver variegated form, makes a round-headed tree. Bushes, 5/- each. Standards, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

— **aurea**, as above, but golden variegation. Bushes, 5/- each. Standards, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

ginnala, a fine Maple for autumnal effect, the small leaves turn fiery scarlet. Standards, 3/6 each.

Fig. 25.

Saxifrage Types. Reading from top left.—*Aizoon Pyramidalis*, *Burseriana*.
Bottom row:—*Crustata*, *Oppositifolia* *Muscoides* (Mossy).

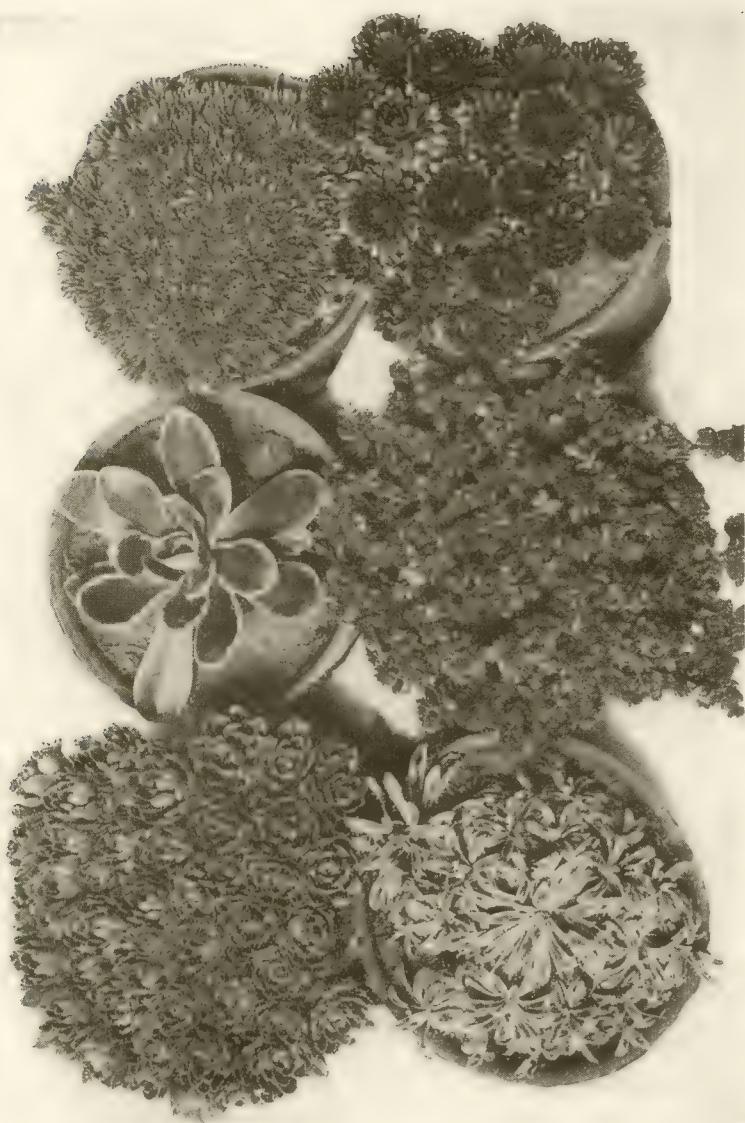
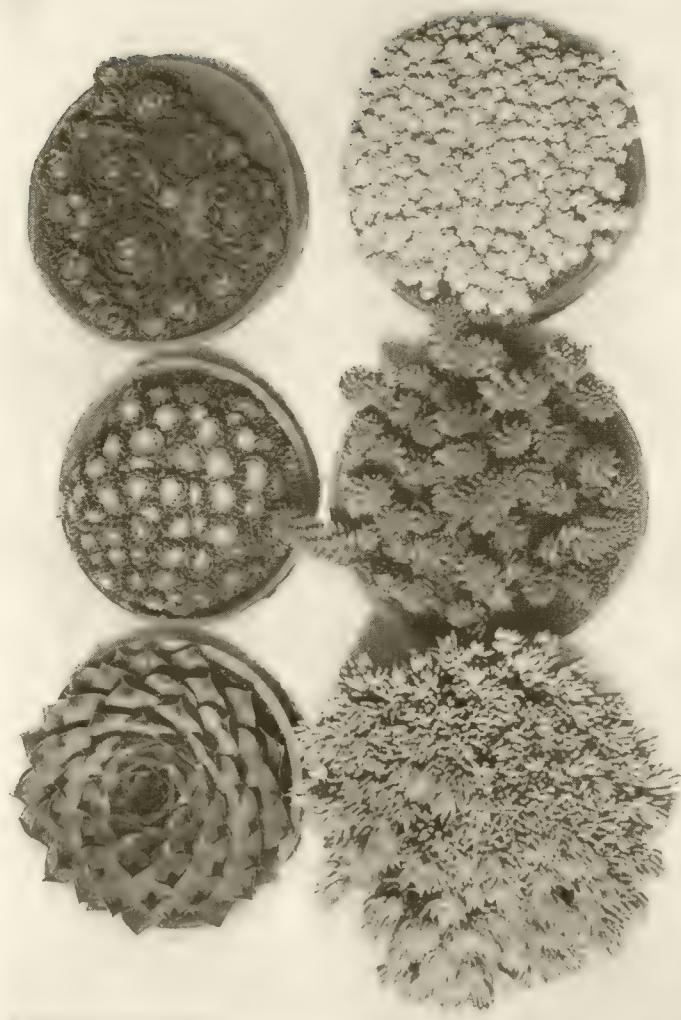


Fig. 26.

Top row:—Types of *Sempervivum*, *Calcareum*, *Arachnoides*, *Globiferum*.
Bottom row:—Types of *Sedum*, *Pulchellum*, *Maweanum*, *Dasyphyllum*.



ACER—continued.

pseudoplatanus (*Sycamore*), a well-known tree. Standards, 2/6 to 3/6 each.

* **Platanoides Schwedleri**, claret foliage on young growth. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

* **palmarum** (*Japanese Maple*), the following highly ornamental varieties make beautiful dwarf shrubs.

Rubrum (*Red Maple*), a fine Canadian species. Standards, 3/6 each.

dissectum, finely divided foliage

) Pot Grown

— **atropurpureum**, much cut purple foliage

) 3/6, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6

Japonicum aureum, palm-like yellow leaves

) each.

purpureum, purple foliage

AESCRULUS (*The Horse Chestnut*), most ornamental hardy trees, making a well-shaped head. White, Red or Pink. Standards, 7/6 to 10/6 each.

ALMOND (*see* *Prunus*).

* **ALOYSIA citriodora** (*Lemon-scented Verbena*), the great feature of this well known plant is the scented leaves. The flowers are small and of pale lavender colour. Grows freely under sheltered walls in the south. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

AMELANCHIER Canadensis (*Snowy Mespilus*), one of the most handsome spring flowering trees. The profusion of pure white flowers are a striking contrast to the young bronzy foliage which assumes a handsome orange yellow colour in winter. Standards, 3/6 and 5/- each. Bushes, 1/6 to 2/6 each.

E **ARBUTUS** (*The Strawberry Tree*), growing 6 to 12-ft.. covered in Autumn with scarlet strawberry-like fruit. Bushes only, 3/6 each.

E **AUCUBA** (*The Spotted Laurel*), a well known hardy evergreen, very useful for shrubberies, does well in towns. 1½ to 2-ft., 2/6; 2 to 2½-ft., 3/6 each.

AZALEA, for colour massing no plant can equal these. They will not succeed on soils containing lime.

Ghent, **Mollis** and **Amoena**, and Japanese evergreen varieties, in variety. 3/6 to 5/- each. Special prices for quantities on application.

E **AZARA, microphylla**, a striking evergreen forming a small tree of graceful habit. The shining leaves are box like. Flowers, minute, yellow, fragrant. 2/6 each.

BAY (*see* *Laurus*).

BEECH, Copper, well known trees of great beauty. Standards. 6/- each.

— **Rivers' Grafted**, the finest variety. Standards, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

Common Green, for hedges. 3½ to 4-ft. 12/- doz.; 80/- 100.

BERBERIS, well known shrubs of handsome growth, beautiful when in flower, and in many cases covered with striking scarlet berries in autumn.

E **Aquifolium**, flowers golden yellow, fragrant, leaves holly like, thrives almost anywhere even under trees. 1/- and 1/6 each.

aristata, flowers yellow, foliage almost evergreen and of a brilliant scarlet in autumn, remaining on the plant for many months. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E **Darwinii**, a dense spreading bushy plant with striking orange flowers, one of the best known. 1/6 each.

E **Irwinii**, a very distinct and dwarf plant, suitable for the rockery or for carpeting shrubbery. 1/- and 1/6 each.

E **Stenophylla**, a general favourite, of weeping habit, smothered with yellow flowers in spring. 2/6 each.

Thunbergi, a spreading shrub, much valued for its fine bright scarlet berries, and brilliant autumn foliage. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Vulgaris. The Red Barberry, yellow flowers in spring, followed by scarlet fruit. 1/- each.

— **purpurea**, a purple-leaved variety of the above, a very effective contrast. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

BIRCH, Silver (*Betula Alba*), this graceful tree with its silver bark is always an object of beauty in gardens. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E **BOX** (*Buxus*). Well-known evergreens, most useful for formal gardens.

Clipped Specimens:—

Pyramids, 1½ to 2-ft., 4/6 each ; 2½ to 3-ft., 6/- each ; 3½ to 4-ft. 10/6 each.

Squares, 3½ to 4-ft., 21/- each.

BOX, Clipped Specimens—continued.

Balls, 12-in. × 12-in., 5/- each; 18-in. × 18-in., 10/6 each; 21-in. × 21-in. 21/- each.
— on 6-in. legs, heads 18-in. × 20-in., 12/6 and 15/- each.
— on 2½-ft. stems, heads 15-in. × 15-in., 21/- each.

Handsworthii, fine dark foliage, quicker in growth than *Sempervirens*.
2/6 to 5/- each.

Sempervirens, bushes 1½ to 2-ft., 1/6 ea., 15/- doz.; 2½ to 3-ft., 3/6 ea., 36/- doz.
Suffruticosa, Box edging. Per yard 1/6

NOTE.—Oak Tubs can be supplied for Pyramid Box, etc., painted green with black iron hoops, 8/6 each.

BROOMS (see Cytisus).

BUDDLEIA, splendid free flowering and strong growing shrubs.

Amplissima, flowers deep violet blue, borne 3 or 5 together, very large. 2/6 each.
globosa, a fine shrub with golden balls of flower produced in early Summer, or if pruned back in April will flower Aug.-Sept. 2/6 each.

Veitchii magnifica, fine tall spikes of violet flowers, a very handsome plant.
2/6 each.

CALYCANTHUS floridus (*Carolina Allspice*) an old shrub which should be more planted on account of the delicious scent of the reddish flowers, bushy habit, reaching 5-ft. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E CAMELIAS. These beautiful flowering evergreens are more hardy than is generally known. They are shade loving plants and should not therefore be planted in full sun. A spot under the shade of other trees should be chosen but it must not lie too dry. 3/6, 5/- and 7/6 each.

E CARPENTERIA californica, one of the most beautiful evergreen shrubs, bearing large pure white anemone-like flowers. Plant in half shade at the foot of a West or S.W. wall. Very scarce. 5/- and 7/6 each.

CARYOPTERIS, mastacanthus (*Autumn Lavender*), a beautiful autumn flowering shrub, with silvery green foliage and rich blue flowers. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

CATALPA bignonioides (*Indian Bean*), leaves 8 to 10-in. long, heart-shaped, flowers in large trusses, white tinged purple, one of the most beautiful of hardy trees. Small plants, 1/6 each. Standards, 4/- each.

CEANOTHUS, favourite plants for covering walls, etc., flowering July to September.
Dentatus, light blue flowers, a quick grower. 3/6 to 5/- each.

Divaricatus, bright blue flowers, forms a dense bush and flowers earlier than the others. 3/6 to 5/- each.

Gloire de Versailles, flowers rich blue, makes a nice bush. 3/6 to 5/- each.
Veitchi, small deep blue flowers, early. 3/6 each.

CEDRUS Atlantica (*The Atlas Cedar*), a beautiful free branching, quick growing tree.
— **glauca**, a silvery variety of the above, a most beautiful tree.
Deodara, this well known cedar will thrive in almost any soil.

NOTE.—All Cedars are very scarce and small plants only can be supplied, prices and particulars on application.

CHERRIES, flowering (see Prunus).

CHESTNUT, Horse (see Aesculus).

CHIMONANTHUS fragrans, a remarkable shrub, producing abundance of fragrant yellow flowers in Winter. Hardy, but of slender growth, needing the support of a trellis or wall. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E CHOISYA ternata, a beautiful free flowering evergreen, the fragrant white flowers are produced in May and June. Requires a position sheltered from N. and E. winds. 3/6 and 5/- each.

E CISTUS, splendid dwarf free-flowering evergreens for sunny and dry positions, rockeries, banks, etc.

alyssoides, flowers rich yellow with orange base. 2/6 each.

corbarensis, a bushy plant, flowers white. 1/6 each.

crispus, large rose-pink flowers, fine. 1/6 each.

CISTUS—continued.

formosum, a hoary branched shrub, flowers yellow. 2/- each.
ladaniferus (*Gum Cistus*), a beautiful shrub forming a nice bush, flowers pale white with maroon base, often 4-in. across. 2/6 each.
Loreti, large white flowers with maroon base. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
purpureus, dwarf, crimson pink flowers with dark base. 1/6 each.
rosmarinifolius, a compact little shrub with white flowers. 1/6 each.
salvifolius, large white flowers, glutinous leaves. 1/6 each.
Sunset, a dwarf variety, flowers deep rose, dark eye. 1/6 each.

CORCHORUS japonica (*Kerria*), still one of the best yellow-flowered shrubs, flowering in Spring and often again in Autumn; makes a good bush; is hardy and thrives in any soil. 1/6 and 2/- each.
— fl. pl., the double variety. 1/6 and 2/- each.

ER COTONEASTER angustifolia, orange berries, a good plant for walls. 2/6 each.
R horizontalis, forms a low spreading bush, flowers pink, followed by scarlet berries, foliage box like, scarlet in autumn. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
ER humifusa, a creeping evergreen with scarlet berries in autumn. 2/6 each.
microphylla, a well known dwarf spreading evergreen, bearing red berries in autumn, good for cold situations or under trees. 1/6 each.

CRATÆGUS. The flowering Thorns (May) well-known and most ornamental trees for the garden as they do not grow very large.

oxyacantha, double white
— double or single pink } Standards, 6/- and 7/6 each.
— double or single scarlet

E CUPRESSUS macrocarpa (*Monterey Cypress*), a beautiful columnar dark green tree, not quite hardy in some localities but does well by the sea. In pots, 1 to 1½-ft., 1/6 each; 2½ to 3-ft., 3/- each. Special quotations for quantities.

Lawsoniana, the Common Cypress.

1½ to 2-ft., 1/9 each; 2 to 2½-ft., 2/6 each; 2½ to 3-ft., 3/6; 3 to 4-ft., 5/- each.
— **alumii**, the finest blue *Cupressus*, vigorous and compact in habit.
1½ to 2-ft., 2/6 each; 2 to 2½-ft., 3/6 each.
— **erecta viridis**, handsome deep green foliage, compact and upright makes a splendid specimen for tubs, etc. 1 to 1½-ft., 2/6 each; 2 to 2½-ft., 3/6 each.
— **Fletcherii**, one of the most beautiful conifers, foamy blue-grey foliage, conical habit. 1 to 1½-ft., 3/6 each; 2 to 2½-ft., 5/- each.
— **Stuartii**, a beautiful golden variety. 1½ to 2-ft., 5/- each; 2 to 2½-ft., 7/6 each.
— **Triumph de Boskoop**, a beautiful silver blue. 1 to 1½-ft., 2-6 each.
— **Wisselii**, a very curious variety, quite distinct. 1 ft., 2/6 each.

CYDONIA Japonica aurora (*Pyrus japonica*), beautiful plants on walls or grown as a bush, flowers reddish carmine. 3/6 each.
sargentii, vivid orange scarlet, blooming in March. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

CYTISUS (*Brooms*, see also *Genista*). Flowering about May-June.

albus, Portugal White Broom. 2/6 each.

R Beanii, dwarf, fine for massing, yellow flowers. 3/6 each.
Carlieri, one of the most beautiful of all, flowering July to October. It forms a graceful shrub 2-3 feet high, flowers pale yellow. 2/6 each.
Dallimorei, a tall shrub of erect habit, rose pink. 3/6 each.
præcox, lemon yellow flowers, a distinct variety. 2/6 each.
— **alba**, a pure white form of the above. 2/6 each.
Scorparia, the common yellow Broom. A useful shrub for dry positions. 1/- ea.

The following are beautiful hybrids raised from *Scorparia*.

Andreana, deep golden yellow, keels velvety brown purple, distinct.
2/6 and 3/6 each.
— **prostrata**, a weeping form of the above. 2/6 each.
Firefly, yellow and crimson. 2/6 each.
Moonlight, beautiful cream shade. 2/6 each.
Mayfly, yellow and red. 2/6 each.

NOTE.—Standards can be supplied at 7/6 and 10/6 each of the following:—

Andreana, prostrata, præcox, Moonlight and Beanii.

E DAPHNE cneorum, a most beautiful dwarf variety with rose pink fragrant flowers, in April-May. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
mezereum, the well known sweet scented variety, blooming in early spring, flowers light rose. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
— **alba**, a white flowered variety of the above. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E Pontica, flowers inconspicuous but beautifully lemon-scented in the evening, does well under trees. 3/6 and 5/- each.

DEUTZIA candidissima fl. pl., a beautiful shrub smothered with white fringed flowers in June-July. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

R Gracilis rosea, large rose tinted Campanula-like flowers. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
— **robusta**, compact habit, white flowers. 1/6 each.
Pride of Rochester, a fine double white variety, flowers slightly tinged pink, good for forcing. 1/6 each.
Scabra (crenata), flowers white. 1/6 each.

DIOSPYRUS Kaki (Japanese Persimmon), on a S.W. wall these will flower and fruit well. They require lime. 7/6 each.

ERICA, Hardy Heaths, these do not succeed well with us owing to the amount of lime in the soil. We have however an arrangement with another firm and can supply most varieties.

E ESCALLONIA, fine shrubs with glossy foliage, useful as bushes or for growing against walls, flowering from June onward.
edinensis, flowers rose pink. 3/6 and 5/- each.

E Ingramii, flowers small, bright crimson, freely produced. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E illinita, an open loose shrub with white flowers. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E Langleyensis, ruby red, free flowering, best on a wall. 3/6 to 5/- each.

E Macrantha, rich crimson, trumpet-shaped flowers. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E Sanguinea, deep rich crimson, very free. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E EUONYMUS japonicus, a useful and well-known evergreen for hedges, under trees, and seaside planting. 1½ to 2-ft., 1/6 each; 2 to 2½-ft., 2/6 each.
— **aurea**, a golden variegated form. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
— **Silver Queen**, a silver variegated variety. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E buxifolia, a compact upright shrub with box-like leaves. 2/6 each.

ER radicans, a dense low growing shrub, a useful carpet plant under trees. 1/- and 1/6 each.

ER — Kawensis, a miniature prostrate variety. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

ER — variegata, a variety of the above with silver margined leaves. 1/- and 1/6 ea.

E FABIANA imbricata, a fine heath-like distinct shrub with wax-white tubular flowers clustered thickly round the shoot and produced July to November. Requires a sheltered spot. 2/6 and 5/- each.

FORSYTHIA suspensa, a well known very early spring flowering shrub, bearing beautiful yellow flowers before the leaves appear. 1/6 to 2/6 each.
intermedia, a hybrid between Suspensa and Viridissima. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
viridissima, a Japanese variety, growth erect, flowering in March. 1/6 and 2/6 ea.

FREMONTIA californica, a very handsome shrub with yellow cupped flowers 2-in. across, stamens orange June-Aug., requires a position sheltered from the N. and E. winds. 7/6 each.

FUCHSIAS, Hardy Varieties.
Americana Elegans, crimson, rose purple corolla, 1/- each.
Conica, stiff growth, pale green foliage, red sepals, purple corolla. 1/- each.
Drame, prostrate growth, red sepals, purple corolla, fine for rockery. 1/- each.
Elegant, large flower, reddish purple corolla, red sepals. 1/6 each.
Esperance, purple corolla, red sepals, free flowering. 1/- each.
Globosa, graceful arching growth, with globular red flowers. 1/6 each.
Gracilis variegata, slender growth, red sepals, purple corolla, variegated. 1/- ea.
Longipedunculata, very long carmine flowers, rose purple corolla. 1/- each.
Mdme. Cornettison, a distinct sort with red sepals, white corolla. 1/6 each.
Minos, short dark purple corolla, red sepals. 1/6 each.
Profusion, semi-double flowers, rose purple corolla, red sepals. 1/- each.
Ricartoniania, hardest of all, with short globose flowers, tall grower. 1/- each.
Thompsonii, slender growth, with red flowers. 1/- each.

E* **GARRYA elliptica**, a very fine dark green shrub, producing in Winter quantities of pendulous pale green catkins. 3/6 and 5/- each.

RE GAULTHERIA procumbens (*Partridge Berry*), a charming dwarf evergreen, flowers white followed by rich red berries in profusion, does well in shade. 1/6 each.

R GENISTA anxantica, a dwarf spreading plant, flowers yellow in April. 1/6 each.
radiata, a bushy plant bearing yellow flowers throughout the summer. 1/6 each.

R saggitalis, curiously winged stems, prostrate habit. 1/6 each.

GORSE, double (*Ulex*), golden flowers. Pots, 1/- and 1/6 each.

HAMAMELIS arborea (*Witch Hazel*), a most beautiful winter flowering shrub, bearing yellow spider-like flowers Dec.-Feb. 5/- each. Very scarce.
mollis, a distinct Chinese shrub with large leaves, turning brilliant orange in winter, flowers yellow. 5/- each. Very scarce.

HOLLY, Green, a well-known plant for hedges or as specimens. 2 to 2½-ft., 3/6 ea. Gold or Silver. Price on application.

HORNBEAM, a fine hedging plant, similar to the Beech. 4 to 5-ft., 1/- ea. 80/- 100.

HYDRANGEA ARBOREA Grandiflora, a species forming a small tree with snow white flowers, blooming July-Aug. 2/6 each.

Hortensis, large heads of rosy pink, comes a beautiful blue on certain soils. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
— **Otaksa Monstrosa**, a very strong growing form of Hortensis with pink flowers. 2/6 to 5/- each.
— **Deutella rosea**, a very fine free flowering rose pink, 2/6 to 5/- each.
— **Mdm. Mouillere**, a fine variety with enormous heads of snow-white flowers. 2/6 to 5/- each.
paniculata, a hardy autumn shrub, producing masses of white flowers from Aug.-Oct. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E HYPERICUM moserianum (*Rose of Sharon*), a well-known evergreen variety with large yellow flowers. July-Oct. Thrives under trees and on banks. 1/- each; 10/6 doz.; 75/- 100.

RE JUNIPERUS Hibernica compressa, a tiny form of Irish Juniper, forming a small pillar; most dainty. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

RE sabina, a fine prostrate species for carpeting rocks or banks. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

LABURNUM, a beautiful and well-known early summer flowering tree, bearing large trusses of yellow flowers. Best varieties, standards 5/- and 7/6 each.

LAUREL Caucasicum, a well-known and most useful plant for shrubberies, making a fine hedge. 1½ to 2-ft., 12/- doz. 2 to 2½-ft., 18/- doz. Specimens 3, 6 to 5/- ea.
rotundifolia, a distinct broad-leaved very hardy variety. 1½ to 2-ft., 12/- doz. 2 to 2½-ft., 18/- doz.

E LAURISTINUS, most useful shrubs, flowering in Winter, white; splendid subjects for town shrubberies. 1 to 1½-ft., 2/8 each. 2 to 2½-ft., 3/6 each.

LAURUS nobilis (*Sweet Bay*). Specimens for Terrace decoration.
Standards, 4-ft. stems, 18 to 24-in. head, 42/- to 60 - per pair.
Pyramids, 4-ft., 60/- per pair; 5-ft., 75/- per pair.

LAVENDER, Old English, a well known and popular plant. 6/- to 9/- doz.
Gruppenham Hall variety, very dwarf, flowers dark blue. 12/- doz.
Dwarf Dutch, more compact than the Old English, foliage silvery. 7/6 doz.

LILAC (*Syringa*). 3/6 to 5/- each.
Jeanne d'Arc, a double white, bearing enormous panicles of flower.
Marie Legraye, very free single, pure white, compact habit.
President Grevy, double, tall spikes of pale lilac, shaded blue.
Souv. de Louis Spath, very rich reddish lilac, a grand spike, one of the best.

LIME (*Tilia*), well known trees as specimens or for training flat as screens. Standards, 5/- each. Young feathered trees, 2/6 each.

LIRODENDRON Tulipifera, (*Tulip Tree*), one of the most noble of hardy trees, large conspicuous soft green leaves, flowers yellowish-green, scented. 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.

LONICERA (*Honeysuckle*) **fragrantissima**, a shrubby variety, forming a slender bush, flowers Jan.-Feb., creamy-white with delicious Daphne-like scent. 2/6 each.

chrysantha, forms a nice bush, flowers greenish-yellow, scented. 1/6 each.

Maacki, forms a large drooping bush, 7 to 8-ft. high, flowers creamy white. 1/6 ea.

nitida, forms a compact bush like a very small-leaved deep green privet. 1/6 each.

E pileata, a shrubby species with box-like foliage, trailing habit. 2/6 each.

syringantha, small white flowers, very sweet scented. 2/6 each.

MAGNOLIA stellata, a lovely shrub, blooming Mar.-Apr. and forming a dense bush 4 to 6-ft. high, flowers star-shaped 4-in. across, waxy white, very profuse bloomer. 7/6 and 10/6 each.

* **E grandiflora**, Exmouth variety. A splendid evergreen for West wall, with very large shining leaves and enormous white flowers. Stock very limited. 10/6 each.

soulangeana, large white flowers tinted purple, a free flowering variety which makes a nice tree. 3/6 and 5/- each.

MOUNTAIN ASH (*see Pyrus aucuparia*).

E MYRTLES, charming evergreens as bushes or on walls, with fine bright green foliage, flowers white. Broad or narrow-leaved variety. Bushes 1/6 to 2/6 each. Standards 7/6 and 10/6 each.

OAK, English, well-known trees. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

— **scarlet**, a fine scarlet-leaved variety. 5/- and 7/6 each.

* **E OLEANDER** (*Nerium*), handsome late flowering plants with fine pink or white flowers, hardy in a sheltered spot in the S. West Counties, but best grown in tubs and sheltered in a cool greenhouse during Winter. 5/- and 7/6.

E OLEARIA Hastii (*Daisy Bush*), a good evergreen bearing masses of white daisy-like flowers in autumn. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E — **Gunni**, a fast growing evergreen, making a dense bush, flowering May. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E — **Macrodonita**, slate blue-green, holly-like leaves silvery underneath, flowers in summer. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

E — **stellulata**, a fast growing evergreen, making a compact bush, covered with daisy-like flowers in May-June and again in Autumn. 2/6 and 3/6

E PACHYSANDRA terminalis, a dwarf evergreen plant with glossy leaves and white fragrant flowers, most suitable for planting under trees. 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

PHILADELPHUS (*Mock Orange*), valuable and fragrant July-flowering shrubs, growing and flowering freely in almost any soil.

Bouquet Blanc, pure white double flowers in clusters. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Lemoinei (*Erectus*), flowers small but very freely produced on arching shoots, forms a neat dwarf shrub. 1/6 each.

R microphyllus, a dwarf grower with small foliage, flowers very fragrant. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Mont Blanc, a very fine white. 1/6 each.

Voie Lactae, a very large-flowered recent variety with golden stamens. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

E PICEA Kosteri, a most effective specimen tree of a deep glaucous blue. 2½ to 3-ft. 12/6 each.

E pungens glauca, commonly known as the blue Spruce, a most effective tree. About 1½ to 2-ft., 5/- each; 2½ to 3-ft., 10/6 each.

E PINUS Sylvestris (*Scotch Pine*), a well-known tree.

1½ to 2-ft., 1/3 each; 12/- doz. 2½ to 3-ft., 1/6 each; 15/- doz.

E cembra (*Swiss Stone Pine*), a very distinct and hardy fir. 3-ft., 4/- each.

E austriaca (*Austrian Pine*), a very hardy and bushy fir.

1½ to 2-ft., 1/3 each; 12/- doz. 2 to 2½-ft., 2/6 each; 27/- doz.

E insignis, a fast growing pine with bright green foliage, ideal for windy situations by the sea. 1½ to 2-ft., 2/6 each.

E **PITTOSPORUM**, a small evergreen tree, attaining a bush 4 to 5-ft., foliage most decorative. 8/- and 5/- each.

* **PLAGIATHUS Lyallii**, one of the most beautiful of garden plants, with large pure white flowers in July. Best planted against a wall as it is inclined to be tender. Scarce. 7/- and 10/- each.

* **POMEGRANATE** (*Punica Granata*) **Legrelli**, a very valuable shrub for sheltered positions, vivid scarlet flowers. June-Sept. Requires a light rich soil. 5/- and 7/- each.

POPLAR, abele (*Italian*), a well-known tree. 2/- each.
Balsamifera, the Balsam Poplar. 2/- each.
Bolleyana, a striking tree with small white foliage. Small plants only. About 3-ft., 1/- each; 80/- 100.
Lombardy, a handsome quick growing upright tree, makes a good screen. 6 to 7-ft., 1/6 each; 15/- doz. Transplanted specimens, 2/6 each.

PRIVET Ovalifolium, for hedges. 1½ to 2-ft., 25/- 100; 2 to 2½-ft., 35/- 100; 2½ to 3-ft., 50/- 100.
Golden Variety, 1 to 1½-ft., 15/- doz.; 2 to 2½-ft., 24/- doz.

PRUNUS Amygdalus (*Bitter Almond*), a well known tree with rose pink blossoms, stock limited. Standards, 10/6 each.
Avium fl. pl., a most handsome tree producing masses of double white flowers. 7/6 each.
cerasus fl. pl. The Double Flowering Cherry. A most magnificent sight when covered with masses of white flowers. 7/6 each.
Pissardi, a well known early flowering small purple-leaved tree. 3/6 to 5/- each.

PYRACANTHA Lelandi, a well-known evergreen usually seen on walls, valued for its rich orange-scarlet berries. 3/- each. Pot grown.

PYRUS malus floribunda, one of the most attractive of Spring-flowering trees, producing an abundance of beautiful pink flowers. 5/- and 7/6 each.
aucuparia (*Mountain Ash*), well known trees with handsome foliage and very ornamental fruit. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
spectabilis, a beautiful tree with large semi-double rose pink flowers. Bushes, 5/-; Standards, 7/6 each.

QUICK THORN, for hedges. 1½ to 2-ft. 16/- 100; 2 to 2½-ft. 18/- 100.

RHODODENDRON, all the best varieties can be supplied, prices and particulars on application

RHUS cotinus, a very attractive deciduous shrub, growing to 6-ft., thriving in poor soil. 1/6 each.
— **Folii atropurpureus**, a variety with rich purple foliage. 2/6 each.

RIBES (*Flowering Currant*), most useful early flowering plants for shady positions in shrubberies.
roseum, a delicate pink variety. 1/6 and 2/6.
sanguineum, flowers deep scarlet, pendulous. 1/6, 2/6 and 3/6.

ROSEMARY, a well known plant. 1/- each; 60/- 100.
R **prostrata**, a dwarf spreading variety. 1/6 each.
pyramidalis, an upright compact grower. 1/6 each.

RUBUS deliciosus, a beautiful spreading shrub, snow white flowers. 2/6 each.

SALIX (*The Willows*), following make ornamental trees as specimens or in groups.
Britzensis, a fine willow for winter effect, shoots brilliant orange scarlet. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
alba vitellina (*Golden Osier*), young stems brilliant golden yellow in winter. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

SANTOLINA incana, silvery leaves, yellow flowers. 1/- each.
rosmarinifolia, green leaves, resembling rosemary, yellow flowers. 1/- each.

E **SKIMMIA**, a splendid evergreen for shady positions, the handsome scarlet berries are very striking. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

SPARTIUM unceum (*Spanish Broom*), an invaluable shrub for Autumn flowering, golden yellow. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

SPIRAEA aborea grandiflora, a splendid new plant, producing immense spikes of white flowers, and growing to 8-ft. 2/6 each.

ariaefolia, distinct and charming, covered with feathery plumes of white flowers in July-August, leaf like Ribes, strong grower. 1/6 each.

arguta multiflora, one of the finest small shrubs, with pure white flowers in May clustered on arching shoots. 1/6 each.

bracteata, rosettes of white flowers, freely produced along the branches, very beautiful. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

callosa, Antony Waterer, the most beautiful of the dwarf section, with flat heads of rosy pink flowers. 1/6 each.

cantonensis fl. pl., a sub-evergreen of graceful drooping habit, large clusters of pure white flowers; one of the best. 1/- each.

prunifolia fl. pl., small white rosettes of flower in April, foliage rich red and gold in Autumn. 1/- and 1/6 each.

Van Houttei (*Confusa*), one of the most beautiful flowers, white in round heads set on arched branches. May. 1/- and 1/6 each.

TAMARIX aestivalis, most desirable shrubs with handsome glaucous green foliage, producing a wealth of graceful pink flowers, suitable for dry banks, seaside planting or as specimens. 1/- each; 75/- 100.

TEUCRIUM latifolium, a beautiful shrub with silvery foliage and blue flowers in May. 2/6 and 3/6.

THORNS flowering (*see Crataegus*).

THUJA Lobbi, a splendid evergreen tree, similar in appearance to the Yew, excellent for hedges. 1½ to 2-ft., 21/- doz. 2 to 2½-ft., 36/- doz.

ULMUS cornubiensis (*Cornish Elm*), one of the best elms for ornamental planting. Standards 5/- and 6/- each.

E VERONICA, valuable evergreen shrubs which thrive in almost any soil, some varieties are cut down in very severe winters but usually shoot up again from the base. Many of those offered are tiny and most fascinating dwarfs for rockery.

Andersonii, hybrids: 2/6 and 3/6 each.

— **Simon de Leaux**, a shrubby variety with deep crimson flowers, best in a sheltered position. 5/- each.

— **Veitchii**, a shrubby plant with large flowers of a deep royal purple, requires a sheltered position. 3/6 each.

R Autumn Glory, a compact shrub 12 to 18-in. high, rich deep blue flowers. July-Dec. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

R buxifolia, low growing, box-like foliage, flowers bluish white, a gem. 1/- and 1/6 ea.

R cupressoides, a distinct dwarf shrub with cypress-like foliage. 1/- and 1/6 each.

Godfreyi, flowers white, box-like evergreen foliage, branching habit. 1/6 each.

R Guthreana, very dwarf with bright blue flowers. 1/- each.

R Hectori, a curious dwarf with cord-like foliage. 1/- each.

Hulkeana, a beautiful climbing species, flowers delicate lavender, Mar.-May. Distinct from all others, rather tender and should be planted on a S.W. wall. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

R loganoides, curious heath-like foliage, white flowers. 1/- each.

salicifolia, a fine plant with bluish white flowers produced freely in September. 2/6 each.

Traversii, forms a handsome shrub, with pale lavender flowers and curious greyish box-like foliage. 1/- and 1/6 each.

VIBURNUM, handsome hardy shrubs, beautiful in flower, berry and autumn leaf colouring.

carlesii, leaves roundish, silver beneath, flowers white tinted pink, fragrant. 3/6 and 5/- each.

opulus sterile (*Gelder Rose*), a beautiful form of the wild Guelder Rose, producing white snowball-like flowers. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

plicatum (*Japanese Guelder Rose*), the finest of all, with thick dark leaves and trusses of white flowers produced in abundance, often 3 to 4-in. in diameter, a neat shrub. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Rhytidophyllum, a Chinese species with fine evergreen foliage and very large leaves, flowers yellowish white, followed by fiery red berries. 3/6 and 5/- ea.



Clematis^oHenryi.

Fig. 27.



Wistaria.

Fig. 28.

E VINCA (*Periwinkle*), a well-known trailing evergreen suitable for carpeting banks and for under trees.

major, blue flowers. 5/- doz., 35/- 100.

minor, a smaller grower, blue. 5/- doz., 35/- 100.

— alba, a white form. 5/- doz., 35/- 100.

WEIGELIA, beautiful and well known shrubs, thriving in almost any soil and situation. The trumpet-shaped flowers are borne in clusters.

Eva Rathke, flowers large, freely produced, rich wine red. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

Mont Blanc, the largest of the whites, fine foliage. 1/6 each.

Perle, enormous creamy white flowers edged pink. 1/6 each.

Praecox, flowers in a truss, rosy carmine, very early. 1/6 each.

Van Houttei, fine pink flowers freely produced. 1/6 each.

WELLINGTONIA gigantea. The giant tree of California, makes a fine specimen tree, will not succeed on chalky soils or in exposed positions. 7/6 and 10/6 each.

WILLOW (*see Salix*).

YEWS. These fine hedge plants are exceedingly scarce, and we only have a small stock to offer.

English— $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 3/- each. 30/- doz.
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 4/- " 42/- "
 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., 5/- " 54/- "
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 6/- " "
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 7/- "

Irish—2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 3/- each.

$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., 4/- "

3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 5/- "

Prices of Golden English and Irish Yews on application.

YUCCA, fine ornamental plants for tropical effects, as specimens on lawns, etc. They bloom in autumn.

filamentosa, foliage narrow, hairy, leaves 1 to 2-ft. long, flowers white.

2/6 and 3/6 each,

recurva, most ornamental and free blooming, fine broad foliage. 3/6 and 5/- ea.

CLEMATIS.

NOTES ON CULTURE.

CLEMATIS are free flowering climbers, and on account of their gorgeous flowers well repay a little special attention. They sometimes fail on account of their inability to withstand the heat of the sun on their slender stems. For this reason, they do better when the stems are shaded by other subjects, and in case of Pergolas, they should be planted on the north side of the poles. They must be firmly tied up when young or the stems are apt to bend and split in the wind. They are gross feeders and the ground should be well prepared with rotten manure and sharp sand. Special care should also be taken to prevent slugs and snails from destroying the spring growths next to the soil. An occasional watering with liquid manure during summer is very beneficial.

For convenience the Clematis are given in alphabetical order. The numbers on the left indicate the Class. The Clematis are classified as follows.—

Class II ...	Anemonitflorae Type. Spring bloomers, with medium-sized flowers, in aggregated axillary clusters on the old or ripened wood. Flowering in May.
„ III ...	Azurae Type. Large-flowered, Spring-bloomers, flowering May to June from the old or ripened wood.
„ V ...	Lanuginosae Type. Large-flowered, June and October bloomers, flowering successionaly on short lateral Summer shoots, the flowers dispersed.
„ VI ...	Viticellae Type. Large-flowered, June and October bloomers, flowering successionaly in profuse masses on Summer shoots (less continuously than Class VII).
„ VII ...	Jackmanni Type. Mostly large-flowered, July and October bloomers, flowering successionaly in profuse continuous masses on Summer shoots.
„ VIII ...	Paniculatae Type. Small flowered, July and October bloomers, flowering profusely on Summer shoots.

Clematis.

The following are the leading varieties. ALL POT GROWN, 3/- each ; 30/- doz.

Class No.

V **Alba magna**, pure white, very broad petals.
V **Blue Gem**, slate blue, broad petals.
VII **Countess de Bouchard**, fine pale satiny rose.
VI **Etoile de Rose**, large bright pink flowers, distinct.
VIII **Flammula alba**, small white flowers, very sweetly scented.
VIII — **rosea**, a rose variety of the above.
V **Henryi**, or **Madame Falbe**, large, beautiful creamy white. See Fig. 27.
Integrifolia Durandi, large slate-blue flowers with narrow petals distinct.
VII **Jackmanni**, intense violet purple.
VII — **alba**, free flowering, white.
VII — **rubra**, beautiful red, very fine.
VII — **superba**, rich purplish violet, petals stout and enduring.
VI **Lady Betty Balfour**, deep velvet purple, strong grower and free. A.M., R.H.S.
V **Lady Caroline Nevill**, violet bar on palest grey.
V **Lady Northcliffe**, large, bright slate-blue white anthers.
VI **Luxuriensis alba**, white, small flower.
V **Marcel Moser**, pale lavender, bold crimson bar.
II **Montana**, white, like wood anemone.
II — **Major**, free rambling, starry white, spring variety.
II — **Rubens**, pretty rosy pink.
VII **Mrs. Cholmondeley**, pale lavender blue.
VII **President**, metallic violet, white anthers.
VI **Sir Trevor Lawrence**, bright ruby red, free flowering.
VI **Tangutica**, small yellow flowers, a great contrast to other varieties.
VI **Ville de Lyon**, Viticella type, deep bright red.
VI **Viticella**, claret, purple veins, a very strong grower.
VI — **alba**, a white form, very free flowering.
VI — **Kermesina**, rich claret, flowers in clusters.

Other varieties in stock. List on application.

HERBS.

The following Herbs can be supplied from the open. Clumps, 6d. each ; 5/- doz., except where marked. Seed, per packet, 6d.

BALM.	MYRRHUS, 1/-	TANSY, 1/-
CHIVES.	PENNYROYAL.	THYME, Common.
HORSERADISH, 2/6 doz.	PEPPERMINT.	„ Lemon.
MACE, 9d.	SAGE.	WORMWOOD, 9d.
MARJORAM.	SAVORY.	
MINT.	SORREL.	

ARTEMESIA (*Wormwood*), many have highly scented foliage.

Abrotanum (*Southernwood*), fragrant. 9d. each. Aug. 4-ft.

Absinthinum (*Wormwood*), dingy yellow. Europe. 9d. each. Aug. 1½-ft.

dracunculoides (*Tarragon*), greenish white. 9d. each. Aug.-Sept. 4-ft.

Iactiflora white similar to a spiraea, fragrant. 9d. each. Aug. 5-ft.

ARTICHOKEs, Globe, real French strain. 10/6 doz.

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS.

All supplied in Pots.

AMPELOPSIS (*Virginian Creeper*), the old variety. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
dissecta, pretty divided foliage, elegant growth. 2/6 each.
Henryi, leaves marbled white, very elegant. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
semperflorens, a small-leaved evergreen variety. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
Veitchii, the well-known self-clinging variety with rich scarlet autumn foliage. 1/6 and 2/6 each.

ARISTOLOCHIA *siphon* (*Dutchman's Pipe*), large heart-shaped foliage. 2/6

BIGNONIA *radicans*, orange scarlet flowers, freely produced Aug.-Sept., very vigorous. 2/6 each.

CALYSTEGIA *pubescens*, double convolvulus-like flowers, pink, very pretty, dies down in Winter. 1/-
Dahurica, a rapid climber with white flowers tinted pink. 1/-

CLEMATIS, see p. 58.

HONEYSUCKLE (see *Lonicera*).

HOPS, from the open. 1/- each.

IVY (*Hedera*), *Atropurpurea*, *Africana*, *Angulata aurea*, *Acuta*, *arborea marginata*, *Caenwoodiana*, *Dentata variegata*, *Emerald Gem*, *Dentata*, *elegantissima*, *marginata*, *Gold-blotted*, *Golden Irish*, *Irish*, *Maculata minor and major*, *Marginata robusta*, *Russell's Gold*, and many others. 2/6 each pot-grown.

JASMINUM, well known and beautiful climbers for pergolas, arches, etc.
Beesianum, bright cherry red flowers of medium size, a strong grower. 2/6 each.
officinale major (*Sweet White Jasmine*), a beautiful rambling climber for walls, pergolas, etc., deliciously scented. 2/6 each.
— **golden variegated**, a varigated form. 2/6 each.

nudiflorum, the well known and beautiful winter flowering climber, producing a brilliant display of yellow flowers in Nov.-Dec., most useful for cutting. 2/6 ea.

Reevesii, a small-leaved variety with yellow flowers. 1/6 each.
revolutum, a fine evergreen plant with yellow flowers. 1/6 each.

LONICERA, **Dutch**, **Early** (*Verna*), pale creamy red, early. 2/6 each.
Dutch, Late (*Serotina*), very dark red, good grown as a bush. 2/6 each.
Flexuosa, yellow tinted pink, a sweet scented evergreen Japanese variety. 2/6.
fragrantissima (see *Shrubs*, p. 54).
Henryi, hairy evergreen leaves and orange bronze flowers. 3/6 each.
Maacki (see *Shrubs*).
Scarlet Trumpet, flowers reddish crimson. 2/6 each.

MAGNOLIA *grandiflora*, evergreen, scented. 10/6 and 15/-

PASSIFLORA *caerulea* (*Passion Flower*), beautiful blue. 3/6

POLYGONUM *Baldschuanicum*, a rapid climber and one of the finest in cultivation, seen to perfection on arches or pergolas. Bears masses of creamy white scented flowers. A.M., R.H.S. 1/6 each.
Auberti, somewhat similar to the above, flowers white, pretty cordate foliage; a most rampant climber. 1/6 each.

SOLANUM *Jasminoides*, a rapid evergreen climber, bearing clusters of starry white fragrant flowers, Aug.-Oct., very free, requires a sheltered position. 2/6 each.

TEUCRIUM *latifolium*, a beautiful shrub for a sheltered wall, silvery foliage and light blue salvia-like flowers in Spring, a fast grower. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

TROPAEOLUM *speciosum* (*Flame Flower*), a slender climber with myriads of brilliant scarlet Nasturtium-like flowers in July-October. Grows well in shrubberies where Rhododendrons succeed. 1/6 each.

VITIS *Armata Veitchii*, rich Autumn foliage. 5/-
purpurea, handsome purple foliage. 5/-
coignettiae, scarlet foliage in Autumn, very fine. 5/- each, and many others.

WISTARIA *Sinensis*, lavender blue. 3/6, 5/- and 7/6
— **Multijuga**, lilac, purple keel, very long racemes. 5/- and 7/6
— **alba**, a beautiful white variety. 5/- and 7/6 each.



List of Violets.

Prices quoted are for good Clumps suitable for boxing or potting up in the Autumn.

SINGLE GIANT VIOLETS.

		Clumps	Runners
		In April. per doz.	per doz.
Admiral Avellan	deep mulberry, blooming through winter	... ... ... ...	7/6 3/6
Askania	pansy-like flowers, violet, October	... ... ...	7/6 3/6
Constance Aphorpe,	a good white, lightly flecked blue...	... ... ...	7/6 3/6
La France	deep violet, long stalk, best in Spring	... ... ... ...	7/6 3/6
Princess of Wales ...	the best for all-round culture; it flowers freely in Autumn & Spring.		7/6 3/6
	Clumps, 50/0 per 100		
	Runners, 20/0 per 100		
Red Russian	the deepest red violet, flowering all the Winter	... ... ... ...	7/6 3/6
Semperfloreus	a Russian variety, flowering September to May	... ... ...	7/6 3/6
The Boston	a very large single	... ... ...	7/6 3/6

DOUBLE-FLOWERED VIOLETS.

Marie Louise	bright blue-grey, white at the base, double	... ... ... ...	8/- 4/6
Comte de Brazza or Swanley White	very free blooming	... ... ...	8/- 4/6
Neapolitan or de Parma	large pale slate blue flowers	... ...	8/- 4/6

LANDSCAPE & FORMAL GARDENS.

Experts can be sent to give advice on planning and laying out gardens of all descriptions. Whether a garden is to be small or large it is necessary to start properly to avoid future disappointment.

Call or write for advice.

Experts in all departments.

GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

In Pots.

Climbers.

Plumbago, blue, white and rose. 2/6
Passion Flower, blue and white. 2/6
Solanum jasminoides, white. 2/6
Tacsonia Van Volxemii, crimson 3/6

ROSES.

Marechal Niel, **Niphetus**, **William Alan Richardson**, extra strong pot plants. 7/6 to 10/6 each.

Foliage Plants.

Aspidistra. 1/6 to 7/6
Auricaria excelsa. 5/- and 7/6 each.
Dracaena, green. 2/6 and 3/6
Eucalyptus. 2/6
Palms, **Kentia**. 3/6 to 7/6
Tradescantia, variegated. 9d. to 1/6 ea.

FERNS.

Asparagus Sprengerii. 2/- and 3/6 each.
— **plumosus**. 2/6 each.
Maidenhair, 5-in. pots, 2/6 each.
Nephrolepsis, 2/- and 3/6 each.
Selaginellas. 9d. to 1/6 each.
Pteris in 2½-in. pots, 4/- doz.
In 5-in. pots, 2/- each.

Flowering Plants.

Arum Lilies, white and yellow. 2/6 ea.
Azalea Indica, **Mollis** and **Ghent**,
in variety. 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.
Begonias Gloire de Lorraine. 2/6 to 5/- ea.
Boronias, sweet scented. 3/6 and 5/- ea.
Cacti, in variety. 1/- to 5/- each.
Campanula Isophylla, for Spring
flowering. 1/6 each.
Chrysanthemums in variety.
Large. 5/- and 6/6 each.
Smaller. 3/6 each.
Cinerarias, in variety. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.
Cyclamen, in variety. 2/6 each.
Fuchsia in variety. 2½-in. pots, 6d. each.
5-in. pots, 1/6 each.
Genista Fragrans. 3/- each.
Geraniums, double scarlet. 2/6 each.
Double white. 1/6 each.
Heaths, white and pink, in Dec.
Large. 3/6 and 5/- each.
Small. 1/- each.
Pelargoniums in variety. 1/6 each.
Pointsettias, scarlet. 3/6 each.
Primula, **Malacoides**, **obconica**, **stellata**,
and **sinensis**. 1/- to 1/6 each.
Solanum Crispum and **Capsicum**.
2/6 each.

The following Catalogues will be sent post free on application :—

FRUIT TREES.

ROSES.

STRAWBERRIES.

SEEDS, SUNDRIES & MANURES.

BULBS.

BEDDING PLANTS.

List No. 151. This List cancels all previous issues.

HARDY FERNS.

In Pots.

Adiantum pedatum, the hardy Maidenhair Fern, with glistening blue-black stems, delicate soft green fronds. 1/6 each.

Athyrium plumosum, a most decorative Fern for all purposes, growing 2 to 2½-ft., fronds dense. 1/6 each.

Blechnum spicant, very effective, of easy cultivation. 9d. each.

Cystopteris fragilis (*Bladder Fern*), dwarf, neat habit, free growing, suitable for Rockery. 1/- each.

Onoclea sensibilis (*The Sensitive Fern*), pinnae drooping, of a light green colour. 1/- each.

Osmunda cinnamomea, fronds erect, slightly arched, growing 3 to 4-ft., a very fine fern. 3/6 each.

— **regalis** (*Royal Fern*), fine for water side planting. 2/6 each.

— — **cristata**, a beautiful deep green variety, fronds wide and spreading, crested. 3/6 each.

Polypodium dryopteris (*Oak Fern*), forms dense masses of lovely foliage, good for rockeries. 1/6 each.

Polystichum ang. plumosum, a vigorous grower, one of the finest. 3/6 each.

Lastraea aemula (*Hay-scented Fern*), a well known and fine British species. 1/- each.

— **cristata**, a fine crested form, very effective. 1/6 each.

— **dilitata** (*the Broad Buckler Fern*), very decorative. 9d. each.

— **Martindale**, elegantly crested, broad fronds, distinct. 2/6 each.

— **thelypteris** (*Marsh Buckler Fern*), fine for moist spots. 1/- each.

Scolopendrium vulgare marginatum (*Hart's-tongue*), a most useful fern, distinct with raised line on margin of fronds. 1/6 each.

— **ramo cristata**, fronds branching in pairs, massively crested. 1/6 each.

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF PLANTS.

CARRIAGE PAID.

ALPINE PLANTS (Pot Grown) ...	24 in variety all different	...	for	20/-
	50 in 25 varieties ...	...	for	37/6
	100 in 33 varieties ...	...	for	72/6

HERBACEOUS PLANTS ...	24 in variety all different	...	for	20/-
	50 in 25 varieties ...	...	for	35/-
	100 in 33 varieties ...	...	for	65/-

MOISTURE LOVING PLANTS ...	24 in variety	...	for	20/-
	50 in 25 varieties ...	...	for	37/6
	100 in 33 varieties ...	...	for	70/-

PLANTS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES.

Bog & Waterside Plants.

Acorus calamus. 9d. each.
Arundo (*see p. 44*).
Bamboos (*see p. 44*).
Campanula latifolia. 9d. each.
Cyperus longus. 1/- each.
Funkias (*see p. 16*).
Gentiana asclepidea. 1/6 each.
 — — *alba.* 1/6 each.
Gillenia trifoliata. 1/- each.
Glyceria, aquatic variety. 1/- each.
Gunnera (*see p. 17*).
Iris Siberica (*see p. 31*).
 — — *Kaempferi* (*see p. 31*).
Juncus zebrinus. 1/6 each.
Lastrea thelypteris (*see p. 62*).
Lysimachia (*see p. 35*).
Lythrum (*see p. 35*).
Mimulus (*see p. 35*).
Myosotis palustris. 6d. each ; 5/- doz.
Orchis foliosa. 3/6 each.
Osmunda regalis and others (*see p. 62*).
Primula japonica and others (*see p. 39*).
Saxifrage peltata (*see p. 41*).
Spiræas (*see Astilbe p. 9*).
Struthiopteris germanica. 1/6 each.
Trollius (*see p. 43*).

Crazy Paving Plants.

Acaena.
Achillea tomentosa.
Antennaria.
Arenaria.
Campanula, pusilla.
 — — *garganica.*
Cerastium tomentosum.
Dianthus deltoides and *alba*.
Erinus.
Gentiana, verna.
Gypsophila, cerastioides.
 — — *repens.*
Linaria, alpina.
Mazus, pumilio.
Mentha, Requieni.
Nierembergia rivularis.
Raoulia australis.
Samolus, repens,
Saxifraga.
Sedum.
Silene Schafta.
Thymus coccineus.
 — — *lanuginosa.*
Tunica, saxifraga.
Veronica, allionii.
 — — *Petrea.*

Plants for introduction among Shrubs and partial shade.

<i>Aconitum</i>	<i>Centaurea macrocephala</i>	<i>Helleborus</i>
<i>Agrostemma</i>	<i>Chelone</i>	<i>Iberis</i>
<i>Anemone japonica</i>	<i>Convallaria</i>	<i>Liliums</i>
<i>Bocconia cordata</i>	<i>Chrysanthemum uliginosum</i>	<i>Monarda</i>
<i>Artemesia</i>	<i>Digitalis</i>	<i>Paeonies</i>
<i>Campanula</i>	<i>Doronicum</i>	<i>Phlox</i>
— — <i>lactiflora</i>	<i>Epilobium</i>	<i>Rudbeckia</i>
— — <i>persicifolia</i>	<i>Echinops</i>	<i>Senecio</i>
— — <i>macrantha</i>	<i>Hemerocallis</i>	<i>Solidago</i>
— — <i>major</i>	<i>Helenium</i>	<i>Spiraea</i>
	<i>Helianthus</i>	<i>Trolliu</i>

ENGLISH NAMES.

For Descriptions refer to Latin Names.

Adam's Needle	<i>Yucca</i>	Leopard's Bane	<i>Doronicum</i>
Alum Plant.....	<i>Heuchera</i>	Lily of the Nile	<i>Agapanthus</i>
Arrow Head	<i>Sagittaria</i>	Lily of the Valley	<i>Convallaria</i>
Southernwood	<i>Artemesia</i>	London Pride	<i>Saxifraga umbrosa</i>
Avens.....	<i>Geum</i>	Loose Strife.....	<i>Lythrum</i>
Crocus	<i>Colchicum</i>	Lung Wort	<i>Mertensia</i>
Baneberry	<i>Cimicifuga</i>	Lyre Flower	<i>Pulmonaria</i>
Bachelor's Buttons	<i>Ranunculus</i>	Madwort	<i>Dicentra</i>
Barren Wort	<i>Epimedium</i>	Mallow	<i>Alyssum</i>
Bell Flower.....	<i>Campanula</i>	Marguerite	<i>Malva</i>
Bergamot	<i>Monarda</i>	Marsh Mallow	<i>Chrysanthemum</i>
Betony	<i>Stachys</i>	Meadow Sweet	<i>Maximum</i>
Bitter Vetch	<i>Orobus</i>	Meadow Rue	<i>Caltha</i>
Bluebell of Scotland	<i>Campanula</i> <i>Rotundifolia</i>	Mexican Tree Poppy	<i>Spiraea</i>
Bog Arum	<i>Calla</i>	Michaelmas Daisy	<i>Thalictrum</i>
Bog Bean.....	<i>Menyanthes</i>	Millefoil	<i>Romneya</i>
Broom	<i>Genista</i>	Moneywort	<i>Aster</i>
Bullrush	<i>Cytisus</i>	Monkshood	<i>Achillea</i>
Buttercup.....	<i>Typha</i>	Mullein	<i>Lysimachia</i>
Campion	<i>Ranunculus</i>	Musk	<i>Aconitum</i>
Candytuft	<i>Agrostemma</i>	Old Man	<i>Verbascum</i>
Cape Pond Weed	<i>Lychnis</i>	Ostrich Fern	<i>Mimulus</i>
Catch Fly.....	<i>Iberis</i>	Oxeye Daisy	<i>Southernwood</i>
Cat Mint	<i>Silene</i>	Pampas Grass.....	<i>Struthiopteris</i>
Cat's Tail Rush	<i>Nepeta</i>	Pentstemon	<i>Chrysanthemum</i>
Cheddar Pink.....	<i>Typha Angustifolia</i>	Perennial Flax	<i>Gynerium</i>
Chinese Lantern	<i>Dianthus Caesius</i>	Pink	<i>Chelone</i>
Christmas Rose.....	<i>Physalis</i>	Plantain Lily	<i>Phygelius</i>
Columbine	<i>Helleborus Niger</i>	Prophet Flower	<i>Linum</i>
Cornflower	<i>Aquilegia</i>	Red Hot Poker	<i>Dianthus</i>
Coneflower	<i>Centaurea</i>	Rest Harrow	<i>Funkia</i>
Creeping Jenny	<i>Rudbeckia</i>	Ribbon Grass	<i>Arnebia</i>
Crane's Bill.....	<i>Lysimachia</i>	Rock-cress	<i>Tritoma</i>
Cuckoo Flower	<i>Geranium</i>	Rock-rose	<i>Ononis</i>
Day Lily	<i>Cardamine</i>	Rocket	<i>Arundo</i>
Evening Primrose.....	<i>Hemerocallis</i>	Rue	<i>Arabis</i>
Everlasting Peas	<i>Oenothera</i>	St. Bernard's Lily	<i>Helianthemum</i>
Fair Maids of France	<i>Lathyrus</i>	St. Bruno's Lily	<i>Hesperis</i>
False Aster.....	<i>Ranunculus</i>	St. John's Wort	<i>Galega</i>
False Starwort	<i>Erigeron</i>	Sage	<i>Anthericum Lilago</i>
Feather Grass.....	<i>Boltonia</i>	Sandwort	<i>Anthericum</i>
Fennel	<i>Stipa</i>	Sea Holly	<i>Lilastrum</i>
Feverfew	<i>Ferula</i>	Sea Lavender	<i>Hypericum</i>
Fiery Creeper.....	<i>Pyrethrum</i>	Snadragon	<i>Salvia</i>
Flannel Plant	<i>Tropaeolum Speciosum</i>	Sneeze Weed	<i>Arenaria</i>
Flax	<i>Stachys Lanata</i>	Soapwort	<i>Eryngium</i>
Fleur-de-Lys	<i>Linum</i>	Solomon's Seal	<i>Statice</i>
Flowering Rush	<i>Iris</i>	Speedwell	<i>Antirrhinum</i>
Forget-me-not.....	<i>Butomus</i>	Sponge	<i>Helenium</i>
Foxglove	<i>Myosotis</i>	Strawberry Flower	<i>Saponaria</i>
Fumitory	<i>Digitalis</i>	Starworts	<i>Convallaria</i>
Garland Flower	<i>Corydalis</i>	Stonecrop	<i>Polygonatum</i>
Glacier Pink	<i>Daphne Cneorum</i>	Sunflower	<i>Veronica</i>
Globe Flower	<i>Dianthus Neglectus</i>	Thrift	<i>Euphorbia</i>
Globe Thistle	<i>Trollius</i>	Toad Flax	<i>Potentilla</i>
Goat's Beard	<i>Echinops</i>	Torch Lily	<i>Boltonia</i>
Gold Dust	<i>Spiraea Aruncus</i>	Tre Poppy	<i>Sedum</i>
Golden Rod	<i>Alyssum</i>	Wallcress	<i>Helianthus</i>
Gromwell	<i>Solidago</i>	Wallflower	<i>Armeria</i>
Harebell	<i>Lithospermum</i>	Water Plantain	<i>Linaria</i>
Helmet Flower	<i>Campanula</i>	Water Soldier	<i>Tritoma</i>
Housleek	<i>Rotundifolia</i>	Welsh Poppy	<i>Romneya</i>
King Cup	<i>Tropaeolum</i>	Willow Herb	<i>Aubrieia</i>
Knapweed	<i>Sempervivum</i>	Windflower	<i>Cheiranthus</i>
Knotweed	<i>Caltha</i>	Winter Cherry	<i>Alisma</i>
Lady's Slippers	<i>Centaurea</i>	" Sorrel	<i>Stratiotes</i>
Larkspur	<i>Polygonum</i>	Woodruff	<i>Mecanopsis</i>
Lavender Cotton	<i>Cypripedium</i>	Woundwort	<i>Epilobium</i>
Lenten-rose	<i>Delphinium</i>		<i>Auenone</i>
	<i>Santalina</i>		<i>Physalis</i>
	<i>Helleborus Viridis</i>		<i>Oxalis</i>
			<i>Asperula</i>
			<i>Stachys</i>

Garden Designs

DEsigning the best setting for a house is an Art. If the design is badly conceived the appearance of the whole suffers.

When setting out a garden, it is necessary to picture in the "minds eye" the finished appearance, when plants and trees are mature. This is difficult—but not for the Landscape Gardener, for it is his work, and this is where we can help. Imagine a house built without a plan—a garden so constructed is almost as certain to be a failure.

Whether the garden be small or large do not let it "occur," start with some plan, map out the broad features—lawns, paths, shrubberies and the like, fill in the details later as purse and circumstances permit.

These remarks apply to renovation and improvement of old gardens, where the experience of our Landscape department will ensure a pleasing setting for a New House. Write to us—we give advice free by post or advice on the ground at moderate charges, and Estimates free.

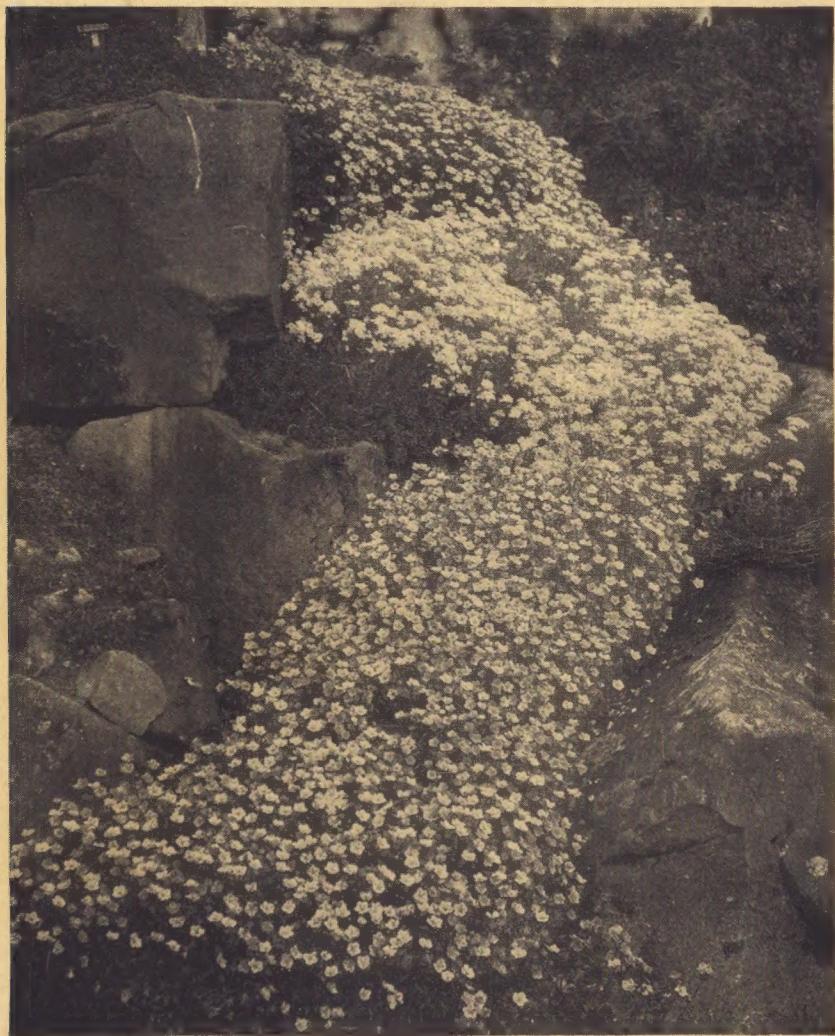
We have experts in all branches of Horticulture.

DEPARTMENTS.

Fruit Trees and Roses
Herbaceous, Rock and
Water Plants

Seeds and Sundries
Manures, Spraying
Machinery & Fluids

TREES, SHRUBS, LILIES AND PHLOX,
HARDY HERBACEOUS AND ALPINES,
GLADIOLUS, CLIMBING PLANTS, Etc.



ALYSSUM and SAXIFRAGE

George Bunyard & Co., Ltd.
The Royal Nurseries :: MAIDSTONE

European Nursery Catalogues

A virtual collection project by:

Deutsche Gartenbaubibliothek e.V.

Paper version of this catalogue hold by:

Deutsche Gartenbaubibliothek e.V.

Digital version sponsored by:

Bernd Wittstock

COMMERCIAL USE FORBIDDEN
Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International
(CC BY-NC 4.0)